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Customer Number: 000959

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JC600 U.S. PTO 04/20/00

DIVISIONAL-CONTINUATION APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL FORM UNDER RULE 1.53(b) (former Rule 1.60)

DOCKET NUMBER	ANTICIPATED CLASSIFICATION OF THIS APPLICATION:		PRIOR APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER: 09/205,817	PRIOR APPLICATION FILING DATE: DECEMBER 4, 1998
TTI-180DV	CLASS: 435	SUBCLASS: 320.1	EXAMINER: H. SCHNIZER	ART UNIT: 1653

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
BOX PATENT APPLICATION
WASHINGTON, DC 20231

JC600 U.S. PTO 09/553368 04/20/00

CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.10

Date of Deposit: April 20, 2000 Mailing Label Number: EL 263 575 845 US

I hereby certify that this 37 CFR 1.53(b) request and the documents referred to as attached therein are being deposited with the United States Postal Service on the date indicated above in an envelope as "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 and addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box Patent Application, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Nelson F. Barros — Name of Person Mailing Paper

Nelson Barros — Signature of Person Mailing Paper

Dear Sir:

This is a request for filing a ☐ continuation ☒ divisional application under 37 CFR 1.53(b), of pending prior application serial no. 09/205,817 filed on December 4, 1998, of Charles R. Ill and Scott Bidlingmaier, entitled NOVEL VECTORS AND GENES EXHIBITING INCREASED EXPRESSION which claims priority to provisional application serial no. 60/071,596, filed January 16, 1998, and also claims priority to provisional application serial no. 60/067,614, filed on December 5, 1997; which claims priority to PCT application serial no. PCT/US98/25354, filed November 25, 1998.

1. ☒ Enclosed is a copy of the latest inventor signed application, including the oath or declaration as originally filed. The copy of the enclosed papers is as follows:

   - ☒ 41 pages of specification
   - ☒ 5 pages of claims
   - ☒ 1 page of abstract
   - ☒ 41 sheets of drawing (Figures 1-25)
   - ☒ 2 pages of Preliminary Amendment
   - ☒ 1 page of *copy* of Transmittal Letter for Diskette of Sequence Listing
   - ☒ 44 pages of Sequence Listing *(pages 1-44)*
   - ☒ 1 pages of *copy* of Notice to Comply with Sequence Requirements
   - ☒ 44 pages of substitute Sequence Listing *(pages 1-44)*
   - ☒ 12 pages of *copy* of executed declaration, petition and power of attorney.

   I hereby verify that the attached papers are a true copy of the prior complete application serial no. 09/205,817 as originally filed on December 4, 1998.

2. ☒ A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 1.27, a copy of which is enclosed, was filed in the prior application and such status is still proper and desired (37 CFR 1.28(a)).

3. ☒ The filing fee is calculated below:

	NUMBER OF CLAIMS FILED			NUMBER EXTRA
TOTAL	* 17	MINUS	** 20	= 0
INDEP.	* 2	MINUS	*** 3	= 0
☐ MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS				

SMALL ENTITY			OTHER THAN A SMALL ENTITY	
RATE	FEE	OR	RATE	FEE
x 9 =	$0.00		x 18 =	$.00
x 39 =	$0.00		x 78 =	$.00
+130 =	$ 00		+ 260 =	$.00
BASIC FEE	$345.00		BASIC FEE	$.00
TOTAL	$345 00	OR	TOTAL	$0.00

4. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required in connection with this communication, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 12-0080. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

5. ☒ A check in the amount of **$345.00** is enclosed for payment of the filing fee.

6. ☒ Cancel in this application original claims 1-39 of the prior application before calculating the filing fee. (At least one original independent claim must be retained for filing purposes.)

7. ☒ A preliminary amendment is enclosed. (Claims added by this amendment have been properly numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered original claims in the prior application.)

8. ☒ Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentences: "This application is a divisional application of serial no. 09/205,817, filed on December 4, 1998, which claims priority to provisional application serial no. 60/071,596, filed January 16, 1998, and also claims priority to provisional application serial no. 60/067,614, filed on December 5, 1997; which claims priority to PCT application serial no. PCT/US98/25354, filed November 25, 1998. The contents of all of the aforementioned application(s) are hereby incorporated by reference."

9. ☐ Please abandon said prior application as of the filing date accorded this application. A duplicate copy of this transmittal is enclosed for filing in the prior application file. (May be used if signed by person authorized by §1.138 and before payment of base issue fee.)

10. ☐

11. ☐ Priority of application serial no. _____ filed on _____ in _____ is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §119.
    - ☐ The certified copy has been filed in prior application serial no. _____ filed on _____.
    - ☐ The certified copy will follow.

12. ☒ The prior application is assigned of record to The Immune Response Corporation.

13. ☐ A _____ month extension of time has been submitted in the parent application Serial No. in order to establish copendency with the present application.

14. ☒ Also enclosed are: Transmittal Letter for Diskette of Sequence Listing; and Diskette Containing Sequence Listing.

15. ☒ The power of attorney in the prior application is to Lahive & Cockfield, LLP.

    a. ☒ The power appears in the original papers in the prior application.

    b. ☐ Since the power does not appear in the original papers, a copy of the power in the prior application is enclosed.

    c. ☐ A new power has been executed and is attached.

16. ☒ Address all future communications (May only be completed by applicant, or attorney or agent of record) to Jane E. Remillard at **Customer Number: 000959** whose address is:

Lahive & Cockfield, LLP
28 State Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02109

17. ☒ Any requests for extensions of time necessary in a parent application for establishing copendency between this application and a parent application are hereby requested and the Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee associated with such an extension to Deposit Account No. 12-0080.

18. ☒ Pursuant to 37 CFR 1.821(e), the computer readable form of the sequence listing for this new application is to be identical with the computer readable form of application serial no. 09/205,817. Please use the computer readable form of application serial no. 09/205/817 in lieu of filing a duplicate computer readable form in this application. Pursuant to 37 CFR 1.821(f), the content of the paper copy of the sequence listing for this new application and the computer readable form of application serial no. 09/205,817 are the same.

Date: **April 20, 2000**

LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, LLP
28 State Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02109
Tel. (617) 227-7400

Jane E. Remillard
Registration No. 38,872
☐ inventor(s) ☐ filed under §1.34(a)
☐ assignee of complete interest
☒ attorney or agent of record

Applicant or Patentee: Charles R. ... et al. Attorney's
Serial or Patent No.: 09/205,817 Docket No.: TTI-180
Filed or Issued: December 4, 1998
Title: NOVEL VECTORS AND GENES EXHIBITING INCREASED EXPRESSION

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
(37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(c)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

COPY

I hereby declare that I am

☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:

☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN The Immune Response Corporation
ADDRESS OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN 5935 Darwin Court
Carlsbad, CA 92008

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.12, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention described in:

☐ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.

☒ the application identified above.

☐ the patent identified above.

If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights in the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

*NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

NAME
ADDRESS
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

NAME
ADDRESS
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statement were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING Dennis J. Carlo

TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER President and CEO

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING The Immune Response Corporation, 5935 Darwin Court, Carlsbad, CA 92008

SIGNATURE Dennis J. Carlo DATE 2/5/99

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the application of: Charles R. Ill and Scott Bidlingmaier

Serial No.: Not Yet Assigned

Filed: Herewith

For: *Novel Vectors and Genes Exhibiting Increased Expression*

Attorney Docket No.: TTI-180DV

Group Art Unit: Not Yet Assigned

Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.10

Date of Deposit: April 20, 2000 Mailing Label Number: EL 263 575 845 US

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Nelson F. Barros
Name of Person Mailing Paper

Nelson Barros
Signature of Person Mailing Paper

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Dear Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-identified application, please amend the specification as follows:

In the specification:

Please replace the original Sequence Listing (pages 1-44) with the enclosed substitute Sequence Listing (substitute pages 1-44). No renumbering of the Sequence Listing is required as the page numbers have not changed.

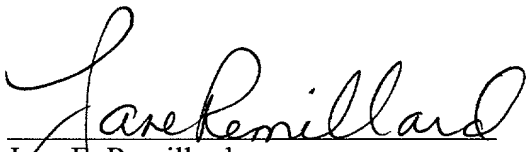
REMARKS

Applicants submit herewith substitute pages 1-44 which contain a corrected Sequence Listing for the above-referenced application, in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.821. This corrected Sequence Listing was also filed in the parent application, U.S. Serial No. 09/205,817, in a response to a Notice to Comply with Requirements for Patent Applications Containing Nucleotide Sequence and/or Amino Acid Sequence Disclosures dated June 7, 1999 (copy enclosed).

In addition, Applicants submit herewith a computer-readable form (diskette) of the corrected Sequence Listing which is identical in substance to the corrected paper Sequence Listing (pages 1-44) submitted herewith.

No new matter has been added to the application. Accordingly, as the above amendments do not affect the issue of patentability, it is respectfully requested that they be entered.

Respectfully submitted,



Jane E. Remillard
Registration No. 38,872
Attorney for Applicants

LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, LLP
28 State Street
Boston, MA 02109
Tel. (617) 227-7400

Dated: **April 20, 2000**

NOVEL VECTORS AND GENES EXHIBITING INCREASED EXPRESSION

Related Applications

This application claims priority to U.S. Serial No. 60/071,596, filed on January 16, 1998, and to U.S. Serial No.60/067,614, filed on December 5, 1997, the entire contents both of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Background of the Invention

Recombinant DNA technology is currently the most valuable tool known for producing highly pure therapeutic proteins both *in vitro* and *in vivo* to treat clinical diseases. Accordingly, a vast number of genes encoding therapeutic proteins have been identified and cloned to date, providing valuable sources of protein. The value of these genes is, however, often limited by low expression levels.

This problem has traditionally been addressed using regulatory elements, such as optimal promoters and enhancers, which increase transcription/expression levels of genes. Additional techniques, particularly those which do not rely on foreign sequences (e.g., viral or other foreign regulatory elements) for increasing transcription efficiency of cloned genes, resulting in higher expression, would be of great value.

Accordingly, the present invention provides novel methods for increasing gene expression, and novel genes which exhibit such increased expression.

Gene expression begins with the process of transcription. Factors present in the cell nucleus bind to and transcribe DNA into RNA. This RNA (known as pre-mRNA) is then processed via splicing to remove non-coding regions, referred to as introns, prior to being exported out of the cell nucleus into the cytoplasm (where they are translated into protein). Thus, once spliced, pre-mRNA becomes mRNA which is free of introns and contains only coding sequences (i.e., exons) within its translated region.

Splicing of vertebrate pre-mRNAs occurs via a two step process involving splice site selection and subsequent excision of introns. Splice site selection is governed by definition of exons (Berget et al. (1995) *J. Biol. Chem.* 270(6):2411-2414), and begins with recognition by splicing factors, such as small nuclear ribonucleoproteins (snRNPs), of consensus sequences located at the 3' end of an intron (Green et al. (1986) *Annu. Rev. Genet.* 20:671-708). These sequences include a 3' splice acceptor site, and associated branch and pyrimidine sequences located closely upstream of 3' splice acceptor site (Langford et al. (1983) *Cell* 33:519-527). Once bound to the 3' splice acceptor site, splicing factors search downstream through the neighboring exon for a 5' splice donor site. For internal introns, if a 5' splice donor site is found within about 50 to 300 nucleotides downstream of the 3' splice acceptor site, then the 5' splice donor site will generally be selected to define the exon (Robberson et al. (1990) *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 10(1):84-94), beginning the process of spliceosome assembly.

Accordingly, splicing factors which bind to 3' splice acceptor and 5' splice donor sites communicate across exons to define these exons as the original units of spliceosome assembly, preceding excision of introns. Typically, stable exon complexes will only form and internal introns thereafter be defined if the exon is flanked by both a 3' splice acceptor site and 5' splice donor site, positioned in the correct orientation and within 50 to 300 nucleotides of one another.

It has also been shown that the searching mechanism defining exons is not a strict 5' to 3' (i.e., downstream) scan, but instead operates to find the "best fit" to consensus sequence (Robberson et al., *supra.* at page 92). For example, if a near-consensus 5' splice donor site is located between about 50 to 300 nucleotides downstream of a 3' splice acceptor site, it may still be selected to define an exon, even if it is not consensus. This may explain the variety of different splicing patterns (referred to as "alternative splicing") which is observed for many genes.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides novel DNAs which exhibit increased expression of a protein of interest. The novel DNAs also can be characterized by increased levels of cytoplasmic mRNA accumulation following transcription within a cell, and by novel splicing patterns. The present invention also provides expression vectors which provide high tissue-specific expression of DNAs, and compositions for delivering such vectors to cells. The invention further provides methods of increasing gene expression and/or modifying the transcription pattern of a gene. The invention still further provides methods of producing a protein by recombinant expression of a novel DNA of the invention.

In one embodiment, a novel DNA of the invention comprises an isolated DNA (e.g., gene clone or cDNA) containing one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites (3' splice acceptor or 5' splice donor) which have been corrected. Such consensus or near consensus splice sites can be corrected by, for example, mutation (e.g., substitution) of at least one consensus nucleotide with a different, preferably non-consensus, nucleotide. These consensus nucleotides can be located within a consensus or near consensus splice site, or within an associated branch sequence (e.g., located upstream of a 3' splice acceptor site). Preferred consensus nucleotides for correction include invariant (i.e., conserved) nucleotides, including one or both of the invariant bases (AG) present in a 3' splice acceptor site; one or both of the invariant bases (GT) present in a 5' splice donor site; or the invariant A present in the branch sequence of a 3' splice acceptor site.

If the consensus or near consensus splice site is located within the coding region of a gene, then the correction is preferably achieved by conservative mutation. In a particularly preferred embodiment, all possible conservative mutations are made within a given consensus or near consensus splice site, so that the consensus or near consensus splice site is as far from

consensus as possible (i.e., has the least homology to consensus as is possible) without changing the coding sequence of the consensus or near consensus splice site.

In another embodiment, a novel DNA of the invention comprises at least one non-naturally occurring intron, either within a coding sequence or within a 5' and/or 3' non-coding sequence of the DNA. Novel DNAs comprising one or more non-naturally occurring introns may further comprise one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites which have been corrected as previously summarized.

In a particular embodiment of the invention, the present invention provides a novel gene encoding a human Factor VIII protein. This novel gene comprises one or more non-naturally occurring introns which serve to increase transcription of the gene, or to alter splicing of the gene. The gene may alternatively or additionally comprise one or more consensus splice sites or near consensus splice sites which have been corrected, also to increase transcription of the gene, or to alter splicing of the gene. In one embodiment, the Factor VIII gene comprises the coding region of the full-length human Factor VIII gene, except that the coding region has been modified to contain an intron spanning, overlapping or within the region of the gene encoding the β-domain. This novel gene is therefore expressed as a β-domain deleted human Factor VIII protein, since all or a portion of the β-domain coding sequence (defined by an intron) is spliced out during transcription.

A particular novel human Factor VIII gene of the invention comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1. Another particular novel human Factor VIII gene of the invention comprises the coding region of the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:3 (nucleotides 1006-8237). Particular novel expression vectors of the invention comprise the complete nucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS: 2, 3 and 4. These vectors include novel 5' untranslated regulatory regions designed to provide high liver-specific expression of human Factor VIII protein.

In still other embodiments, the invention provides a method of increasing expression of a DNA sequence (e.g., a gene, such as a human Factor VIII gene), and a method of increasing the amount of mRNA which accumulates in the cytoplasm following transcription of a DNA sequence. In addition, the invention provides a method of altering the transcription pattern (e.g., splicing) of a DNA sequence. The methods of the present invention each involve correcting one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within the nucleotide sequence of a DNA, and/or adding one or more non-naturally occurring introns into the nucleotide sequence of a DNA.

In a particular embodiment, the invention provides a method of simultaneously increasing expression of a gene encoding human Factor VIII protein, while also altering the gene's splicing pattern. The method involves inserting into the coding region of the gene an intron which spans, overlaps or is contained within the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain. The method may additionally or alternatively comprise correcting within either the

coding sequence or the 5' or 3' untranslated regions of the novel Factor VIII gene, one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a method of producing a human Factor VIII protein, such as a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein, by introducing an expression vector containing a novel human Factor VIII gene of the invention into a host cell capable of expressing the vector, under conditions appropriate for expression, and allowing for expression of the vector to occur.

Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 shows the nucleotide sequence of an RNA intron. The GU of the 5' splice donor site, the AG of the 3' splice acceptor site, and the A of the Branch are invariant bases (100% conserved and essential for recognition as splice sites). U is T in a DNA intron. The Branch sequence is located upstream from the 3' splice acceptor site at a distance sufficient to allow for lariat formation during spliceosome assembly (typically within 30-60 nucleotides). N is any nucleotide. Splicing will occur 5' of the GT base pair within the 5' splice donor site, and 3' of the AG base pair.

Figure 2 shows the conservative correction of a near consensus 3' splice acceptor site. The correction is made by silently mutating the A of the invariant (conserved) AG base pair to C, G, or T which does not affect the coding sequence of the intron because Ser is encoded by three alternate codons.

Figure 3 is a map of the coding region of a β-domain deleted human Factor VIII cDNA, showing the positions of the 99 silent point mutations which were made within the coding region (contained in plasmid pDJC) to conservatively correct all near consensus splice sites. Numbering of nucleotides begins with the ATG start coding of the coding sequence. Arrows above the map show positions mutated within near consensus 5' splice donor sites. Arrows below the map show positions mutated within near consensus 3' splice acceptor sites. Each "B" shown on the map shows a position mutated within a consensus branch sequence.

Figure 4A-4C shows the silent nucleotide substitution made at each of the 99 positions maked by arrows in Figure 3, as well as the codon containing the substitution and the amino acid encoded.

Figure 5A-5O is a comparison of the coding sequence of (a) plasmid pDJC (top) containing the coding region of the human β-domain deleted Factor VIII cDNA modified by making 99 conservative point mutations to correct all near consensus splice sites within the

coding region, and (b) plasmid p25D (bottom) containing the same coding sequence prior to making the 99 point mutations. Point mutations (substitions) are indicated by a "v" between the two aligned sequences and correspond to the positions within the pDJC coding sequence shown in Figure 3. Plasmid p25D contains the same coding region as does plasmid pCY-2 shown in Figure 7 and referred to throughout the text.

Figure 6 shows a map of plasmid pDJC including restriction sites used for cloning, regulatory elements within the 5' untranslated region, and the corrected human β-domain deleted Factor VIII cDNA coding sequence.

Figure 7 shows a map of plasmid pCY-2 including restriction sites used for cloning, regulatory elements within the 5' untranslated region, and the uncorrected (i.e., naturally-occurring) human β-domain deleted Factor VIII cDNA coding sequence. pCY-2 and pDJC are identical except for their coding sequences.

Figure 8 is a map of the human β-domain deleted Factor VIII cDNA coding region showing the five sections of the cDNA (delineated by restriction sites) which can be synthesized (using overlapping 60-mer oligonucleotides) to contain corrected near consensus splice sites, and then and assembled together to produce a new, corrected coding region.

Figure 9 is a schematic illustration of the cloning procedure used to insert an engineered intron into the coding region of the human Factor VIII cDNA, spanning a majority of the region of the cDNA encoding the β-domain. PCR fragments were generated containing nucleotide sequences necessary to create consensus 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites when cloned into selected positions flanking the β-domain coding sequence. The fragments were then cloned into plasmid pBluescript and sequenced. Once sequences had been confirmed, the fragments creating the 5' splice donor (SD) site were cloned into plasmid pCY-601 and pCY-6 (containing the full-length human Factor VIII cDNA coding region) immediatedly upstream of the β-domain coding sequence, and fragments creating the 3' splice acceptor (SA) site were cloned into pCY-601 and pCY-6 immediately downstream of the β-domain coding sequence. The resulting plasmids are referred to as pLZ-601 and pLZ-6, respectively.

Figure 10 is a map of the full-length human Factor VIII gene, showing the A1, A2, B, A3, C1 and C2 domains. Following expression of the gene, the β domain is naturally cleaved out of the protein. The map shows the 5' and 3' splice sites inserted within the B region of the gene (in plasmid pLZ-6) so that, during pre-mRNA processing of the gene, the majority

of the B region will be spliced out. Segments A2 and A3 of the gene will then be juxtaposed, coding for amino acids SFSQNPPV at the juncture.

Figure 11 shows the nucleotide sequences of the exon/intron boundaries (SEQ ID NO:5) flanking the β-domain coding region in plasmid pLZ-6 (containing the full-length human Factor VIII cDNA). The 5' splice donor site was added so that splicing would occur 5' of the "g" shown at position 2290. The 3' splice acceptor site was added so that splicing would occur 3' of the "g" shown at position 5147. Following splicing of the intron created by these splice sites, amino acids Gln-744 and Asn-1639 of the full-length human Factor VIII protein are brought together, resulting in a deletion of amino acids 745 to 1638 (numbering is in reference to Ala-1 of the mature human Factor VIII protein following cleavage of the 19 amino acid signal peptide). Capital letters represent nucleotide bases which remain within exons of the mRNA. Small case letters represent nucleotide bases which are spliced out of the mRNA as part of the intron.

Figure 12 is a map of the coding region of the full-length human Factor VIII gene showing (a) ATG (start) and TGA (stop) codons, (b) restriction sites within the coding region, (c) 5' splice donor (SD) and 3' splice acceptor (SA) sites of a rabbit β-globin intron positioned upstream of the coding region within the 5' untranslated region, (d) 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites added within the coding region defining an internal intron spanning the β-domain.

Figure 13 is a schematic illustration comparing the process of transcription, expression and post-translational modification for human Factor VIII produced from (a) a full-length human Factor VIII gene, (b) a β-domain deleted human Factor VIII gene, and (c) a full-length human Factor VIII gene containing an intron spanning the β-domain coding region.

Figure 14 is a graphic comparison of human Factor VIII expression for (a) pCY-6 (containing the coding region of the full-length human Factor VIII cDNA, as well as a 5' untranslated region derived from the second IVS of rabbit beta globin gene), (b) pCY-601 (containing the coding region of the full-length human Factor VIII cDNA, without the rabbit beta globin IVS), (c) pLZ-6 (containing the coding region of a full-length human Factor VIII cDNA with an intron spanning the β-domain, as well as the rabbit beta globin IVS), and (d) pLZ-601 (containing the coding region of a full-length human Factor VIII cDNA with an intron spanning the majority of the β-domain, without the rabbit beta globin IVS). Expression is given in nanograms. Transfection efficiencies were normalized to expression

of human growth hormone (hGH). Each bar represents a summary of four separate transfection experiments.

Figure 15 shows areas within the human Factor VIII transcription unit for sequence optimization.

Figure 16 shows the optimized intron-split leader sequence within vectors pCY-2, pCY-6, PLZ-6 and pCY2-SRE5, as well as the secondary structure of the leader sequence (SEQ ID NO:11) predicted by the computer program RNAdraw™.

Figure 17 is a schematic illustration showing two different RNA export pathways. The majority of mRNA's in higher eukaryotes contain intronic sequences which are removed within the nucleus (splicing pathway), follwed by export of the mRNA into the cytoplasm. Mammalian intronless genes, hepadnaviruses (e.g., HBV), and many retroviruses access a nonsplicing pathway which is facilitated by cellular RNA export proteins (facilitated pathway).

Figure 18 is a graph showing the effect of a 5' intron and 3' post-transcriptional regulatory element (PRE) on human Factor VIII expression levels in HuH-7 cells. Plasmid pCY-2 contains a 5' intron but no PRE. Plasmid pCY-201 is identical to pCY-2, except that it lacks the 5' intron. Plasmid pCY-401 and pCY-402 are identical to pCY-201, except that they contain one and two copies of the PRE, respectively. The levels of secreted active Factor VIII was measured from supernatants collected 48 hours (first bar of each group) or 72 hours (second bar of each group) after transfection by Coatest VIII: c/4 kit from Kabi Inc. The transfection efficiency of each plasmid was normalized by analysis of human growth hormone secreted levels.

Figure 19 is a graph comparing human Factor VIII expression *in vivo* in mice for plasmids containing various regulatory elements upstream of either the β-domain deleted or full-length human Factor VIII gene. Plasmid pCY-2 has a 5' untranslated region containing the liver-specific thyroxin binding globulin (TBG) promoter, two copies of the liver-specific alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin (ABP) enhancer; and a modified rabbit β-globin IVS, all upstream of the human β-domain deleted Factor VIII gene. Plasmid pCY2-SE5 is identical to pCY-2 except that the TBG promoter was replaced by the endothelium-specific human endothelin-1 (ET-1) gene promoter, and the ABP enhancers (both copies) were replaced by one copy of the human c-fos gene (SRE) enhancer. Plasmid pCY-6 is identical to pCY-2, except that the human β-domain deleted Factor VIII gene was replaced by the full-length human Factor VIII gene. Plasmid pLZ-6 is identical to pCY-6, except that the full-length

human Factor VIII gene contained an intron spanning the β-domain. Plasmid pLZ-6A is identical to pLZ-6, except that it contains one corrected near consensus 3' splice acceptor site (A to C at base 3084 of pCY-6 (SEQ ID NO:3). Each bar represents an average of five mice.

Figure 20 shows the nucleotide sequence of the human alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin (ABP) enhancer. Clustered liver-specific elements are underlined and labeled HNF-1, HNF-3 and HNF-4.

Figure 21 shows the nucleotide sequence of the human thyroxin binding globulin (TBG) promoter, also containing clustered liver-specific enhancer elements.

Figure 22 shows the nucleotide sequence and secondary structure of an optimized leader sequence.

Figure 23 is a comparison of the nucleotide sequences of the rabbit β-globin IVS before (top line) and after (bottom line) optimization to contain consensus 5' splice donor, 3' splice acceptor, branch, and translation initiation sites. Five nucleotides were also changed from purines to pyrimidines to optimize the pyrimidine track.

Figure 24 contains a list of various endothelium-specific promoters and enhancers, and characteristics associated with these promoters and enhancers.

Figure 25 is a graph comparing expression of plasmid pCY-2 and p25D *in vivo* in mice. Both plasmids contain the same coding sequence (for human β-domain deleted Factor VIII). Plasmid pCY-2 has an optimized 5' UTR containing two copies of the ABP enhancer, one copy of the TBG promoter and a leader sequence split by an optimized 5' rabbit β-globin intron. Plasmid p25D has a 5' UTR containing one copy of the CMV enhancer, one copy of the CMV promoter, and a leader sequence containing a short (130 bp) chimeric human IgE intron. Each bar represents an average of 5 mice.

Detailed Description of the Invention

DEFINITIONS

The present invention is described herein using the following terms which shall be understood to have the following meanings:

An "isolated DNA" means a DNA molecule removed from its natural sequence context (i.e., from its natural genome). The isolated DNA can be any DNA which is capable of being transcribed in a cell, including for example, a cloned gene (genomic or cDNA clone)

encoding a protein of interest, operably linked to a promoter. Alternatively, the isolated DNA can encode an antisense RNA.

A "5' consensus splice site" means a nucleotide sequence comprising the following bases: MAGGTRAGT, wherein M is (C or A), wherein R is (A or G) and wherein GT is essential for recognition as a 5' splice site (hereafter referred to as the "essential GT pair" or the "invariant GT pair").

A "3' consensus splice site" means a nucleotide sequence comprising the following bases (Y>8)NYAGG, wherein Y>8 is a pyrimidine track containing at least eight (most commonly twelve to fifteen or more) tandem pyrimidines (i.e., C or T (U if RNA)), wherein N comprises any nucleotide, wherein Y is a is a pyrimidine, and wherein the AG is essential for recognition as a 3' splice site (hereafter referred to as the "essential AG pair" or the "invariant AG pair"). A "3' consensus splice site" is also preceded upstream (at a sufficient distance to allow for lariat formation, typically at least about 40 bases) by a "branch sequence" comprising the following seven nucleotide bases: YNYTRAY, wherein Y is a pyrimidine (C or T), N is any nucleotide, R is a purine (A or G), and A is essential for recognition as a branch sequence (hereafter referred to as "the essential A" or the "invariant A"). When all seven branch nucleotides are located consecutively in a row, the branch sequence is a "consensus branch sequence."

A "near consensus splice site" means a nucleotide sequence which:

(a) comprises the essential 3' AT pair, and is at least about 50% homologous, more preferably at least about 60-70% homologous, and most preferably greater than 70% homologous to a 3' consensus splice site, when aligned with the consensus splice site for purposes of comparison; or

(b) comprises the essential 5' GT pair, and is at least about 50% homologous, more preferably at least about 60-70% homologous, and most preferably greater than 70% homologous to a 5' consensus splice site, when aligned with the consensus splice site for purposes of comparison.

Homology refers to sequence similarity between two nucleic acids. Homology can be determined by comparing a position in each sequence which may be aligned for purposes of comparison. When a position in the compared sequence is occupied by the same nucleotide base, then the molecules are homologous at that position. A degree of homology between sequences is a function of the number of matching or homologous positions shared by the sequences.

As will be described in more detail below, additional criteria for selecting "near consensus splice sites" can be used, adding to the definition provided above. For example, if a near consensus splice site shares homology with a 5' consensus splice site in only 5 out of 9 bases (i.e., about 55% homology), then these bases can be required to be located consecutively in a row. It can additionally or alternatively be required that a 3' near

consensus splice site be preceded by a consensus branch sequence (i.e., no mismatches allowed), or followed downstream by a consensus or near consensus 5' splice donor site, to make the selection more stringent.

The term "corrected" as used herein refers to a near consensus splice site mutated by substitution of at least one nucleotide shared with a consensus splice site, hereafter referred to as a "consensus nucleotide". The consensus nucleotide within the near consensus splice site is substituted with a different, preferably non-consensus nucleotide. This makes the near consensus splice site "farther from consensus."

If the near consensus splice site is within a coding region of a gene, then the correction is preferably a conservative mutation. A "conservative mutation" means a base mutation which does not affect the amino acid sequence coded for, also known as a "silent mutation." Accordingly, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, correction of a near consensus splice site located within the coding region of a gene includes making all possible conservative mutations to consensus nucleotides within the site, so that the near consensus splice site is as far from consensus as possible without changing the amino acid sequence it encodes.

A "Factor VIII gene" as used herein means a gene (e.g., a cloned genomic gene or a cDNA) encoding a functional human Factor VIII protein from any species (e.g., human or mouse). A Factor VIII gene which is "full-length" comprises the complete coding sequence of the human Factor VIII gene found in nature, including the region encoding the β-domain. A Factor VIII gene which "encodes a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein" or "a β-domain deleted Factor VIII gene" lacks all or a portion of the region of the full-length gene encoding the β-domain and, therefore, is transcribed and expressed as a "truncated" or "β-domain deleted" Factor VIII protein. A gene which "is expressed as a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein" includes not only a gene which encodes a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein, but also a novel Factor VIII gene provided by the present invention which comprises the coding region of a full-length Factor VIII gene, except that it additionally contains an intron spanning the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain. The term "spans" means that the intron overlaps, encompasses, or is encompassed by the portion of the gene encoding the β domain. The portion of the gene spanned by the intron is then spliced out of the gene during transcription, so that the resulting mRNA is expressed as a truncated or β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein.

A "truncated" or "β-domain deleted" Factor VIII protein includes any active Factor VIII protein (human or otherwise) which contains a deletion of all or a portion of the β-domain..

A "non-naturally occurring intron" means an intron (defined by a 5' splice donor site and a 3' splice acceptor site) which has been engineered into a gene, and which is not present in the natural DNA or pre-mRNA nucleotide sequences of the gene.

An "expression vector" means any DNA vector (e.g., a plasmid vector) containing the necessary genetic elements for expression of a novel gene of the present invention. These elements, including a suitable promoter and preferably also a suitable enhancer, are "operably linked" to the gene, meaning that they are located at a position within the vector which enables them to have a functional effect on transcription of the gene.

IDENTIFICATION OF CONSENSUS AND NEAR CONSENSUS SPLICE SITES

A consensus or near consensus splice site can be identified within a DNA, or its corresponding RNA transcript, by evaluating the nucleotide sequence of the DNA for the presence of a sequence which is identical or highly homologous to either a 3' consensus splice acceptor site or a 5' consensus splice donor site (Figure 1). Such consensus and near consensus sites can be located within any portion of a given DNA (e.g., a gene), including the coding region of the DNA and any 3' and 5' untranslated regions.

To identify 3' consensus and near consensus splice acceptor sites, a DNA (or corresponding RNA) sequence is analyzed for the presence of one or more nucleotide sequences which includes an AG base pair, and which is either identical to or at least about 50% homologous, more preferably at least about 60-70% sequence homologous, to the sequence: **(T/C)≥8 N(C/T)AGG**. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleotide sequence is also followed upstream, typically by about 40 bases, by a nucleotide sequence which is identical to or highly homologous (e.g., at least about 50%-95% homologous) to a branch consensus sequence comprising the following bases: **(C/T)N(C/T)T(A/G)A(C/T)**, wherein N is any nucleotide, and A is invariant (i.e., essential). By way of example, in studies described herein, consensus and near consensus 3' splice sites were selected for correction within a gene encoding Factor VIII using the following criteria: the consensus or near consensus site (a) contained an AG pair, and (b) contained no more than three mismatches to a 3' consensus site.

To identify 5' consensus and near consensus splice donor sites, a DNA (or corresponding RNA) sequence can be analyzed for the presence of one or more nucleotide sequences which contains a GT base pair, and which is either identical to or at least about 50% homologous, more preferably at least about 60-70% homologous, to the sequence: **(A/C)AGGT(A/G)AGT**. By way of example, in studies described herein, consensus and near consensus 5' splice sites were selected for correction within a gene encoding Factor VIII using the following criteria: the consensus or near consensus site (a) contained a GT pair, and (b) contained no more than four mismatches to a 5' consensus site, provided that if it contained four mismatches, they were located consecutively in a row.

Evaluation of DNA or RNA sequences for the presence of one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites can be performed in any suitable manner. For example, nucleotide sequences can be manually analyzed. Alternatively, a computer algorithm can be

employed to search nucleotide sequences for specified base patterns (e.g., the MacVector™ program). The latter approach is preferred for large DNAs or RNAs, particularly because it allows for easy implementation of multiple search parameters.

CORRECTION OF CONSENSUS AND NEAR CONSENSUS SPLICE SITES

In one embodiment of the invention, splice and branch sequences which are consensus, or near consensus, are corrected by substitution of one or more consensus nucleotides within the site. The consensus nucleotide within the site is preferably substituted with a non-consensus nucleotide. For example, if the nucleotide being substituted is a C (i.e., a pyrimidine) and the consensus sequence contains either C or T, then the nucleotide is preferably substituted by an A or G (i.e., a purine), thereby making the consensus or near consensus splice site "farther from consensus."

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, consensus and near consensus sites which are located within a coding region of a gene are corrected by conservative substitution of one or more nucleotides so that the correction does not affect the amino acid sequence coded for. Such conservative or "silent" mutation of codons to preserve coding sequences is well known in the art. Accordingly, the skilled artisan will be able to select appropriate base substitutions to retain the coding sequence of any codon which forms all or part of a consensus or near consensus splice site. For example, as shown in Figure 2, if a 3' near consensus splice site contains a TCA codon encoding serine, and the A is a consensus nucleotide (e.g., part of the essential AG pair, then this nucleotide can be substituted with a C, G, or a T to correct the 3' near consensus splice site (e.g., making it no longer near consensus because it does not contain the essential AG pair required for a 3' near consensus splice site), without affecting the coding sequence of the codon.

Accordingly, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, correction of consensus or near consensus splice sites which are specifically located within the coding region of a gene is achieved by substitution of one or both bases of an essential AG or GT pair within the consensus or near consensus splice site, with a base which does not alter the coding sequence of the site. Correction of consensus or near consensus branch sequences is similarly achieved by substitution of the essential A within the consensus or near consensus branch site, with a base which does not alter the coding sequence of the site. By correcting any of these essential bases, the splice or branch site will no longer be consensus or near consensus.

In another preferred embodiment, correction of consensus or near consensus splice sites which are specifically located within the coding region of a gene is achieved by making all possible conservative mutations to consensus nucleotides within the site, so that the consensus or near consensus splice site is as far from consensus as possible but encodes the same amino acid sequence.

Other preferred corrections of the invention include corrections of 3' consensus and near consensus splice sites which are followed downstream (e.g., by approximately 50-350 nucleotides) by a consensus or near consensus 5' splice donor site. Other preferred corrections of the invention include corrections of 5' consensus and near consensus splice sites which are preceded upstream (e.g., by about 50-350 nucleotides) by a consensus or near consensus 3' splice acceptor site.

For consensus or near consensus splice sites which are located outside the coding region of a gene, for example, in a 3' or 5' untranslated region (UTR), alternative approaches to correction can also be employed. For instance, because preservation of the coding sequence is not a consideration, the near consensus splice site can be corrected not only by any base substitution, but also by addition or deletion of one or more bases within the consensus or near consensus splice site, making the site farther from consensus.

Techniques for making nucleotide base substitutions, additions and deletions as described above are well known in the art. For example, standard point mutation may be employed to substitute one or more bases within a near consensus splice site with a different (e.g., non-consensus) base. Alternatively, as described in detail in the examples below, entire genes or portions thereof can be reconstructed (e.g., resynthesized using PCR), to correct multiple consensus and near consensus splice sites within a particular region of a gene. This approach is particularly advantageous if a gene contains a high concentration of consensus and/or near consensus splice sites within a given region.

In a specific embodiment, the invention features a novel Factor VIII gene containing one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites which have been corrected by substitution of one or more consensus nucleotides within the site. As part of the present invention, the coding region of a gene (cDNA) encoding human β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein (nucleotides 1006-5379 of SEQ ID NO:2) was evaluated as described herein and found to contain 23 near consensus 5' splice (donor) sequences, 22 near consensus 3' splice (acceptor) sequences, and 18 consensus branch sequences (shown in Figure 3). A new coding sequence (SEQ ID NO:1) was then developed for this gene to correct all 3' and 5' near consensus splice sites by conservative mutation. In total, 99 point mutations were made to the coding region. The location of each of these point mutations is shown in Figure 3. The specific base substitution made in each of these point mutations is shown in Figure 4(A-C).

A comparison of this new coding sequence (SEQ ID NO:1) and the original uncorrected sequence (nucleotides 1006-5379 of SEQ ID NO:2), also showing the positions and specific substitutions made in each of the ninety-nine point mutations, is shown in Figure 5(A-O). A plasmid vector, referred to as pDJC, containing the new (i.e., corrected) Factor VIII gene coding sequence, including restriction sites used to synthesize the gene and regulatory elements used to express the gene, is shown in Figure 6. A plasmid vector,

referred to as pCY2, containing the original, uncorrected Factor VIII gene, including restriction sites and regulatory elements used to express the gene, is shown in Figure 7.

As described in further detail in the examples below, all 99 consensus base corrections within the coding region of pDJC can be made by synthesizing overlapping oligonucleotides (based on the sequence of pCY2 shown in SEQ ID NO:2) which contain the desired corrections. A schematic illustration of this process is shown in Figures 8. In total, 185 overlapping 60-mer oligonucleotides can be synthesized, and assembled in five segments using the method of Stemmer et al. (1995) *Gene* 164: 49-53. Prior to assembly, each segment can be sequenced and tested in *in vitro* transfection assays (e.g., nuclear and cytoplasmic RNA analysis) in pCY2.

As an alternative to the "correct all" approach described above, selective correction of consensus and near consensus splice sites can also be employed. This involves selecting only (a) consensus sites, and near consensus splice sites which are close to consensus, and/or (b) consensus sites and near consensus sites which are located at positions which render these sites more likely to function as a splice donor or acceptor site. To select only nucleotide sequences which are complete consensus or which are close to consensus, evaluation of a given nucleotide sequence is limited to analyzing the nucleotide sequence for sequences which are identical to or are highly homologous (e.g., greater than 70-80% homologous) to a 3' or 5' consensus splice site. To select only nucleotide sequences which are located at positions which render these sites more likely to function as a splice donor or acceptor site, the location of each 3' consensus or near consensus splice site must be evaluated with respect to the position of any neighboring 5' consensus or near consensus splice sites. If a 3' consensus or near consensus splice site is located approximately 50-350 bases upstream from a 5' consensus or near consensus splice site, then these 3' and 5' splice sites are likely to function as a splice acceptor and donor sites. Therefore, these sites are preferably, and selectively, removed.

By way of example, particular consensus and/or near consensus 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites, as shown in Figure 3, can be selected within the coding region of the cDNA encoding human β-domain deleted Factor VIII (nucleotides 1006-5379 of SEQ ID NO:2) for preferred correction, based on their relative locations (i.e., 3' splice acceptor site located approximately 50-350 bases upstream from 5' near consensus splice site). Such preferred selective corrections can include, for instance, the near consensus 3' splice acceptor site spanning nucleotide base 1851 of the coding region (see Figure 3) and any of the near consensus 5' splice donor sites located within 50-350 bases downstream of this near consensus 3' splice acceptor site, such as those spanning positions 1956, 1959, 2115, 2178 and 2184.

Splice site correction as provided herein can be applied to any gene known in the art. For example, the complete nucleotide sequence of other (e.g., full-length and β-domain

deleted) Factor VIII genes (both genomic clones and cDNAs) are described in US Patent No. 4,757,006, US Patent No. 5,618,789, US Patent No. 5,683,905, and US Patent No. 4,868,112, the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein. The nucleotide sequences of these genes can be analyzed for consensus and near consensus splice sites, and thereafter corrected, using the guidelines and procedures provided herein.

In addition, other genes, particularly large genes containing several introns and exons, are also suitable candidates for splice site correction. Such genes, include, for example, the gene encoding Factor IX, or the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene described in US Patent No. 5,240,846, or nucleic acids encoding CFTR monomers, as described in US Patent No. 5,639,661. The disclosures of both of these patents are accordingly incorporated by reference herein.

ADDITION OF INTRONS

In another embodiment, a novel gene of the invention includes one or more non-naturally occurring introns which have been added to the gene to increase expression of the gene, or to alter the splicing pattern of the gene. The present invention provides the first known instance of gene engineering which involved adding a non-naturally-occurring intron within the coding sequence of a gene, particularly without affecting the activity of the protein encoded by the gene. The benefit of intron addition in this context is at least two-fold. First, as shown in Figure 14 in the context of the human Factor VIII gene, addition of one or more introns into a gene increases the expression of the gene compared to the same gene without the intron. Second, the intron, when placed within the coding sequence of the gene, can be used to beneficially alter the splicing pattern of the gene (e.g., so that a particular protein of interest is expressed), and/or to increase cytoplasmic accumulation of mRNA transcribed from the gene.

Novel genes of the present invention may also contain introns outside of the coding region of the gene. For example, introns may be added to the 3' or 5' non-coding regions of the gene (utranslated regions (UTRs)). In a preferred embodiment of the invention, an intron is added upstream of the gene in the 5' UTR, as shown in pDJC (Figure 6) and pCY2 (Figure 7). Such introns may include newly engineered introns or pre-existing introns. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the intron is derived from the rabbit β-globin intron (IVS).

In a particular embodiment, the invention provides a novel human Factor VIII gene which includes within its coding region one or more introns. If the gene comprises the coding region of a full-length human Factor VIII gene, then at least one of these introns preferably spans (i.e., overlaps, encompasses or is encompassed by) the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain. This portion of the gene is then spliced out during transcription of the gene, so that the gene is expressed as a β-domain deleted protein (i.e., a Factor VIII protein lacking all or a portion of the β-domain).

A β-domain deleted human Factor VIII protein possesses known advantages over a full-length human Factor VIII protein (also known as human Factor VIII:C), including reduced immunogenicity (Toole et al. (1986) *PNAS* 83: 5939-5942). Moreover, it is well known that the β-domain is not needed for activity of the Factor VIII protein. Thus, a novel Factor VIII gene of the invention provides the dual benefit of (1) increased and (2) preferred protein expression.

Addition of one or more introns into a gene can be achieved by adding a 5' splice donor site and a 3' splice acceptor site (Figure 1) into the nucleotide sequence of the gene at a desired location. If the intron is being added to remove a portion of the coding sequence from the gene, then a 5' splice donor site is placed at the 5' end of the portion being removed (i.e., defined by the intron) and a 3' splice acceptor site is placed at the 3' end of the portion to be removed. Preferably, the 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sequences are consensus, including the branch sequence located upstream of the 3' splice site, so that they will be favored (and more likely bound) by cellular splicing machinery over any surrounding near consensus splice sites.

As shown in Figure 1, splicing will occur 5' of the essential GT base pair within the 5' splice donor site, and 3' of the essential AG base pair within the 3' splice acceptor site. Thus, for introns added to coding sequences of genes, the intron is preferably designed to that, upon splicing, the coding sequence is unaffected. This can be done by designing and adding 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites which include only conservative (i.e., silent) changes to the nucleotide sequence of the gene, so that addition of these splice sites does not alter the coding sequence.

For example, as part of the present invention, an intron was engineered into the coding sequence of a full-length cDNA encoding human Factor VIII (1006-8061 of SEQ ID NO:4). The intron spanned the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain (nucleotides 2290-5147 of SEQ ID NO:4, encoding amino acid residues 745-1638). As described in the examples below, this intron was created by adding a 5' splice donor site (100% consensus) so that splicing would occur immediately 5' of the coding sequence of the β-domain. A 3' splice acceptor site was also added so that splicing would occur immediately 3' of the coding sequence of the β-domain. Figure 11 shows the nucleotide sequences (SEQ ID NO:5) of the precise boundaries of the resulting intron that was added.

The nucleotide sequence for the 5' splice donor site of the added intron was derived from the pre-existing splice donor sequence found at the 5' end of IVS (Intron) 13 of genomic Factor VIII. This intron precedes exon 14, the exon which contains the sequence coding for the β-domain. The inserted sequence also contained the first nine bases of IVS 13 following the splice donor sequence.

The sequence for the 3' splice acceptor site was derived from the pre-existing splice acceptor sequence found at the 3' end of IVS 14 of genomic Factor VIII. This intron follows

exon 14, the β-domain-containing exon. The inserted 3' splice acceptor site also contained 130 bases upstream of the splice acceptor in IVS 14. This upstream region contains at least two near-consensus branch sequences.

Thus, both the 3' and 5' engineered splice sites were designed to take advantage of pre-existing nucleotide sequences within the β-domain region of the human Factor VIII gene.

The 5' splice donor, 3' splice acceptor, and branch sequences of the added intron were further modified so that they were 100% consensus (i.e., congruent to their respective consensus splicing sequences). Modifications (e.g., base substitutions) were chosen so as to not alter the coding sequence of bases located upstream of the 5' splice site and downstream of the 3' splice site (i.e., flanking the boundaries of the intron). A map showing the various domains of the full-length Factor VIII gene, along with the 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites inserted into the gene, is shown in Figure 10. The complete nucleotide sequences of the intron boundaries (i.e., 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor) are shown in Figure 11 (SEQ ID NO:5). A map showing the location of the location of the 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites with respect to various restriction sites (used to clone in the sites) is shown in Figure 12. As shown schematically in Figure 13, the resulting novel Factor VIII gene, in contrast to a full-length Factor VIII gene or a gene encoding β-domain deleted Factor VIII, is transcribed as a pre-mRNA which contains the region encoding the β-domain, but is then spliced to remove the majority of this region, so that the resulting mRNA is expressed as a β-domain deleted protein. A complete expression plasmid (pLZ-6) containing the coding sequence of this novel Factor VIII gene, as well as an engineered 5' untranslated region containing regulatory elements designed to provide high, liver-specific expression, comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:3. Bases 1006-8237 of pLZ-6 (SEQ ID NO:3) correspond to the coding region of the novel Factor VIII gene.

Accordingly, in a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a novel Factor VIII gene comprising a non-naturally occurring intron spanning all or a portion of the β-domain region of the gene. In one embodiment, the gene comprises the coding region of the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:3. The gene may also contain further modifications, such as additional introns, or one or more corrected consensus or near consensus splice sites as described herein. In particular, the gene may further comprise one or more introns upstream of the coding sequence of the gene, within the 5' UTR. As shown in Figures 6 and 7, a preferred intron for insertion within this region is the rabbit β-globin intron (IVS). In addition, consensus and near consensus splice site corrections can be made to the gene, such as those shown in Figures 3 and 4(A-C).

OPTIMIZATION OF 5' AND 3' UNTRANSLATED REGIONS FOR HIGH TISSUE-SPECIFIC GENE EXPRESSION

Novel DNAs of the invention are preferably in a form suitable for transcription and/or expression by a cell. Generally, the DNA is contained in an appropriate vector (e.g., an expression vector), such as a plasmid, and is operably linked to appropriate genetic regulatory elements which are functional in the cell. Such regulatory sequences include, for example, enhancer and promoter sequences which drive transcription of the gene. The gene may also include appropriate signal and polyadenylation sequences which provide for trafficking of the encoded protein to intracellular destinations or export of the mRNA. The signal sequence may be a natural sequence of the protein or an exogenous sequence.

Suitable DNA vectors are known in the art and include, for example, DNA plasmids and transposable genetic elements containing the aforementioned genetic regulatory and processing sequences. Particular expression vectors which can be used in the invention include, but are not limited to, pUC vectors (e.g., pUC19) (University of California, San Francisco) pBR322, and pcDNA1 (InVitrogen, Inc.). An expression plasmid, pMT2LA8, encoding a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein is described, for example, by Pitman et al. (1993) *Blood* 81(11):2925-2935). Entire coding sequences for these plasmid vectors are also provided herein (SEQ ID NOS: 4 and 2, respectively).

Suitable regulatory sequences required for gene transcription, translation, processing and secretion are art-recognized, and are selected to direct expression of the desired protein in an appropriate cell. Accordingly, the term "regulatory sequence", as used herein, includes any genetic element present 5' (upstream) or 3' (downstream) of the translated region of a gene and which control or affect expression of the gene, such as enhancer and promoter sequences (e.g., viral promoters, such as SV40 and CMV promoters). Such regulatory sequences are discussed, for example, in Goeddel, Gene expression Technology: Methods in Enzymology, page 185, Academic Press, San Diego, CA (1990), and can be selected by those of ordinary skill in the art for use in the present invention.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the 5' and/or 3' untranslated regions (UTRs) of a gene construct (e.g., a novel DNA of the invention) are optimized to provide high, tissue-specific expression. Such optimization can include, for example, selection of optimal tissue-specific promoters and enhancers, multerimization of genetic elements, insertion of one or more introns within or outside of the coding sequence, correction of near-consensus 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites within or outside of the coding sequence, optimization of transcription initiation and termination sites, insertion of RNA export elements, and addition of polyadenylation trimer cassettes to insulate transription. In preferred embodiments of the invention, a combination of the aforementioned elements and sequence modifications are selected and engineered into the gene construct to provide optimized expression.

For many applications of human gene therapy, it is desirable to express proteins in the liver, which has the highest rate of protein synthesis per gram of tissue. For example, effective gene therapy for human Factor VIII requires sufficient levels and duration of protein expression in hepatocytes where Factor VIII is naturally produced, and/or in endothelial cells (ECs) where von Willebrand factor is produced, a protein which stabilizes the secretion of Factor VIII. Thus, in one embodiment, the invention provides a gene construct (e.g., expression vector) optimized to produce high levels and duration of liver-specific protein expression. In a particular embodiment, the invention provides a human Factor VIII gene construct, optimized to produce high levels and duration of liver-specific or endothelium-specific protein expression. This is achieved, for example, by selecting optimal liver-specific and endothelium-specific promoters and enhancers, and by combining these tissue-specific elements with other genetic elements and modifications to increase gene transcription.

Accordingly, for high levels and duration of gene expression in the liver, suitable promoters include, for example, promoters known to contain liver-specific elements. In one embodiment, the invention employs the thyroid binding globulin (TBG) promoter described by Hayashi et al. (1993) *Molec. Endocrinol.* 7:1049-1060. As shown in Figure 21, the TBG promoter contains hepatic nuclear factor (HNF) enhancer elements and provides the additional advantage of having a precisely mapped transcriptional start site. This allows insertion of a leader sequence, preferably optimized as described herein, between the promoter and the transcriptional start site. Figure 21 also shows the complete nucleotide sequence of the TBG promoter (SEQ ID NO:10).

For high levels and duration of gene expression in endothelium, suitable endothelium-specific promoters include, for example, the human endothelin-1 (ET-1) gene promoter described by Lee et al. (1990) *J. Biol. Chem.* 265(18), the fms-like tyrosine kinase promoter (Flt-1) described by Morishita et al. (1995) *J. Biol. Chem.* 270(46), the Tie-2 promoter described by Korhonen et al. (1995) *Blood* 86(5):1828-1835, and the nitric oxide synthase promoter described by Zhang et al. (1995) *J. Biol. Chem.* 270(25)) (*see* Figure 24).

Promoters selected for use in the invention are preferably paired with a suitable ubiquitous or tissue-specific enhancer designed to augment transcription levels. For example, in one embodiment, a liver-specific promoter, such as the TBG promoter, is used in conjunction with a liver-specific enhancer. In a preferred embodiment, the invention employs one or more copies of the liver-specific alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin (ABP) enhancer described by Rouet et al. (1992) *J. Biol. Chem.* 267:20765-20773, in combination with the TBG promoter. As shown in Figure 20, the ABP enhancer contains a cluster of HNF enhancer elements common to many liver-specific genes within a short nucleotide sequence, making it suitable to multerimize. When multerimized, the ABP enhancer generally exhibits increased activity and functions in either orientation within a gene construct.

Thus, in one embodiment, the invention provides an expression vector or DNA construct comprising one or more copies of a liver-specific or endothelium-specific promoter and a liver-specific or endothelium-specific enhancer, the promoter and enhancer being derived from different genes, such as thyroid binding globulin gene and the alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin gene.

Alternatively, strong ubiquitous (i.e., non-tissue specific) enhancers can be used in conjunction with tissue-specific promoters, such as the TBG promoter or the ET-1 promoter, to achieve high levels and duration of tissue-specific expression. Such ubiquitous enhancers include, for example, the human c-fos (SRE) gene enhancer described by Treisman et al. (1986) *Cell* 46 which, when used in combination with liver-specific promoters (e.g., TBG) or endothelium-specific promoters (e.g., ET-1), provide high levels of tissue-specific expression, as demonstrated in studies described herein.

Accordingly, in a particular embodiment, the invention provides a gene construct which is optimized for specific expression in liver cells by inserting within its 5' untranslated region one or more copies of the ABP enhancer (preferably two copies) coupled upstream with the TBG promoter, as shown in Figure 15. Specific gene constructs, such as pCY2 and pDJC, containing these elements inserted upstream of the coding region for human Factor VIII (β-domain deleted and full-length with intron spanning the β-domain), are shown in Figures 6 and 7, respectively. In another particular embodiment, the gene construct is optimized for specific expression in endothelial cells by inserting within its 5' region one or more copies of the c-fos SRE enhancer, or an endothelial-specific enhancer (e.g., the human tissue factor (hTF/m) enhancer described by Parry et al. (1995) *Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol.* 15:612-621) coupled upstream with the ET-1 promoter.

In addition to selecting optimal promoters and enhancers, optimization of a gene construct can include the use of other genetic elements within the transcriptional unit of the gene to increase and/or prolong expression. In one embodiment, one or more introns (e.g., non-naturally occurring introns) are inserted into the 5' or 3' untranslated region (UTR) of the gene. Introns from a broad variety of known genes (e.g., mammalian genes) can be used for this purpose. In one embodiment, the invention employs the first intron (IVS) from the rabbit β-globin gene comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 23 (SEQ ID NO:6).

In cases where the intron does not contain consensus 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites, or a consensus branch and pyrimidine track sequence, the intron is preferably optimized (modified) to render these sites completely consensus. This can be achieved, for example, by substituting one or more nucleotides within the 5' or 3' splice site, as previously described herein to render the site consensus. For example, when using the rabbit β-globin intron, the nucleotide sequence can be modified as shown in Figure 16 to render the 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites, and the pyrimidine track, entirely consensus. This can facilitate efficient transcription and export of the gene message out of the cell nucleus,

thereby increasing expression. Exemplary nucleotide substitutions within the rabbit β-globin IVS which can be made to achieve this result are shown in Figure 23 which shows a comparison of the sequence for the unmodified (wild-type) rabbit β-globin intron (SEQ ID NO:6) and the same sequence modified to render the 5' splice donor and 3' splice acceptor sites, and the pyrimidine track, entirely consensus (SEQ ID NO:7).

When engineering one or more introns into the 5' UTR of a gene construct, the intron can be inserted into the leader sequence of the gene, as shown in Figures 15, 16 and 22. Accordingly, the intron can be inserted within the leader sequence, downstream from the promoter and enhancer elements. This can be done in conjunction with one or more additional modifications to the leader sequence, all of which serve to increase transcription, stability and export of mRNAs. Such additional modifications include, for example, optimizing the translation initiation site (Kozak et al. (1986) *Cell* 44:283) and/or the secondary structure of the leader sequence (Kozak et al. (1994) *Molec. Biol.* 235:95).

Accordingly, in a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a gene construct which contains within its transcriptional unit, one or a combination of the foregoing genetic elements and sequence modifications designed to provide high levels and duration of gene expression, optionally in a tissue-specific manner. In a particular embodiment, the construct contains a gene encoding human Factor VIII (e.g., β-domain deleted or full-length), having a 5' untranslated region which is optimized to provide significant levels and duration of liver-specific or endothelium-specific expression.

Particularly preferred gene constructs of the invention include, for example, those comprising the nucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NO:2 and SEQ ID NO:4, referred to herein respectively as pCY-2 and pLZ-6. These constructs contain the coding sequences for human β-domain deleted Factor VIII (pCY-2) and full-length human Factor VIII (containing an intron spanning the β-domain) (pLZ-6) downstream from an optimized 5' UTR designed to provide high levels and duration of human Factor VIII expression in liver cells. Other preferred gene constructs comprise the identical 5' UTR of pCY-2 and pLZ-6, in conjunction with coding sequences for other proteins desired to be expressed in the liver (e.g., other blood coagulation factors, such as human Factor IX).

As shown in Figures 7, 15 and 16, plasmids pCY-2 and pLZ-6 contain 5' UTRs comprising a novel combination of regulatory elements and sequence modifications shown herein to provide high levels and duration of human Factor VIII expression, both *in vitro* and *in vivo*, in liver cells. Specifically, each construct comprises within its 5' UTR sequentially from 5' to 3' (a) two copies of the ABP enhancer (SEQ ID NO:9), (b) one copy of the TBG promoter (SEQ ID NO:10), and (c) an optimized 71 nucleotide leader sequence (SEQ ID NO: 11) split by intron 1 of the rabbit β-globin gene. The intron is optimized to contain consensus splice acceptor, donor and pyrimidine track sites.

The leader sequence within the 5' UTR of pCY-2 and pLZ-6 also contains an optimized translation initiation site (SEQ ID NO: 8). Specifically, the human Factor VIII gene contains a cytosine at the +4 position, following the AUG start codon. This base was changed to a guanine, resulting in an amino acid change within the signal sequence of the protein from a glutamine to a glutamic acid. The leader sequence was further designed to have no RNA secondary structure, as predetermined by an RNA-folding algorithm (Figure 16) (Kozak et al. (1994) *J. Mol. Biol.* 235:95).

In addition to optimization of the 5' UTR of a gene construct, the 3' UTR can also be engineered to include one or more genetic elements or sequence modifications which increase and/or prolong expression of the gene. For example, the 3' UTR can be modified to provide optimal RNA processing, export and mRNA stability. In one embodiment of the invention, this is done by increasing translational termination efficiency. In mammalian RNA's, translational termination is generally optimal if the base following the stop codon is a purine (McCaughan et al. (1995) *PNAS* 92:5431). In the case of the human Factor VIII gene, the UGA stop codon is followed by a guanine and is thus already optimal. However, in other gene constructs of the invention which do not naturally contain an optimized translational termination sequence, the termination sequence can be optimized using, for example, site directed mutagenesis, to substitute the base following the stop codon for a purine.

In particular gene constructs of the invention which contain the human Factor VIII gene, the 3' UTR can further be modified to remove one or more of the three pentamer sequences AUUUA present in the 3' UTR of the gene. This can increase the stability of the message. Alternatively, the 3' UTR of the human Factor VIII gene, or any gene having a short-lived messenger RNA, can be switched with the 3' UTR of a gene associated with a message having a longer lifespan.

Additional modifications for optimizing gene constructs of the invention include insertion of one or more poly A trimer cassettes for optimal polyadenylation and 3' end formation. These can be inserted within the 5' UTR or the 3' UTR of the gene. In a preferred embodiment, the gene construct is flanked on either side by a poly A trimer cassette, as shown in Figure 15. These cassettes can inhibit transcription originating outside of the desired promoter in the transcriptional unit, ensuring that transcription of the gene occurs only in the tissue where the promoter is active (Maxwell et al. (1989) *Biotechniques* 1989 3:276). Additionally, because the poly A trimer cassette functions in both orientations, i.e., on each DNA strand, it can be utilized at the 3' end of the gene for transcriptional termination and polyadenylation, as well as to inhibit bottom strand transcription and production of antisense RNA.

In further embodiments of the invention, gene optimization includes the addition of viral elements for accessing non-splicing RNA export pathways. The majority of mRNAs in higher eukaryotes contain intronic sequences which are removed within the nucleus, followed

by export of the mRNA into the cytoplasm. This is referred to as the splicing pathway. However, as shown in Figure 17, mammalian intronless genes, hepadnaviruses (e.g., HBV), and many retroviruses access a nonsplicing pathway which is facilitated by cellular RNA export proteins and/or specific sequences within. This is referred to as the facilitated pathway.

In a particular embodiment, the gene construct is modified to include one or more copies of the post-transcriptional regulatory element (PRE) from hepatitis B virus. This 587 base pair element and its function to facilitate export of mRNAs from the nucleus, is described in U.S. Patent No. 5,744,326. Generally, the PRE element is placed within the 3' UTR of the gene, and can be inserted as two or more copies to further increase expression, as shown in Figure 18 (plasmid pCY-401 verses plasmid pCY-402).

Gene constructs (e.g., expression vectors) of the invention can still further include sequence elements which impart both an autonomous replication activity (i.e., so that when the cell replicates, the plasmid replicates as well) and nuclear retention as an episome. Generally, these sequence elements are included outside of the transcriptional unit of the gene construct. Suitable sequences include those functional in mammalian cells, such as the oriP sequence and EBNA-1 gene from the Epstein-Barr virus (Yates et al. (1985) *Nature* 313:812). Other suitable sequences include the *E. coli* origen of replication, as shown in Figures 6 and 7.

Gene constructs of the invention, such as pDJC, pCY-2, pCY-6, pLZ-6 and pCY2-SE5, have been described above, but are not intended to be limiting. Other novel constructs can be made in accordance with the guidelines provided herein, and are intended to be included within the scope of the present invention.

INCREASED CYTOPLASMIC RNA ACCUMULATION AND EXPRESSION

Novel DNAs (e.g., genes) of the present invention are modified to increase expression, for example, by facilitate cytoplasmic accumulation of mRNA transcribed from the DNA and by optimizing the 5' and 3' untranslated regions of the DNA. Accordingly, cytoplasmic mRNA accumulation and/or expression of the DNA is increased relative to the same DNA in unmodified form.

To evaluate (e.g., quantify) levels of nuclear or cytoplasmic mRNA accumulation obtained following transcription of novel DNAs and vectors of the invention, a variety of art recognized techniques can be employed, such as those described in Sambrook et al. "Molecular Cloning," 2d ed., and in the examples below. Such techniques include, for instance, Northern blot analysis, using total nuclear or cytoplasmic RNA. This assay can, optionally, be normalized using mRNA transcribed from a control gene, such as a gene encoding glyceraldehyde phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH). Levels of nuclear and cytoplasmic RNA accumulation can then be compared for novel DNAs of the invention to determine whether an increase has occurred following correction of one or more consensus or

near consensus splice sites, and/or by addition of one or more non-naturally occurring introns into the DNA.

Novel DNAs of the invention can also be assayed for altered splicing patterns using similar techniques. For example, as described in the examples below, to determine whether a non-naturally occurring intron has been successfully incorporated into a DNA so that it is correctly spliced during mRNA processing, cytoplasmic mRNA can be assayed by Northern blot analysis, reverse transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR), or RNase protection assays. Such assays are used to determine the size of the mRNA produced from the novel DNA containing the non-naturally occurring intron. The size of the mRNA can then be compared to the size of the DNA with and without the intron to determine whether splicing has been achieved, and whether the splicing pattern corresponds to that expected based on the size of the added intron.

Alternatively, protein expressed from cytoplasmic RNA can be assayed by SDS-PAGE analysis and sequenced to confirm that correct splicing has been achieved.

To measure expression levels, novel DNAs of the invention can also be tested in a variety of art-recognized expression assays. Suitable expression assays, as illustrated in the examples provided below, include quantitative ELISA (Zatloukal et al. (1994) *PNAS* 91: 5148-5152), radioimmunoassay (RIA), and enzyme activity assays. When expression of Factor VIII protein is being measured, in particular, Factor VIII activity assays such as the KabiCoATest, (Kabi Inc., Sweden) can be employed to quantify expression.

GENE DELIVERY TO CELLS

Following insertion into an appropriate vector, novel DNAs of the invention can be delivered to cells either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. For example, the DNA can be transfected into cells *in vitro* using standard transfection techniques, such as calcium phosphate precipitation (O'Mahoney et al. (1994) *DNA & Cell Biol.* 13(12): 1227-1232). Alternatively, the gene can be delivered to cells *in vivo* by, for example, intravenous or intramuscular injection.

In one embodiment of the invention, the gene is targeted for delivery to a specific cell by linking the plasmid to a carrier molecule containing a ligand which binds to a component on the surface of a cell, thereby forming a polynucleotide-carrier complex. The carrier can further comprise a nucleic acid binding agent which noncovalently mediates linkage of the DNA to the ligand of the carrier molecule.

The carrier molecule of the polynucleotide-carrier complex performs at least two functions: (1) it binds the polynucleotide (e.g., the plasmid) in a manner which is sufficiently stable (either in *vivo, ex vivo,* or *in vitro*) to prevent significant uncoupling of the polynucleotide extracellularly prior to internalization by a target cell, and (2) it binds to a component on the surface of a target cell so that the polynucleotide-carrier complex is internalized by the cell. Generally, the carrier is made up of a cell-specific ligand and a

cationic moiety which, for example are conjugated. The cell-specific ligand binds to a cell surface component, such as a protein, polypeptide, carbohydrate, lipid or combination thereof. It typically binds to a cell surface receptor. The cationic moiety binds, e.g., electrostatically, to the polynucleotide.

The ligand of the carrier molecule can be any natural or synthetic ligand which binds a cell surface receptor. The ligand can be a protein, polypeptide, glycoprotein, glycopeptide, glycolipid or synthetic carbohydrate which has functional groups that are exposed sufficiently to be recognized by the cell surface component. It can also be a component of a biological organism such as a virus, cells (e.g., mammalian, bacterial, protozoan).

Alternatively, the ligand can comprise an antibody, antibody fragment (e.g., an $F(ab')_2$ fragment) or analogues thereof (e.g., single chain antibodies) which binds the cell surface component (see e.g., Chen et al. (1994) *FEBS Letters* 338:167-169, Ferkol et al. (1993) *J. Clin. Invest.* 92:2394-2400, and Rojanasakul et al. (1994) *Pharmaceutical Res.* 11(12):1731-1736). Such antibodies can be produced by standard procedures.

Ligands useful in forming the carrier will vary according to the particular cell to be targeted. For targeting hepatocytes, proteins, polypeptides and synthetic compounds containing galactose-terminal carbohydrates, such as carbohydrate trees obtained from natural glycoproteins or chemically synthesized, can be used. For example, natural glycoproteins that either contain terminal galactose residues or can be enzymatically treated to expose terminal galactose residues (e.g., by chemical or enzymatic desialylation) can be used. In one embodiment, the ligand is an asialoglycoprotein, such as asialoorosomucoid, asialofetuin or desialylated vesicular stomatitis virus. In another embodiment, the ligand is a tri- or tetra-antennary carbohydrate moiety.

Alternatively, suitable ligands for targeting hepatocytes can be prepared by chemically coupling galactose-terminal carbohydrates (e.g., galactose, mannose, lactose, arabinogalactan etc.) to nongalactose-bearing proteins or polypeptides (e.g., polycations) by, for example, reductive lactosamination. Methods of forming a broad variety of other synthetic glycoproteins having exposed terminal galactose residues, all of which can be used to target hepatocytes, are described, for example, by Chen et al. (1994) *Human Gene Therapy* 5:429-435 and Ferkol et al. (1993) *FASEB* 7: 1081-1091 (galactosylation of polycationic histones and albumins using EDC); Perales et al. (1994) *PNAS* 91:4086-4090 and Midoux et al. (1993) *Nucleic Acids Research* 21(4):871-878 (lactosylation and galactosylation of polylysine using α-D-galactopyranosyl phenylisothiocyanate and 4-isothiocyanatophenyl β-D-lactoside); Martinez-Fong (1994) *Hepatology* 20(6):1602-1608 (lactosylation of polylysine using sodium cyanoborohydride and preparation of asialofetuin-polylysine conjugates using SPDP); and Plank et al. (1992) *Bioconjugate Chem.* 3:533-539 (reductive coupling of four

terminal galactose residues to a synthetic carrier peptide, followed by linking the carrier to polylysine using SPDP).

For targeting the polynucleotide-carrier complex to other cell surface receptors, the carrier component of the complex can comprise other types of ligands. For example, mannose can be used to target macrophages (lymphoma) and Kupffer cells, mannose 6-phosphate glycoproteins can be used to target fibroblasts (fibro- sarcoma), intrinsic factor-vitamin B12 and bile acids (See Kramer et al. (1992) J. Biol. Chem. 267:18598- 18604) can be used to target enterocytes, insulin can be used to target fat cells and muscle cells (see e.g., Rosenkranz et al. (1992) *Experimental Cell Research* 199:323-329 and Huckett et al. (1990) *Chemical Pharmacology* 40(2):253-263), transferrin can be used to target smooth muscle cells (see e.g., Wagner et al. (1990) *PNAS* 87:3410-3414 and U.S. Patent No. 5, 354,844 (Beug et al.)), Apolipoprotein E can be used to target nerve cells, and pulmonary surfactants, such as Protein A, can be used to target epithelial cells (see e.g., Ross et al. (1995) *Human Gene Therapy* 6:31-40).

The cationic moiety of the carrier molecule can be any positively charged species capable of electrostatically binding to negatively charged polynucleotides. Preferred cationic moieties for use in the carrier are polycations, such as polylysine (e.g., poly-L-lysine), polyarginine, polyornithine, spermine, basic proteins such as histones (Chen et al., *supra.*), avidin, protamines (see e.g., Wagner et al., *supra.*), modified albumin (i.e., N-acylurea albumin) (see e.g., Huckett et al., *supra.*) and polyamidoamine cascade polymers (see e.g., Haensler et al. (1993) *Bioconjugate Chem.* 4: 372-379). A preferred polycation is polylysine (e.g., ranging from 3,800 to 60,000 daltons). Other preferred cationic moieties for use in the carrier are cationic liposomes.

In one embodiment, the carrier comprises polylysine having a molecular weight of about 17,000 daltons (purchased as the hydrogen bromide salt having a MW of a 26,000 daltons), corresponding to a chain length of approximately 100-120 lysine residues. In another embodiment, the carrier comprises a polycation having a molecular weight of about 2,600 daltons (purchased as the hydrogen bromide salt having a MW of a 4,000 daltons), corresponding to a chain length of approximately 15-10 lysine residues.

The carrier can be formed by linking a cationic moiety and a cell-specific ligand using standard cross-linking reagents which are well known in the art. The linkage is typically covalent. A preferred linkage is a peptide bond. This can be formed with a water soluble carbodiimide, such as 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC), as described by McKee et al (1994) Bioconjugate Chem. 5: 306-311 or Jung, G. et al. (1981) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 101: 599-606 or Grabarek et al. (1990) Anal. Biochem. 185:131. Alternative linkages are disulfide bonds which can be formed using cross-linking reagents, such as N-Succinimidyl 3-(2-pyridyldithio)propionate (SPDP), N-hydroxysuccinimidyl ester of chlorambucil, N-Succinimidyl-(4-Iodoacetyl)aminobenzoate)

(SIAB), Sulfo-SIAB, and Sulfo-succinimidyl-4-maleimidophenyl-butyrate (Sulfo-SMPB). Strong noncovalent linkages, such as avidin-biotin interactions, can also be used to link cationic moieties to a variety of cell binding agents to form suitable carrier molecules.

The linkage reaction can be optimized for the particular cationic moiety and cell binding agent used to form the carrier. The optimal ratio (w:w) of cationic moiety to cell binding agent can be determined empirically. This ratio will vary with the size of the cationic moiety (e.g., polycation) being used in the carrier, and with the size of the polynucleotide to be complexed. However, this ratio generally ranges from about 0.2-5.0 (cationic moiety : ligand). Uncoupled components and aggregates can be separated from the carrier by molecular sieve or ion exchange chromatography (e.g., Aquapore™ cation exchange, Rainin).

In one embodiment of the invention, a carrier made up of a conjugate of asialoorosomucoid and polylysine is formed with the cross linking agent 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethyl carbodiimide. After dialysis, the conjugate can be separated from unconjugated components by preparative acid-urea polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (pH 4-5).

Following formation of the carrier molecule, the polynucleotide (e.g., plasmid) is linked to the carrier so that (a) the polynucleotide is sufficiently stable (either in *vivo, ex vivo,* or *in vitro*) to prevent significant uncoupling of the polynucleotide extracellularly prior to internalization by the target cell, (b) the polynucleotide is released in functional form under appropriate conditions within the cell, (c) the polynucleotide is not damaged and (d) the carrier retains its capacity to bind to cells. Generally, the linkage between the carrier and the polynucleotide is noncovalent. Appropriate noncovalent bonds include, for example, electrostatic bonds, hydrogen bonds, hydrophobic bonds, anti-polynucleotide antibody binding, linkages mediated by intercalating agents, and streptavidin or avidin binding to polynucleotide-containing biotinylated nucleotides. However, the carrier can also be directly (e.g., covalently) linked to the polynucleotide using, for example, chemical cross-linking agents (e.g., as described in WO-A-91/04753 (Cetus Corp.), entitled "Conjugates of Antisense Oligonucleotides and Therapeutic Uses Thereof").

As described in Example 4, polynucleotide-carrier complexes can be formed by combining a solution containing carrier molecules with a solution containing a polynucleotide to be complexed, preferably so that the resulting composition is isotonic (see Example 4).

ADMINISTRATION

Novel DNAs of the invention can be administered to cells either *in vitro* or *in vivo* for transcription and/or expression therein.

For *in vitro* delivery, cultured cells can be incubated with the DNA in an appropriate medium under suitable transfection conditions, as is well known in the art.

For *in vivo* delivery (e.g., in methods of gene therapy) DNAs of the invention (preferably contained within a suitable expression vector) can be administered to a subject in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier", as used herein, is intended to include any physiologically acceptable vehicle for stabilizing DNAs of the present invention for administration *in vivo*, including, for example, saline and aqueous buffer solutions, solvents, dispersion media, antibacterial and antifungal agents, isotonic and absorption delaying agents, and the like. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutically active substances is well known in the art. Except insofar as any conventional media is incompatible with the polynucleotide-carrier complexes of the present invention, use thereof in a therapeutic composition is contemplated.

Accordingly, novel DNAs of the invention can be combined with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers to form a pharmaceutical composition. In all cases, the pharmaceutical composition must be sterile and must be fluid to the extent that easy syringability exists. It must be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action or microorganisms such as bacteria and fungi. Protection of the polynucleotide-carrier complexes from degradative enzymes (e.g., nucleases) can be achieved by including in the composition a protective coating or nuclease inhibitor. Prevention of the action of microorganisms can be achieved by various anti-bacterial and anti-fungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, ascorbic acid, thimerosal, and the like.

Novel DNAs of the invention may be administered *in vivo* by any suitable route of administration. The appropriate dosage may vary according to the selected route of administration. The DNAs are preferably injected intravenously in solution containing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as defined herein. Sterile injectable solutions can be prepared by incorporating the DNA in the required amount in an appropriate buffer with one or a combination of ingredients enumerated above or below, followed by filtered sterilization. Other suitable routes of administration include intravascular, subcutaneous (including slow-release implants), topical and oral.

Appropriate dosages may be determined empirically, as is routinely practiced in the art. For example, mice can be administered dosages of up to 1.0 mg of DNA per 20 g of mouse, or about 1.0 mL of DNA in solution per 1.4 mL of mouse blood.

Administration of a novel DNA, or protein expressed therefrom, to a subject can be in any pharmacological form including a therapeutically active amount of DNA or protein, in combination with another therapeutic molecule. Administration of a therapeutically active amount of a pharmaceutical composition of the present invention is defined as an amount effective, at dosages and for periods of time necessary to achieve the desired result (e.g., an improvement in clinical symptoms). A therapeutically active amount of DNA or

protein may vary according to factors such as the disease state, age, sex, and weight of the individual. Dosage regimens may be adjusted to provide the optimum therapeutic response. For example, several divided doses may be administered daily or the dose may be proportionally reduced as indicated by the exigencies of the therapeutic situation.

USES

Novel DNAs of the present invention can be used to efficiently express a desired protein within a cell. Accordingly, such DNAs can be used in any context in which gene transcription and/or expression is desired.

In one embodiment, the DNA is used in a method of gene therapy to treat a clinical disorder. In another embodiment, the DNA is used in antisense therapy to produce sufficient levels of nuclear and/or cytoplasmic mRNA to inhibit expression of a gene. In another embodiment, the DNA is used to study RNA processing and/or gene regulation *in vitro* or *in vivo*. In another embodiment, the DNA is used to produce therapeutic or diagnostic proteins which can then be administered to patients as exogenous proteins.

Methods for increasing levels of cytoplasmic RNA accumulation and gene expression provided by the present invention can also be used for any and all of the foregoing purposes.

In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a method if increasing expression of a gene encoding human Factor VIII. Accordingly, the invention also provides an improved method of human Factor VIII gene therapy involving administering to a patient afflicted with a disease characterized by a deficiency in Factor VIII a novel Factor VIII gene in an amount sufficient to treat the disease.

In addition, the present invention provides a novel method for altering the transcription pattern of a DNA. By correcting one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within the DNA, or by adding one or more introns to the DNA, the natural splicing pattern of the DNA will be modified and, at the same time, expression may be increased. Accordingly, methods of the invention can be used to tailor the transcription of a DNA so that a greater amount of a particular desired RNA species is transcribed and ultimately expressed, relative to other RNA species transcribed from the DNA (i.e., alternatively spliced RNAs).

Methods of the invention can also be used to modify the coding sequence of a given DNA, so that the structure of the protein expressed from the DNA is altered in a beneficial manner. For example, introns can be added to the DNA so that portions of the gene will be removed during transcription and, thus, not be expressed. Preferred gene portions for removal in this manner include those encoding, e.g., antigenic regions of a protein and/or regions not required for activity. Alternatively or additionally, consensus or near consensus splice sites can be corrected within the DNA so that previously

recognizable (i.e., operable) introns and exons are no longer recognized by a cells splicing machinery. This alters the coding sequence of the mRNA ultimately transcribed from the DNA, and can also facilitate its export from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where it can be expressed.

This invention is illustrated further by the following examples which should not be construed as further limiting the subject invention. The contents of all references and published patent applications cited throughout this application are hereby incorporated by reference.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1 - Construction of a Human Factor VIII Gene Containing an Intron Spanning the β-Domain

A full-length human Factor VIII cDNA containing an intron spanning the section of the cDNA encoding amino acids 745-1638 (Figure 11) was constructed as described below. Amino acid numbering was designated starting with Met-1 of the mature human Factor VIII protein and, thus, does not include the 19 amino acid signal peptide of the protein. The β-domain region of a human Factor VIII protein is made up of 983 amino acids (Vehar et al. (1984) *Nature* 312: 337-342). Thus, the region of the cDNA spliced out during pre-mRNA processing corresponds to about 89% of the β-domain.

To select suitable sites for inserting the 5' splice donor (SD) and 3' splice acceptor (SA) sites, the sequence of the full-length Factor VIII cDNA expression plasmid pCY-6 (SEQ ID NO:4) was scanned for convenient restriction enzyme sites. Restriction sites were selected according to the following criteria: (a) they flanked and were in close proximity to the sites into which the splicing signals were to be introduced, so that any PCR fragment generated to fill in the region between these sites would have as little chance as possible for undesired point mutations introduced by the process of PCR; (b) they would cut the expression plasmid in as few places as possible, preferably only at the site flanking the region of splice site introduction.

The restriction sites chosen according to these criteria for cloning in the splice donor site were: Kpn I (base 2816 of the coding sequence of pCY-6, or base 3822 of the complete nucleotide sequence of pCY-6 provided in SEQ ID NO:4, since the first 1005 bases of this plasmid are non-coding bases), and Tth 1111 (base 3449 of the coding sequence of pCY-6, or base 4455 of the complete nucleotide sequence of pCY-6 shown in SEQ ID NO:4). The restriction sites chosen according to these criteria for cloning in the splice acceptor site were: Bcl I (bases 1407 and 5424 of the coding sequence of pCY-6, or bases 2413 and 6430 of the complete nucleotide sequence of pCY-6 shown in SEQ ID NO:4) and BspE 1 (base 7228 of

the coding sequence of pCY-6, or base 8234 of the complete nucleotide sequence of pCY-6 shown in SEQ ID NO:4).

Generation of Splice Donor Site

A fragment containing the region of Factor VIII cDNA from the Kpn I site to the Tth 111 I site, with the above described splice donor sequence inserted at the appropriate spot, was then generated in the following manner:

A. PCR primers were designed, such that the top strand upstream primer (Fragment A top) would prime at the Kpn I site of full-length Factor VIII cDNA (Figure 12), and the bottom strand downstream primer (Fragment A bottom) would prime at the site of insertion for the 5' splice donor. The bottom strand primer also contained the insertion sequence. These primers were used in a PCR reaction with pCIS-F8 (full-length Factor VIII cDNA expression plasmid) as template to yield "Fragment A," which contains the sequence spanning the region of Factor VIII cDNA from Kpn I to the splice donor insertion site, located at the 3' end of the fragment.

B. In similar fashion, "Fragment B" was generated using primer "Fragment B top," which contains the insertion sequence, and would prime at the insertion site of full-length Factor VIII cDNA, and primer "Fragment B bottom," which would prime at the Tth 111 I site of full-length Factor VIII cDNA. "Fragment B" contains the sequence spanning the region of Factor VIII cDNA from the splice donor insertion site to Tth111 I. The 5' splice donor insertion sequence was located at the 5' end of the fragment.

C. Fragments A and B were run on a horizontal agarose gel, excised, and extracted, in order to purify them away from unincorporated nucleotides and primers.

D. These fragments were then combined in a PCR reaction using as primers "Fragment A top" and "Fragment B bottom." The regions at the 3' end of Fragment A and the 5' end of Fragment B overlapped because they were identical, and the final product of this reaction was a PCR fragment spanning the Factor VIII cDNA from Kpn I to Tth111 I, and containing the engineered splice donor at the insertion site, i.e., near the beginning of the coding region of the β-domain of Factor VIII. This fragment was designated "Fragment AB."

E. Fragment AB (an overlap PCR product) was cloned into the EcoR V site of pBluescript II SK(+) to yield clone pBS-SD (Figure 9), and the sequence of the insertion was then confirmed.

Generation of Splice Acceptor Site

A fragment containing the region of Factor VIII cDNA from the second Bcl I site to the BspE I site, with the above described splice acceptor sequence inserted at the appropriate spot, was generated in the following manner:

A. PCR primers were designed, such that the top strand upstream primer (Primer A) would prime at the second Bcl I site, and the bottom strand downstream primer (Primer B2) would prime at the insertion site for the 3' splice acceptor. The bottom strand primer also contained the restriction sites Mun I and BspE I. These primers were used in a PCR reaction with pCIS-F8 as template to yield "Fragment I," which contains the sequence spanning the region of Factor VIII cDNA from the Bcl I site to the insertion site, with the Mun I and BspE I sites located at the 3' end of the fragment.

B. In a similar fashion, "Fragment III" was generated using "Primer G3" which contains the restriction site BstE II, the splice acceptor recognition sequence (polypyrimidine tract followed by "CAG"), and primes at the insertion site for the splice acceptor; and "Primer H," which would prime the bottom strand at the BspE I site, so that the resulting fragment would contain the restriction site BstE II, the splice acceptor recognition site and sequence spanning the region of Factor VIII cDNA from the insertion site to BspE I.

C. "Fragment II," which contained the branch signals and IVS 14 sequence, was generated by designing four oligos (C2, D, E, and F3), two top and two bottom, which, when combined, would overlap each other by 21 to 22 bases, and when filled in and amplified under PCR conditions, would generate a fragment containing a Mun I site, 130 bases of the aforementioned IVS 14 sequence (including the 2 branch sequences at the 5' end of the 130 bases), and the cloning sites BstE II and BspE I. In addition, two small primers (CX and FX2) were designed that would prime at the very ends of the expected fragment, in order to increase amplification of full-length PCR product. All oligonucleotide primers were combined in a single PCR reaction, and the desired fragment was generated.

D. All three fragments were cloned into the EcoR V site of pBluescript II SK(+), and their sequences were then confirmed.

E. Fragment II was isolated out of pBluescript as a Mun 1 to BspE I fragment, and cloned into the pBluescript-Fragment I clone at the corresponding sites, to yield clone pBS-FI/FII (Figure 9), Fragment III was isolated out of pBluescript as a BstE II to BspE I fragment, and cloned into the corresponding sites of pBS-FI/FII to yield pBS-FI/FII/FIII (Figure 9). This final bluescript clone contained the region spanning Factor VIII cDNA from the second Bcl I site to the BspE I site, and contained the IVS 14 and splice acceptor sequence inserted at the appropriate sites. The pBS-FI/FII/FIII clone was then sequenced.

Cloning Splice Donor and Acceptor Sites into a Factor VIII cDNA Vector (pCY-6)

Fragment AB and Fragment I/II/III were isolated out of pBluescript and cloned into pCY-6 in the following manner:

A. Fragment I/II/III was isolated from pBS-FI/FII/FIII as a Bcl I to BspE I fragment.

B. pCY-601 was digested to completion with BspE I, linearizing the plasmid. This linear DNA was partially digested with Bcl I for 5 minutes, and then immediately run on a gel. The band corresponding to a fragment which had been cut only at the BspE I and the second Bcl I site was isolated and extracted from the agarose gel. This isolated fragment was ligated to Fragment I/II/III and yielded pCY-601/FI/FII/FIII (Figure 9).

C. Fragment AB was isolated from pBS-SD as a Kpn I to Tth111 I fragment, and cloned into the corresponding sites of pCY-601/FI/FII/FIII to yield pLZ-601.

D. Plasmids pCY-6 and pLZ-601 were digested sequentially with enzymes Nco I and Sal I. The small fragment of the pCY-6 digest and the large fragment of the pLZ-601 digest were isolated and ligated together to yield plasmid pLZ-6, a second β-domain intron Factor VIII expression plasmid.

pCY-6 and pCY-601 are expression plasmids for full-length Factor VIII cDNA. The difference between the two is that the former contains an intron in the 5' untranslated region of the Factor VIII transcript, derived from the second IVS of rabbit beta globin gene. The latter lacks this engineered IVS. *In vitro* experiments have shown that pCY-601 yields undetectable levels of Factor VIII, while pCY-6 yields low but detectable Factor VIII levels.

Expression Assays

To test expression of the various Factor VIII cDNA plasmids including those created as described above, plasmids were transfected at a concentration of 2.0-2.5 μg/ml into HuH-7 human carcinoma cells using the calcium phosphate precipitation method described by O'Mahoney et al. (1994) *DNA & Cell Biol.* 13(12): 1227-1232. Expression levels were measured using the KabiCoATest (Kabi Inc., Sweden). This is both a quantitative and a qualitative assay for measuring Factor VIII expression, because it measures enzymatic activity of Factor VIII.

Reverse Transcriptase-PCR Analysis of Cells Transfected With Factor VIII Expression Plasmids

To confirm that the engineered intron spanning the β-domain of the Factor VIII cDNA in plasmid pLZ-6 resulted in proper splicing of the β-domain coding region, reverse transcriptase (RT)-PCR analysis was performed as follows:

HUH7 cells in T-75 flasks were transfected via $CaPO_4$ precipitation with 36 μg of each of the following DNA plasmids:

pCY-2	β-domain deleted human Factor VIII cDNA
pCY-6	Full-length human Factor VIII cDNA
pLZ-6	Full length human Factor VIII cDNA with engineered β-domain intron

75 ng of pCMVhGH was co-transfected as a transfection control. Untransfected cells were grown alongside as a negative control.

Total RNA was isolated from cells 24 hours post-transfection using Gibco BRL Trizol reagent, according to the standard protocol included in product insert.

RT-PCR Experiments were performed as follows: RT-PCR was performed on all RNA preps to characterize RNA. "Minus RT" PCR was performed on all RNA preps as a negative control (without RT, only DNA is amplified). PCR was performed on plasmids used in transfection assays to compare with RT-PCRs of the RNA preps. All RT-PCR was performed with Access RT-PCR system (Promega, Cat. #A1250). In each 50 µl reaction, 1.0 µg total RNA was used as template. Primer pairs were designed according to Factor VIII sequences as follows: the 5' primer anneals to the top strand of Factor VIII, about 250 base pairs upstream of the β-domain junction; while the 3' primer anneals to the bottom strand of Factor VIII, about 250 base pairs downstream of the β-domain junction.

The nucleotide sequences of the primers used to characterize (i.e., confirm) the β-domain intron splicing were as follows:

5' primer	TS 2921-2940: (20 mer)	$^{5'}$TGG TCT ATG AAG ACA CAC TC$^{3'}$
3' primer	BS 6261-6280: (20 mer)	$^{5'}$TGA GCC CTG TTT CTT AGA AC$^{3'}$

RT-PCR files were set up according to manufacturer's recommendation:

48°C, 45 minutes; x1 cycle
94°C, 2 minutes; x1 cycle
94°C, 30 sec; x 40 cycles
60°C, 1 min; x 40 cycles
68°C, 2 min; x 40 cycles
68°C, 7 min; x 1 cycle
4°C, soak overnight

The data obtained from the RT-PCR assays demonstrated that engineered β-domain intron was spliced as predicted. The RT-PCR product (~500 bp) generated from pLZ-6 (containing the β-domain intron) was similar to that obtained from pCY-2 (containing β-domain deleted Factor VIII cDNA). The RT-PCR product observed for pCY-6 (containing the full length Factor VIII cDNA) yielded a much larger band (~3.3 kb).

In the control groups, it was confirmed that DNA from the Huh-7 cells transfected with various Factor VIII constructs were consistent with regular PCR results of the corresponding plasmids. Background bands from untransfected Huh-7 cells were presumably contributed by cross-over during sample handling. This can be further investigated by using polyA$^+$ RNA as template, as well as by setting up RT-PCR with different primer sets.

EXAMPLE 2 - Correction of Consensus and near Consensus Splice Sites Within a Human Factor VIII Gene

Plasmid pCY-2, containing the coding region of the β-domain deleted human Factor VIII cDNA (nucleotides 1006-5379 of SEQ ID NO:2), was analyzed using the MacVector™ program for consensus and near consensus (a) splice donor sites, (b) splice acceptor sites and (c) branch sequences. Near consensus 5' splice donor sites were selected using the following criteria: sites were required to contain at least 5 out of the 9 splice donor consensus bases (i.e., (C/A)AGGT(A/G)AGT), including the invariant GT, provided that if only 5 out of 9 bases were present, these 5 bases were located consecutively in a row. Near consensus 3' splice acceptor sites were selected using the following criteria: sites were required to contain at least 3 out of the following 14 splice acceptor consensus bases (Y=10)CAGG (wherein Y is a pyrimidine within the pyrimidine track), including the invariant AG. Only branch sequences which were 100% consensus were searched for.

Using these criteria, 23 near consensus 5' splice donor sequences, 22 near consensus 3' splice acceptor sequences, and 18 consensus branch sequences were identified. No consensus 5' splice donor or 3' splice acceptor sequences were identified. To correct these near consensus splice donor and acceptor sequences, and consensus branch sequences, it was first determined whether the invariant GT, AG, or A bases within the site could be substituted without changing the coding sequence of the site. If they could be, then these conservative (silent) substitutions were made, thereby rendering the site non-consensus (since the invariant bases are required for recognition as a splice site).

If the invariant bases within selected consensus and near consensus sites could not be substituted without changing the coding sequence of the site (i.e., if no degeneracy existed for the amino acid sequence coded for), then the maximum number of silent point mutations were made to render the site as far from consensus as possible. All bases which contributed to homology of the consensus or near consensus site with the corresponding consensus sequence, and which were able to be conservatively substituted (with non-consensus bases), were mutated.

Using these guidelines, 99 silent point mutations were selected, as shown in Figure 4A-4C. The positions of each of these silent point mutations is shown in Figure 3.

To prepare a new pCY-2 human β-domain deleted Factor VIII cDNA coding sequence which contains the above-described corrections, the following procedure can be used:

Overlapping 60-mer oligonucleotides can be synthesized based on the coding sequence of pCY2. Each of the 185 oligonucleotide contains the desired corrections. These oligonucleotides are then assembled in five segments (shown in Figure 9) using the method of Stemmer et al. (1995) *Gene* 164: 49-53. Prior to assembly, each segment can be

sequenced and tested in *in vitro* transfection assays (nuclear and cytoplasmic RNA analysis) in pCY2. A schematic illustration of this process is shown in Figures 8. The plasmid containing the new corrected coding sequence is desginated "pDJC."

To test expression levels of pDJC, the plasmid can be transfected at a concentration of 2.0-2.5 μg/ml into HuH-7 human carcinoma cells using any suitable transfection technique, such as the calcium phosphate precipitation method described by O'Mahoney et al. (1994) *DNA & Cell Biol.* 13(12): 1227-1232. Factor VIII expression can then be measured using the KabiCoATest (Kabi Inc., Sweden). This is both a quantitative and a qualitative assay for measuring Factor VIII expression, because it measures enzymatic activity of Factor VIII. Alternatively, plasmids such as pDJC can be tested for *in vivo* expression using the procedure described below in Example 4.

EXAMPLE 3 - Optimized Expression Vectors

Optimized expression vectors for liver-specific and endothelium-specific human Factor VIII expression were prepared and tested as follows:

The β-domain deleted human Factor VIII cDNA was obtained through Bayer Corporation in plasmid p25D, having a coding sequence corresponding to nucleotides 1006-5379 of SEQ ID NO:2. The human thyroid binding globulin promoter (TBG) (bases -382 to +3) was obtained by PCR from human liver genomic DNA (Hayashi et al. (1993) *Mol. Endo.* 7:1049). The human endothelin-1 (ET-1) gene promoter (Lee et al. (1990) *J. Biol. Chem.* 265(18) was synthesized by amplification of overlapping oligos in a PCR reaction.

After sequence confirmation, the TBG and ET-1 promoters were cloned into two separate vectors upstream of an optimized leader sequence (SEQ ID NO:11), using standard cloning techniques. The leader sequence was designed in a similar manner to that reported by Kozak et al. (1994) *J. Mol. Biol.* 235:95) and synthesized (Retrogen Inc., San Diego, CA) as 71 base pair top and bottom strand oligos, annealed and cloned upstream of the Factor VIII ATG. The 126 base pair intron-1 of the rabbit β-globin gene, containing the nucleotide sequence modifications shown in Figure 23 (SEQ ID NO:7), was also synthesized and inserted into the leader sequence following base 42 of the 71 nucleotide sequence.

In the construct containing the TBG promoter, top and bottom strands of the human alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin enhancer (ABP), sequences -2804 through -2704 (Rouet et al. (1992) *J. Biol. Chem.* 267:20765), were synthesized, annealed and cloned upstream of the promoter. Cloning sites flanking the enhancer were designed to facilitate easy multimerization. In the construct containing the ES-1 promoter, top and bottom strands of the human c-fos SRE enhancer (Treisman et al. (1986) *Cell* 46) were synthesized, annealed and cloned upstream of the promoter.

The post-transcriptional regulatory element (PRE) from hepatitis B virus, was isolated from plasmid Adw-HTD as a 587 base-pair Stu I-Stu I fragment. It was cloned into the 3'

UTR of the Factor VIII construct (at the Hpa I site) containing the TBG promoter and ABP enhancers, upstream of the polyadenylation sequence. A two copy PRE element was isolated as a Spe I-Spe I fragment from an early vector where two copies had ligated together. This fragment was converted to a blunt end fragment by the Klenow fragment of E-coli DNA polymerase I and also cloned into the Factor VIII construct at the same Hpa I site.

Thus, the following constructs were produced using the foregoing materials and methods:

Plasmid pCY-2 having a 5' untranslated region containing the TBG promoter, two copies of the ABP enhancer; and the modified rabbit β-globin IVS, all upstream of the human β-domain deleted Factor VIII gene.

Plasmid pCY2-SE5 which was identical to pCY-2, except that the TBG promoter was replaced by the ET-1 gene promoter, and the ABP enhancers (both copies) were replaced by one copy of the SRE enhancer.

Plasmid pCY-201 which was identical to pCY-2, except that it lacked the 5' intron.

Plasmid pCY-401 and pCY-402 which were identical to pCY-201, except that they contained one and two copies of the HBV PRE, respectively.

Expression levels for each of the foregoing gene constructs was compared in human hepatoma cells (HUH-7) maintained in DMEM (Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (GIBCO BRL), supplemented with 10% heat inactivated fetal calf serum (10% FCS), penicillin (50 IU/ml), and streptomycin (50 μg/ml) in a humidified atmosphere of 5% CO_2 at 37°C. For experiments involving quantitation of human factor VIII protein, media was supplemented with an additional 10% FCS. DNA transfection was performed by a calcium phosphate coprecipitation method.

Other human Factor VIII gene constructs (shown below in Table I) tested for expression, prepared as described above, included constructs which were identical to pCY-2, except that they contained (a) the TBG promoter with no enhancer or 5' intron, (b) the TBG promoter with a 5' modified rabbit β-globin intron (present within the leader sequence), but no enhancer, (c) the TBG promoter with one copy of the ABP enhancer and a 5' modified rabbit β -globin intron (present within the leader sequence), and (d) the TBG promoter with two copies of the ABP enhancer and a 5' modified rabbit β-globin intron (present within the leader sequence).

Active Factor VIII protein was measured from tissue culture supernatants by COAtest VIII:c/4 kit assay specific for active Factor VIII protein. Transfection efficiencies were normalized to expression of cotransfected human growth hormone (hGH).

As shown below in Table I, liver-specific human Factor VIII expression is significantly increased by the combined use of the TBG promoter and a 5' intron within the 5' UTR of the gene construct. Expression is further increased (over 30 fold) by adding a copy of the ABP enhancer in the same construct. Expression is still further increased (over 60 fold) by

using two copies of the ABP enhancer in the same construct. In addition, as shown in Figure 18, expression is also significantly increased by adding one or more PRE sequences into the 3' UTR of the gene construct, although, in this experiment, not as much as by adding a 5' intron within the 5' UTR.

TABLE I

5' Region Tested	Fold Increase in Factor VIII Expression *In Vitro*
TBG Promoter	1
TBG Promoter, 5' Intron	3.5
ABP Enhancer (1 copy), TBG Promoter, 5' Intron	30.1
ABP Enhancer (2 copies), TBG Promoter, 5' Intron (pCY-2)	63.2

Expression of pCY2-SE5 was also tested and compared with pCY-2 in (a) bovine aortic endothelial cells and (b) HUH-7 cells. Transfections and Assays were performed as described above. Significantly more biologically active human Factor VIII was secreted from cells transfected with pCY2-SE5 than with pCY-2 (625 pg/ml vs. 280 pg/ml). While liver-specific pCY-2 expressed more than 10 ng/ml of human Factor VIII from HUH-7 cells, no human Factor VIII could be detected from pCY2-SE5 transfected HUH-7 cells.

Constructs were also tested *in vivo*. Specifically, pCY-2 and pCY2-SE5 were tested in mouse models by injecting mice (tail vein) with 10 μg of DNA in one 1.0 ml of solution (0.3 M NaCl, pH 9). Plasmids pCY-6, pLZ-6 and pLZ-6A (described in Example 1) were tested in the same experiment. Levels of human Factor VIII were measured in mouse serum. The results are shown in Figure 19. Plasmid pCY-2, containing the TBG promoter, 2 copies of the ABP enhancer, and an optimized 5' intron, had the highest expression, followed by pLZ-6A, pLZ-6, pCY2-SE5 and pCY-6.

Plasmid pCY-2 was also tested *in vivo* in mice, along with plasmid p25D which contained the same coding sequence (for human β-domain deleted Factor VIII) without an optimized 5' UTR. Specifically, instead of 2 copies of the ABP enhancer, one copy of the TBG promoter and a leader sequence containing an optimized (i.e., modified to contain consensus splice donor and acceptor sites and a consensus branch and pyrimidine track sequence) 5' rabbit β-globin intron (as contained in the 5' UTR of pCY-2), p25D contained within its 5' UTR one copy of the CMV enhancer, one copy of the CMV promoter, and a

leader sequence containing an unmodified short (130 bp) chimeric human IgE intron (containing uncorrected near consensus splice donor and acceptor sites). Plasmids were injected into mice (tail vein) in the form of asialoorosomucoid/polylysine/DNA complexes formed as described below in Example 4. Mice were injected with 10 μg of DNA (complexed) in 1.0 of solution (0.3 M NaCl, pH 9).

The results are shown in Figure 25 and demonstrate that optimization of gene constructs by modification of 5' UTRs to contain novel combinations of strong tissue-specific promoters and enhancers, and optimized introns (e.g. modified to contain consensus splice donor and acceptor sites and a consensus branch and pyrimidine track sequence) significantly increases both levels and duration of gene expression. Notably, expression of p25D shut off after only 8 days, whereas expression of pCY-2 was maintained at nearly 100% of initial levels (well in the human therapeutic range of 10 ng/ml or more) for over 10 days. In the same experiment, expression was maintained well in the therapeutic range for greater than 30 days.

Overall, the results of the foregoing examples demonstrate that gene expression can be significantly increased and prolonged *in vivo* by optimizing untranslated regulatory regions and/or coding sequences in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

EXAMPLE 4 - Targeted Delivery of Novel Genes to Cells

Novel genes of the invention, such as novel Factor VIII genes contained in appropriate expression vectors, can be selectively delivered to target cells either *in vitro* or *in vivo* as follows:

Formation of Targeted Molecular Complexes

I. *Reagents*

Protamine, poly-L-lysine (4kD, 10kD, 26kD; mean MW) and ethidium bromide can be purchased from Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO. 1-[3-(dimethylamino)-propyl]-3-ethylcarbodiimide (EDC) can be purchased from Aldrich Chemical Co, Milwaukee, WI. Synthetic polylysines can be purchased from Research Genetics (Huntsville, AL) or Dr. Schwabe (Protein Chemistry Facility at the Medical University of South Carolina). Orosomucoid (OR) can be purchased from Alpha Therapeutics, Los Angeles, CA. Asialoorosomucoid (AsOR) can be prepared from orosomucoid (15 mg/ml) by hydrolysis with 0.1 N sulfuric acid at 76°C for one hour. AsOR can then be purified from the reaction mixture by neutralization with 1.0 N NaOH to pH 5.5 and exhaustive dialysis against water at room temperature. AsOR concentration can be determined using an extinction coefficient of 0.92 ml mg^{-1}, cm^{-1} at 280 nm. The thiobarbituric acid assay of Warren (1959) *J. Biol. Chem.* 234:1971-1975 or of Uchida (1977) *J. Biochem.* 82:1425-1433 can be used to verify desialylation of the OR. AsOR prepared by the above method is typically 98% desialyated.

II. *Formation of Carrier Molecules*

Carrier molecules capable of electrostatically binding to DNA can be prepared as follows: AsOR-poly-L-lysine conjugate (AP26K) can be formed by carbodiimide coupling similar to that reported by McKee (1994) *Bioconj. Chem.* 5:306-311. AsOR, 26kD poly-L-lysine and EDC in a 1:1:0.5 mass ratio can be reacted as follows. EDC (dry) is added directly to a stirring aqueous AsOR solution. Polylysine (26 kD) is then added, the reaction mixture adjusted to pH 5.5-6.0, and stirred for two hours at ambient temperature. The reaction can be quenched by addition of Na_3PO_4 (200 mM, pH 11) to a final concentration of 10 mM. The AP26K conjugate can be first purified on a Fast Flow Q Sepharose anion exchange chromatography column (Pharmacia) eluted with 50 mM Tris, pH 7.5; and then dialyzed against water.

III. *Calculation of Charge Ratios* (+/-)

Charge ratios of purified carrier molecules can be determined as follows: Protein-polylysine conjugates (e.g., AsOR-PL or OR-PL) are exhaustively dialyzed against ultra-pure water. An aliquot of the dialyzed conjugate solution is lyophilized, weighed and dissolved in ultra-pure water at a specific concentration (w/v). Since polylysine has minimal absorbance at 280 nm, the AsOR component of AsOR-polylysine (w/v) is calculated using the extinction coefficient at 280 nm. The composition of the conjugate is estimated by comparison of the concentration of the conjugate (w/v) with the concentration of AsOR (w/v) as determined by UV absorbance. The difference between the two determinations can be attributed to the polylysine component of the conjugate. The composition of OR-polylysine can be calculated in the same manner. The ratio of conjugate to DNA (w/w) necessary for specific charge ratios then can be calculated using the determined conjugate composition. Charge ratios for molecular complexes made with, e.g., polylysine or protamine, can be calculated from the amino acid composition.

IV. *Complexation With DNA*

To form targeted DNA complexes, DNA (e.g., plasmid DNA) is preferably prepared in glycine (e.g., 0.44 M, pH 7), and is then rapidly added to an equal volume of carrier molecule, also in glycine (e.g., 0.44 M, pH 7), so that the final solution is isotonic.

V. *Fluorescence Quenching Assay*

Binding efficiencies of DNA to various polycationic carrier molecules can be examined using an ethidium bromide-based quenching assay. Solutions can be prepared containing 2.5 μg/ml EtBr and 10 μg/ml DNA (1:5 EtBr:DNA phosphates molar ratio) in a total volume of 1.0 ml. The polycation is added incrementally with fluorescence readings

taken at each point using a fluorometer (e.g., a Sequoia-Turner 450), with excitation and emission wavelengths at 540 nm and 585 nm, respectively. Fluorescence readings are preferably adjusted to compensate for the change in volume due to the addition of polycation, if the polycation did not exceed 3% of the original volume. Results can be reported as the percentage of fluorescence relative to that of uncomplexed plasmid DNA (no polycation).

Cell Delivery *In Vivo* or *In Vitro*

DNA complexes prepared as described above can be administered in solution to subjects via injection. By way of example, a 0.1-1.0 ml dose of complex in solution can be injected intravenously via the tail vein into adult (e.g., 18-20 gm) BALB/C mice, at a dose ranging from <1.0-10.0 μg of DNA complex per mouse.

Alternatively, DNA complexes can be incubated with cells (e.g., HuH cells) in culture using any suitable transfection protocol known in the art for targeted uptake. Target cells for transfection must contain on their surface a component capable of binding to the cell-binding component of the DNA complex.

EQUIVALENTS

Although the invention has been described with reference to its preferred embodiments, other embodiments can achieve the same results. Those skilled in the art will recognize or be able to ascertain using no more than routine experimentation, numerous equivalents to the specific embodiments described herein. Such equivalents are considered to be within the scope of this invention and are encompassed by the following claims.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The contents of all references and patents cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

What is claimed is:

1. An isolated DNA comprising one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites which have been corrected to increase expression of the DNA.

2. The isolated DNA of claim 1 comprising a cDNA clone.

3. The isolated DNA of claim 1, wherein the one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites are corrected by conservative mutation of at least one consensus nucleotide.

4. The isolated DNA of claim 3, wherein the maximum number of conservative mutations are made within the one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites.

5. The isolated DNA of claim 1 wherein the one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites comprises a 5' splice donor site which is corrected by mutating one or both of the nucleotides within the essential GT pair.

6. The isolated DNA of claim 1 wherein the one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites comprises a 3' splice acceptor site which is corrected by mutating one or both of the nucleotides within the essential AG pair.

7. The isolated DNA of claim 1 comprising a nucleotide sequence which encodes a Factor VIII protein.

8. The isolated DNA of claim 1 comprising a cDNA which is expressed as a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein.

9. The isolated DNA of claim 8 comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1.

10. The isolated DNA of claim 1 comprising the coding region of a full-length Factor VIII gene, wherein the coding region contains an intron spanning all or a portion of the gene encoding the β-domain.

11. The isolated DNA of claim 8 further comprising a second intron upstream of the coding region.

12 An isolated DNA comprising the coding region of a full-length Factor VIII gene, wherein the coding region contains an intron spanning the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain.

13 The isolated DNA of claim 12 comprising the coding region of the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:3.

14. The isolated DNA of claim 12 further comprising one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites which have been corrected.

15. An isolated DNA which is expressed as a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein, said DNA comprising the coding region of a full-length Factor VIII gene modified to (a) correct one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within the coding region and (b) to incorporate an intron into the coding region which spans the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain.

16. The isolated DNA of claim 15 which encodes a human β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein.

17. An expression vector comprising the isolated DNA of claim 1 operably linked to a promoter sequence.

18. An expression vector comprising the isolated DNA of claim 7 operably linked to a promoter sequence.

19. An expression vector comprising the isolated DNA of claim 10 operably linked to a promoter sequence.

20. An expression vector comprising the isolated DNA of claim 12 operably linked to a promoter sequence.

21. A molecular complex comprising the expression vector of claim 17 linked to an agent which binds to a component on the surface of a mammalian cell.

22. A molecular complex comprising the expression vector of claim 18 linked to an agent which binds to a component on the surface of a mammalian cell.

23. A molecular complex comprising the expression vector of claim 19 linked to an agent which binds to a component on the surface of a mammalian cell.

24. A molecular complex comprising the expression vector of claim 20 linked to an agent which binds to a component on the surface of a mammalian cell.

25. A method of increasing expression of a gene comprising correcting one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within the nucleotide sequence of the gene.

26. The method of claim 25 wherein the step of correcting the one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites comprises conservatively mutating one or more consensus nucleotides within the consensus or near consensus splice site.

27. The method of claim 25 wherein the step of correcting the one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites comprises making the maximum number of conservative mutations possible to consensus nucleotides within the consensus or near consensus splice site.

28. The method of claim 25 comprising mutating one or both of the nucleotides within the essential GT pair, if the consensus or near consensus splice site is a 5' splice site, or mutating one or both of the nucleotides within the essential AG pair, if the consensus or near consensus splice site is a 3' splice site.

29. The method of claim 28 wherein the gene encodes a Factor VIII protein.

30. The method of claim 25 wherein the gene is expressed as a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein.

31. The method of claim 30 wherein the gene comprises the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:1.

32. The method of claim 25 wherein the gene comprises the coding region of a full-length Factor VIII gene, and the method further comprises the step of inserting an intron into the coding region of the gene so that the intron spans all or a portion of the segment of the gene encoding the β-domain.

33. The method of claim 32 further comprising inserting a second intron upstream of the coding region of the gene.

34. A method of increasing expression of a gene encoding Factor VIII comprising inserting into the coding region of the gene an intron which spans all or a portion of the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain.

35. The method of claim 34 further comprising correcting one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within the Factor VIII gene by conservative mutation of a consensus nucleotide.

36. A method of increasing expression of a gene encoding Factor VIII comprising correcting one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within the gene.

37. The method of claim 36 wherein the correction is made by conservative mutation of a consensus nucleotide located within the coding region of the gene.

38. A method of producing Factor VIII comprising introducing the expression vector of claim 19 into a host cell capable of expressing the vector, and allowing for expression of the vector.

39. A method of producing Factor VIII comprising introducing the expression vector of claim 20 into a host cell capable of expressing the vector, and allowing for expression of the vector.

40. An expression vector comprising a liver-specific promoter and a liver-specific enhancer, said promoter and enhancer being derived from different genes.

41. The expression vector of claim 40, wherein the promoter and enhancer are located upstream from the coding sequence of a gene.

42. The expression vector of claim 41, wherein the coding sequence is expressed as a β-domain deleted human Factor VIII protein.

43. The expression vector of claim 40, wherein the liver-specific promoter is the human thyroid binding globulin promoter.

44. The expression vector of claim 40, wherein the liver-specific enhancer is the alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin enhancer.

45. The expression vector of claim 41 further comprising one or more introns located (a) downstream from the promoter and enhancer and (b) upstream from the coding sequence.

46. The expression vector of claim 45, wherein the intron is located within the leader sequence of the gene.

47. The expression vector of claim 45, wherein the intron comprises one or more consensus splice sites.

48. The expression vector of claim 46, wherein the leader sequence has no secondary structure when transcribed as RNA.

49. The expression vector of claim 41, wherein the 3' untranslated region of the gene is modified to increase processing, export or stability of the mRNA transcribed from the gene.

50. An expression vector comprising the human thyroid binding globulin promoter and the alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin enhancer.

51. The expression vector of claim 50 comprising two or more copies of the alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin enhancer.

52. The expression vector of claim 50, wherein the human thyroid binding globulin promoter and the alpha-1 microglobulin/bikunin enhancer are located upstream from the coding sequence of a gene.

53. The expression vector of claim 52, wherein the coding sequence is also preceded upstream by a leader sequence comprising one or more introns.

54. The expression vector of claim 51 wherein the coding sequence is expressed as a β-domain deleted human Factor VIII protein.

55. The expression vector of claim 53, wherein the intron comprises a consensus 5' splice donor site, and a consensus 3' splice acceptor site.

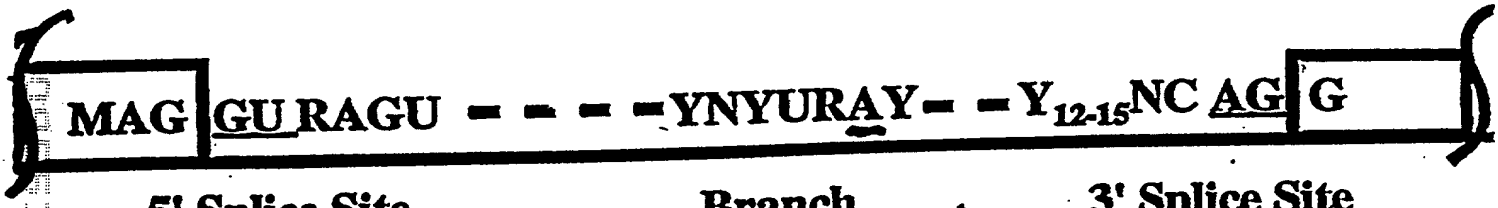
56. The expression vector of claim 53, wherein the intron has no secondary structure when transcribed as RNA.

ABSTRACT

Novel genes and vectors exhibiting increased expression and novel splicing patterns are disclosed. The gene can comprise one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites which have been corrected. The gene can alternatively or additionally comprise one or more introns within coding or noncoding sequences. The gene can still further comprise modified 5' and/or 3' untranslated regions optimized to provide high levels and duration of tissue-specific expression. In one embodiment, the gene comprises the coding region of a full-length Factor VIII gene modified by adding an intron within the portion of the gene encoding the β-domain, so that the gene is expressed as a β-domain deleted Factor VIII protein. The novel Factor VIII gene can also be modified to correct one or more consensus or near consensus splice sites within or outside of the coding region.

FIG. 1

Anatomy of an Intron



M = C or A
R = puRine (A or G)
Y = pYrimidine (C or T or U)

FIG. 2

Conservative Mutagenesis of Near Consensus 3' Splice sequence

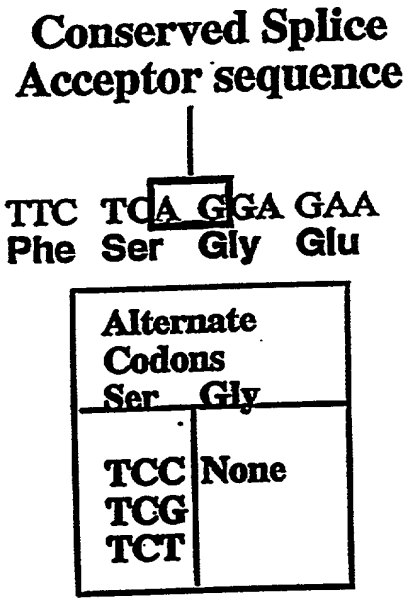


FIG. 3

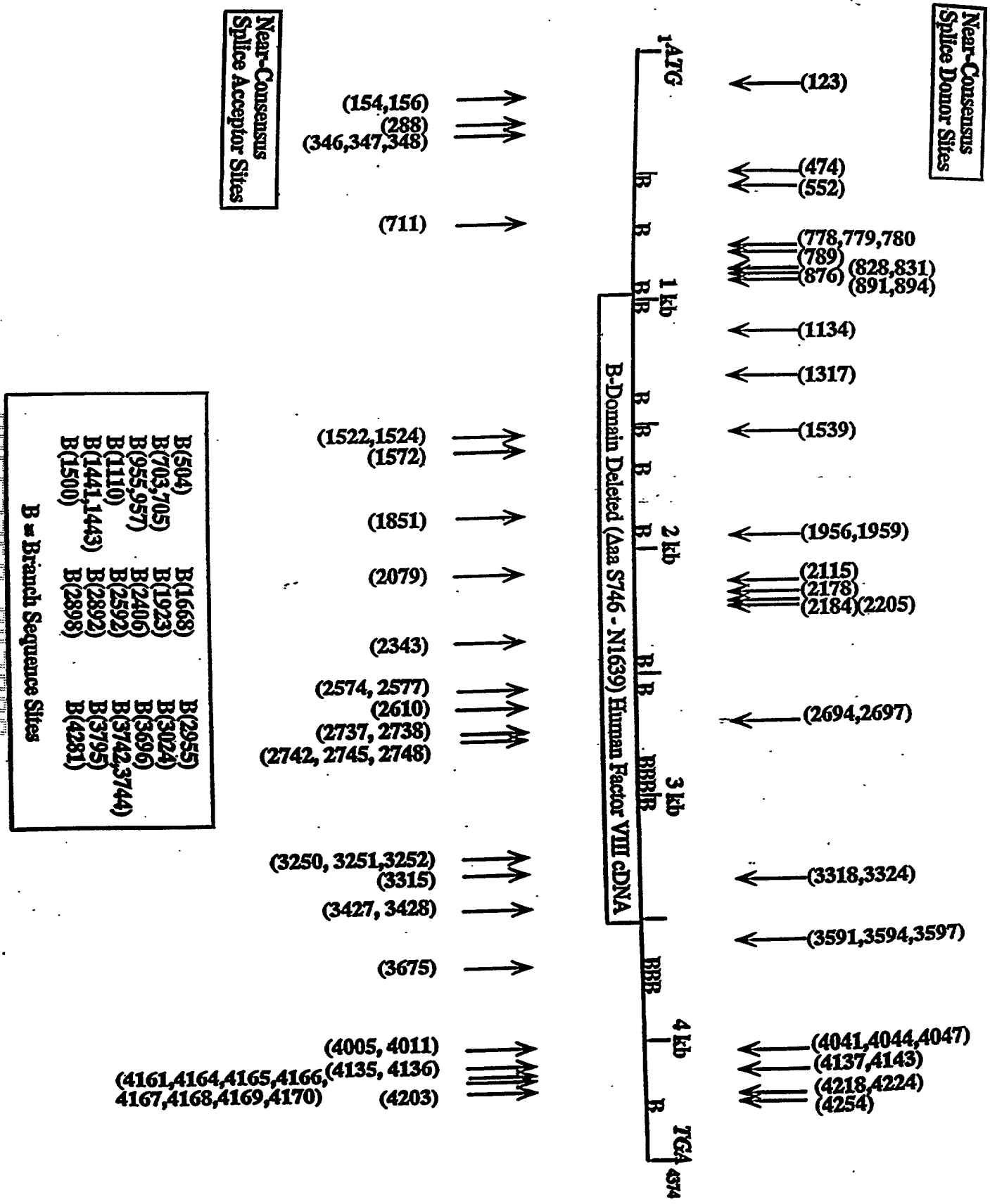

Near-Consensus Splice Donor Sites
Near-Consensus Splice Acceptor Sites
1 ATG
1 kb
2 kb
3 kb
4 kb
4374 TGA
B-Domain Deleted (Δaa S746 - N1639) Human Factor VIII cDNA
(123)
(474)
(552)
(778,779,780
(789)
(876)
(828,831)
(891,894)
(1134)
(1317)
(1539)
(1956,1959)
(2115)
(2178)
(2184)(2205)
(2694,2697)
(3318,3324)
(3591,3594,3597)
(4041,4044,4047)
(4137,4143)
(4218,4224)
(4254)
(154,156)
(288)
(346,347,348)
(711)
(1522,1524)
(1572)
(1851)
(2079)
(2343)
(2574, 2577)
(2610)
(2737, 2738)
(2742, 2745, 2748)
(3250, 3251,3252)
(3315)
(3427, 3428)
(3675)
(4005, 4011)
(4135, 4136)
(4161,4164,4165,4166,
4167,4168,4169,4170)
(4203)
B(504)
B(703,705)
B(955,957)
B(1110)
B(1441,1443)
B(1500)
B(1668)
B(1923)
B(2406)
B(2592)
B(2892)
B(2898)
B(2955)
B(3024)
B(3696)
B(3742,3744)
B(3795)
B(4281)
B = Branch Sequence Sites

FIG. 4A

NC-Splice Donor Changes:

Location in Bayer BDD-Factor VIII cDNA	Nucleotide Change	Codon	Amino Acid
123	T → A	GGA	G
474	G A	CAA	Q
552	T C	GTT	V
778	T A	AGC	S
779	C G	AGC	S
780	T C	AGC	S
789	T A	GGA	G
828	G T	GTT	V
831	T A	ATA	I
876	T A	GGA	G
891	G T	GTT	V
894	G A	AGA	R
1134	G A	AGA	R
1317	T A	GGA	G
1539	T A	GGA	G
1956	G A	GAA	E
1959	G A	GTA	V
2115	T A	GGA	G
2178	G A	AAA	K
2184	T C	TCC	S
2205	T A	GGA	G
2694	A T	GTT	V
2697	T C	ACC	T
3318	T A	GGA	G
3324	T C	TTC	F
3591	G A	AAA	K
3594	G T	GTT	V
3597	T C	GAC	D
4041	G A	CAA	Q
4044	G T	GTT	V
4047	T C	AAC	N
4137	C T	TCT	S
4143	T C	TAC	Y
4218	G A	AAA	K
4224	T C	TTC	F
4254	G C	GTC	V

FIG. 4B

NC-Splice Acceptor Changes

Location in Bayer BDD-Factor VIII cDNA	Nucleotide change	Codon	Amino Acid
154	A → C	CGC	R
156	A C	CGC	R
288	G A	CAA	Q
346	A T	TCC	S
347	G C	TCC	S
348	T C	TCC	S
711	G A	CAA	Q
1522	A C	CGC	R
1524	G C	CGC	R
1572	A C	CCC	P
1851	A C	CCC	P
2079	A C	TCC	S
2343	G A	CAA	Q
2574	T A	GTA	V
2577	T A	GTA	V
2610	G A	CAA	Q
2737	A T	TCC	S
2738	G C	TCC	S
2742	T C	CTC	L
2745	T A	ATA	I
2748	T A	TCA	S
3250	A T	TCC	S
3251	G C	TCC	S
3252	T C	TCC	S
3315	A C	CCC	P
3427	A T	TCC	S
3428	G C	TCC	S
3675	G A	CAA	Q
4005	T A	CTA	L
4011	C A	CTA	L
4135	A T	TCT	S
4136	G C	TCC	S
4161	C A	ATA	I
4164	C G	TCG	S
4165	A T	TCG	S
4166	G C	TCG	S
4167	C G	TCG	S
4168	A T	TCG	S
4169	G C	TCG	S
4170	T G	TCG	S
4203	G A	CAA	Q

FIG. 4C

Branch (lariat) sequence changes:

Location in Bayer BDD-Factor VIII cDNA	Nucleotide change	Codon	Amino Acid
504	T → C	TCC	S
703	T C	CTC	L
705	G C	CTC	L
955	T C	CTC	L
957	G C	CTC	L
1110	T C	ACC	T
1441	T C	CTC	L
1443	G C	CTC	L
1500	T C	ACC	T
1668	T C	GTC	V
1923	T C	TCC	S
2406	T C	TCC	S
2592	T C	ACC	T
2892	T C	TCC	S
2898	T C	GTC	V
2955	T C	ACC	T
3024	T C	TCC	S
3696	T C	CTC	L
3742	T C	CTC	L
3744	A C	CTC	L
3795	T C	TTC	F
4281	G C	CTC	L

FIG. 5A

```
                    5       10      15      20      25      30      35      40      45
                    *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  ATG GAA ATA GAG CTC TCC ACC TGC TTC TTT CTG TGC CTT TTG CGA TTC
                            |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod                10              20              30              40
[ 16902 ]   ATG GAA ATA GAG CTC TCC ACC TGC TTC TTT CTG TGC CTT TTG CGA TTC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  ATG GAA ATA GAG CTC TCC ACC TGC TTC TTT CTG TGC CTT TTG CGA TTC

                50      55      60      65      70      75      80      85      90      95
                 *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  TGC TTT AGT GCC ACC AGA AGA TAC TAC CTG GGT GCA GTG GAA CTG TCA
                |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod50                  60              70              80              90
[ 16902 ]   TGC TTT AGT GCC ACC AGA AGA TAC TAC CTG GGT GCA GTG GAA CTG TCA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TGC TTT AGT GCC ACC AGA AGA TAC TAC CTG GGT GCA GTG GAA CTG TCA

              100   105     110     115   120     125     130   135     140
               *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding  TGG GAC TAT ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGA GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA
                |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod  100               110             120             130             140
[ 16902 ]   TGG GAC TAT ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGt GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TGG GAC TAT ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGA GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA

            145   150     155     160   165     170     175   180     185     190
             *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *
pDJCcoding  TTT CCT CCT CGC GTG CCA AAA TCT TTT CCA TTC AAC ACC TCA GTC GTG
                |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod    150             160             170             180             190
[ 16902 ]   TTT CCT CCT aGa GTG CCA AAA TCT TTT CCA TTC AAC ACC TCA GTC GTG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ v^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TTT CCT CCT CGC GTG CCA AAA TCT TTT CCA TTC AAC ACC TCA GTC GTG

                195     200     205     210     215     220     225     230     235     240
                 *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  TAC AAA AAG ACT CTG TTT GTA GAA TTC ACG GTT CAC CTT TTC AAC ATC
                |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod        200             210             220             230             240
[ 16902 ]   TAC AAA AAG ACT CTG TTT GTA GAA TTC ACG GTT CAC CTT TTC AAC ATC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TAC AAA AAG ACT CTG TTT GTA GAA TTC ACG GTT CAC CTT TTC AAC ATC
```

FIG. 5B

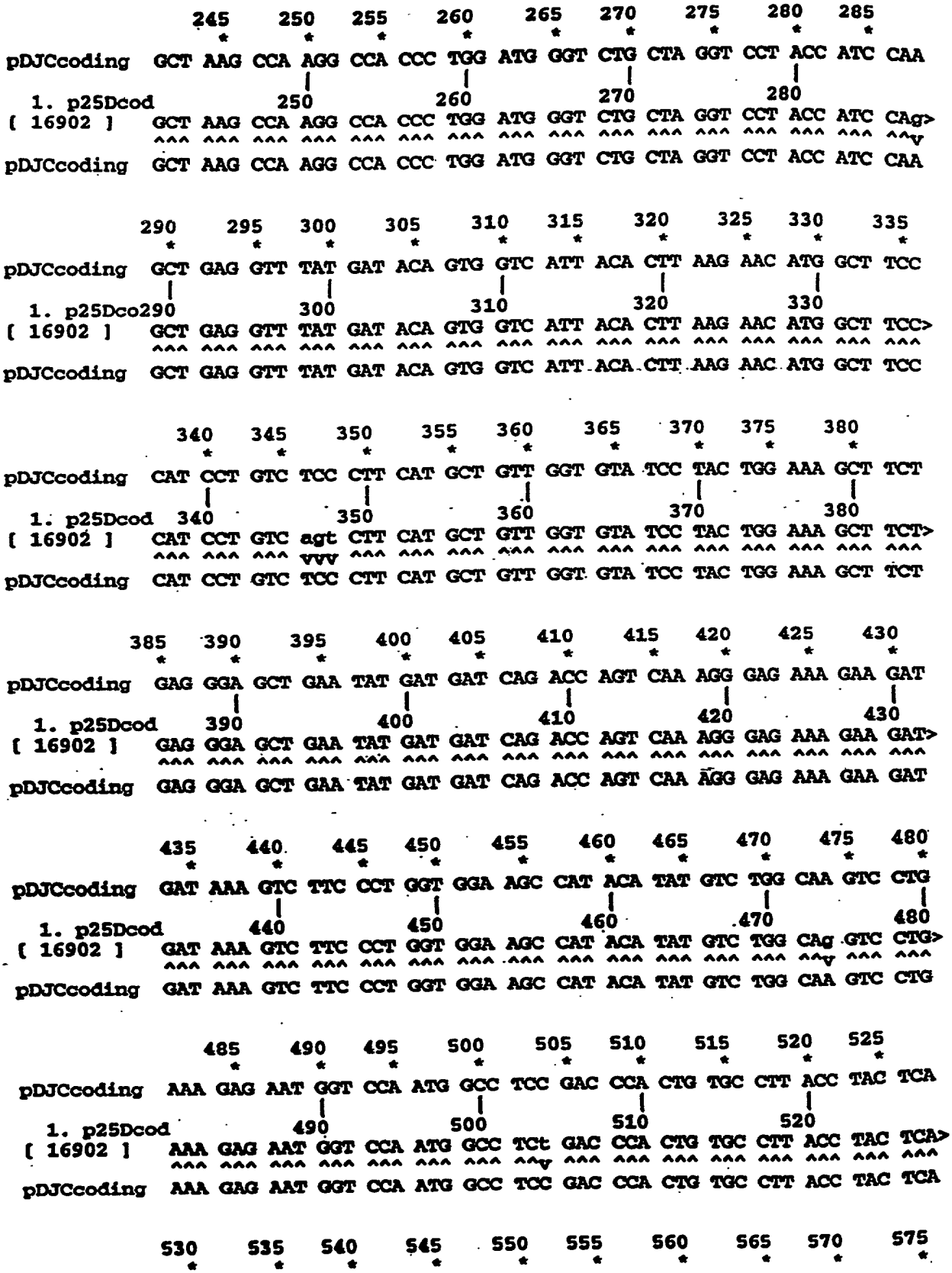

245 250 255 260 265 270 275 280 285
pDJCcoding GCT AAG CCA AGG CCA CCC TGG ATG GGT CTG CTA GGT CCT ACC ATC CAA
1. p25Dcod 250 260 270 280
[16902] GCT AAG CCA AGG CCA CCC TGG ATG GGT CTG CTA GGT CCT ACC ATC CAg>
pDJCcoding GCT AAG CCA AGG CCA CCC TGG ATG GGT CTG CTA GGT CCT ACC ATC CAA
290 295 300 305 310 315 320 325 330 335
pDJCcoding GCT GAG GTT TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC
1. p25Dco290 300 310 320 330
[16902] GCT GAG GTT TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC>
pDJCcoding GCT GAG GTT TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC
340 345 350 355 360 365 370 375 380
pDJCcoding CAT CCT GTC TCC CTT CAT GCT GTT GGT GTA TCC TAC TGG AAA GCT TCT
1. p25Dcod 340 350 360 370 380
[16902] CAT CCT GTC agt CTT CAT GCT GTT GGT GTA TCC TAC TGG AAA GCT TCT>
pDJCcoding CAT CCT GTC TCC CTT CAT GCT GTT GGT GTA TCC TAC TGG AAA GCT TCT
385 390 395 400 405 410 415 420 425 430
pDJCcoding GAG GGA GCT GAA TAT GAT GAT CAG ACC AGT CAA AGG GAG AAA GAA GAT
1. p25Dcod 390 400 410 420 430
[16902] GAG GGA GCT GAA TAT GAT GAT CAG ACC AGT CAA AGG GAG AAA GAA GAT>
pDJCcoding GAG GGA GCT GAA TAT GAT GAT CAG ACC AGT CAA AGG GAG AAA GAA GAT
435 440 445 450 455 460 465 470 475 480
pDJCcoding GAT AAA GTC TTC CCT GGT GGA AGC CAT ACA TAT GTC TGG CAA GTC CTG
1. p25Dcod 440 450 460 470 480
[16902] GAT AAA GTC TTC CCT GGT GGA AGC CAT ACA TAT GTC TGG CAg GTC CTG>
pDJCcoding GAT AAA GTC TTC CCT GGT GGA AGC CAT ACA TAT GTC TGG CAA GTC CTG
485 490 495 500 505 510 515 520 525
pDJCcoding AAA GAG AAT GGT CCA ATG GCC TCC GAC CCA CTG TGC CTT ACC TAC TCA
1. p25Dcod 490 500 510 520
[16902] AAA GAG AAT GGT CCA ATG GCC TCt GAC CCA CTG TGC CTT ACC TAC TCA>
pDJCcoding AAA GAG AAT GGT CCA ATG GCC TCC GAC CCA CTG TGC CTT ACC TAC TCA
530 535 540 545 550 555 560 565 570 575

FIG. 5C

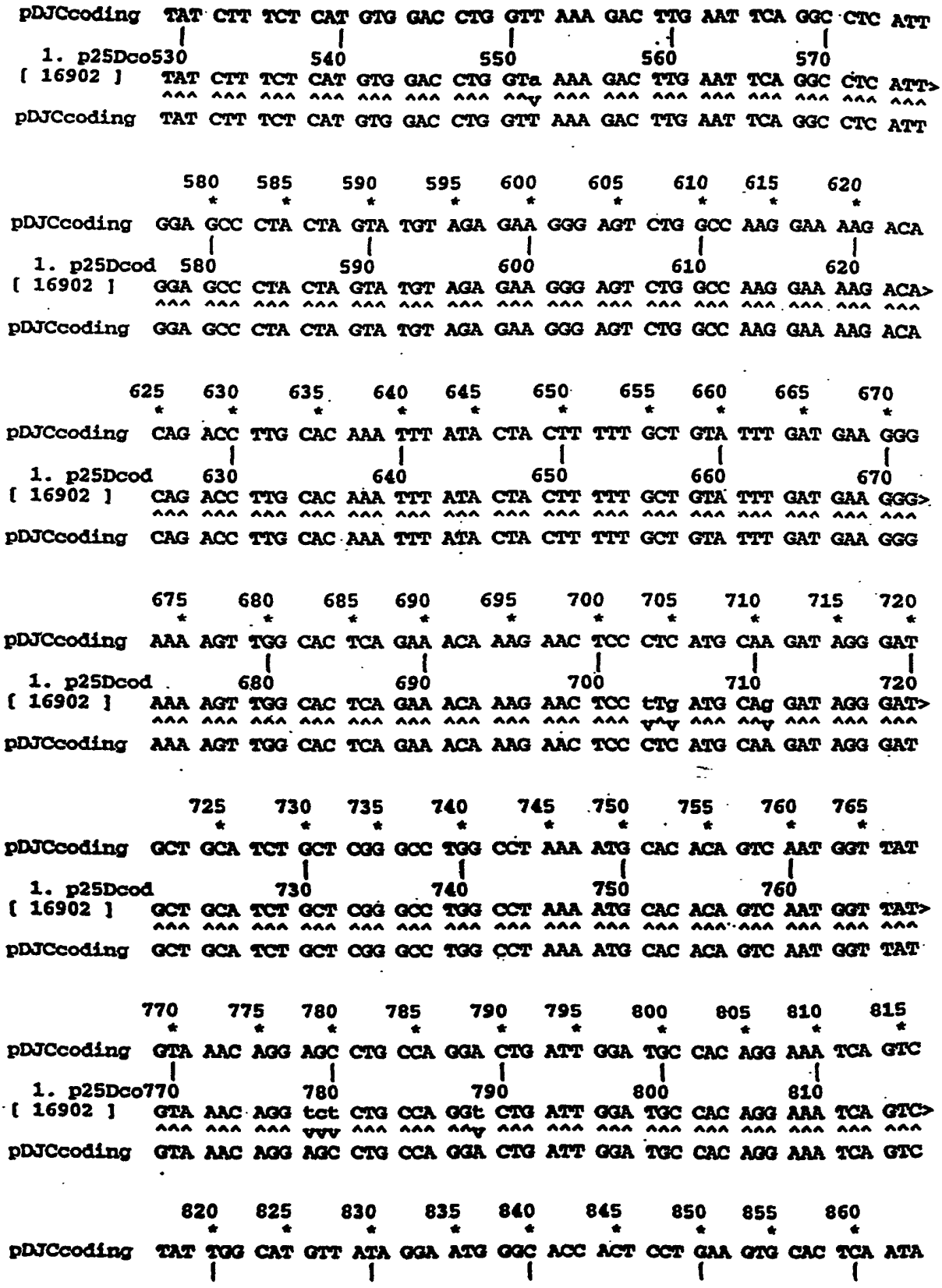

pDJCcoding TAT CTT TCT CAT GTG GAC CTG GTT AAA GAC TTG AAT TCA GGC CTC ATT
1. p25Dco530 540 550 560 570
[16902] TAT CTT TCT CAT GTG GAC CTG GTa AAA GAC TTG AAT TCA GGC CTC ATT>
pDJCcoding TAT CTT TCT CAT GTG GAC CTG GTT AAA GAC TTG AAT TCA GGC CTC ATT
580 585 590 595 600 605 610 615 620
pDJCcoding GGA GCC CTA CTA GTA TGT AGA GAA GGG AGT CTG GCC AAG GAA AAG ACA
1. p25Dcod 580 590 600 610 620
[16902] GGA GCC CTA CTA GTA TGT AGA GAA GGG AGT CTG GCC AAG GAA AAG ACA>
pDJCcoding GGA GCC CTA CTA GTA TGT AGA GAA GGG AGT CTG GCC AAG GAA AAG ACA
625 630 635 640 645 650 655 660 665 670
pDJCcoding CAG ACC TTG CAC AAA TTT ATA CTA CTT TTT GCT GTA TTT GAT GAA GGG
1. p25Dcod 630 640 650 660 670
[16902] CAG ACC TTG CAC AAA TTT ATA CTA CTT TTT GCT GTA TTT GAT GAA GGG>
pDJCcoding CAG ACC TTG CAC AAA TTT ATA CTA CTT TTT GCT GTA TTT GAT GAA GGG
675 680 685 690 695 700 705 710 715 720
pDJCcoding AAA AGT TGG CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC CTC ATG CAA GAT AGG GAT
1. p25Dcod 680 690 700 710 720
[16902] AAA AGT TGG CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC tTg ATG CAg GAT AGG GAT>
pDJCcoding AAA AGT TGG CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC CTC ATG CAA GAT AGG GAT
725 730 735 740 745 750 755 760 765
pDJCcoding GCT GCA TCT GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT
1. p25Dcod 730 740 750 760
[16902] GCT GCA TCT GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT>
pDJCcoding GCT GCA TCT GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT
770 775 780 785 790 795 800 805 810 815
pDJCcoding GTA AAC AGG AGC CTG CCA GGA CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC
1. p25Dco770 780 790 800 810
[16902] GTA AAC AGG tct CTG CCA GGt CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC>
pDJCcoding GTA AAC AGG AGC CTG CCA GGA CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC
820 825 830 835 840 845 850 855 860
pDJCcoding TAT TGG CAT GTT ATA GGA ATG GGC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA

FIG. 5D

```
  1. p25Dcod  820          830          840          850          860
[ 16902 ]   TAT TGG CAT GTg ATt GGA ATG GCC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^y ^^y ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TAT TGG CAT GTT ATA GGA ATG GCC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA

          865   870    875    880   885    890    895   900    905    910
            *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
pDJCcoding  TTC CTC GAA GGA CAC ACA TTT CTT GTT AGA AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC
                  |             |                   |             |      |
  1. p25Dcod    870           880                 890           900    910
[ 16902 ]   TTC CTC GAA GGt CAC ACA TTT CTT GTg AGg AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^y ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^y ^^y ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TTC CTC GAA GGA CAC ACA TTT CTT GTT AGA AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC

          915    920    925   930    935    940   945    950    955   960
            *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  TTG GAA ATC TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC CTC ATG
                  |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod      920           930           940           950           960
[ 16902 ]   TTG GAA ATC TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC tTg ATG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ y^y ^^^
pDJCcoding  TTG GAA ATC TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC CTC ATG

          965    970    975    980    985    990    995   1000  1005
            *      *      *      *      *      *      *     *     *
pDJCcoding  GAC CTT GGA CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT
                  |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod      970           980           990           1000
[ 16902 ]   GAC CTT GGA CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAC CTT GGA CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT

         1010   1015  1020   1025   1030  1035   1040  1045  1050   1055
            *      *     *      *      *     *      *     *     *      *
pDJCcoding  GAT GGC ATG GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC
            |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dc1010          1020          1030          1040          1050
[ 16902 ]   GAT GGC ATG GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAT GGC ATG GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC

         1060  1065   1070   1075  1080   1085   1090  1095   1100
            *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  CAA CTA CGA ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT
            |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1060         1070          1080          1090          1100
[ 16902 ]   CAA CTA CGA ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CAA CTA CGA ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT

         1105  1110   1115   1120  1125   1130   1135  1140   1145   1150
            *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
pDJCcoding  CTT ACC GAT TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGA TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT
            |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1110         1120          1130          1140          1150
[ 16902 ]   CTT ACt GAT TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGg TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT>
```

FIG. 5E

```
                ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      CTT ACC GAT TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGA TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT

                1155    1160    1165    1170    1175    1180    1185    1190    1195    1200
                  *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding      CCT TCC TTT ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT
                        |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          1160            1170            1180            1190            1200
[ 16902 ]       CCT TCC TTT ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      CCT TCC TTT ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT

                  1205    1210    1215    1220    1225    1230    1235    1240    1245
                    *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding      TGG GTA CAT TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC
                        |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          1210            1220            1230            1240
[ 16902 ]       TGG GTA CAT TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      TGG GTA CAT TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC

                1250    1255    1260    1265    1270    1275    1280    1285    1290    1295
                  *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding      TTA GTC CTC GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC
                        |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dc1250        1260            1270            1280            1290
[ 16902 ]       TTA GTC CTC GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      TTA GTC CTC GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC

                 1300  1305    1310    1315  1320    1325    1330  1335    1340
                   *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding      AAT GGC CCT CAG CGG ATT GGA AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG
                        |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod 1300       1310            1320            1330            1340
[ 16902 ]       AAT GGC CCT CAG CGG ATT GGt AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      AAT GGC CCT CAG CGG ATT GGA AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG

                1345  1350    1355    1360  1365    1370    1375  1380    1385    1390
                  *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *
pDJCcoding      GCA TAC ACA GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA
                        |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod    1350            1360            1370            1380            1390
[ 16902 ]       GCA TAC ACA GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      GCA TAC ACA GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA

                1395    1400    1405    1410    1415    1420    1425    1430    1435    1440
                  *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding      TCA GGA ATC TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG
                        |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          1400            1410            1420            1430            1440
[ 16902 ]       TCA GGA ATC TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      TCA GGA ATC TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG
```

FIG. 5F

```
                1445   1450  1455   1460   1465  1470   1475   1480  1485
                  *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  CTC ATT ATA TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT
                          |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod          1450          1460          1470          1480
[ 16902 ]   tTg ATT ATA TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT>
            v^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CTC ATT ATA TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT

           1490   1495  1500   1505   1510  1515   1520   1525  1530   1535
             *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  CAC GGA ATC ACC GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA CGC AGA TTA CCA AAA
            |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dc1490          1500          1510          1520          1530
[ 16902 ]   CAC GGA ATC ACt GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA aGg AGA TTA CCA AAA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ v^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CAC GGA ATC ACC GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA CGC AGA TTA CCA AAA

             1540  1545   1550   1555  1560   1565   1570  1575   1580
               *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  GGA GTA AAA CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCC GGA GAA ATA TTC
              |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1540          1550          1560          1570          1580
[ 16902 ]   GGt GTA AAA CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCa GGA GAA ATA TTC>
            ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GGA GTA AAA CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCC GGA GAA ATA TTC

           1585  1590   1595   1600  1605   1610   1615  1620   1625   1630
             *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
pDJCcoding  AAA TAT AAA TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT
              |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1590          1600          1610          1620          1630
[ 16902 ]   AAA TAT AAA TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  AAA TAT AAA TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT

            1635   1640  1645  1650   1655   1660  1665   1670   1675  1680
              *      *     *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  CCT CGG TGC CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTC AAT ATG GAG AGA
              |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1640          1650          1660          1670          1680
[ 16902 ]   CCT CGG TGC CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTt AAT ATG GAG AGA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CCT CGG TGC CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTC AAT ATG GAG AGA

              1685   1690  1695   1700   1705  1710   1715   1720  1725
                *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  GAT CTA GCT TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA
              |             |             |             |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1690          1700          1710          1720
[ 16902 ]   GAT CTA GCT TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAT CTA GCT TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA
```

FIG. 5G

```
          1730   1735  1740   1745   1750  1755   1760   1765  1770   1775
            *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  TCT GTA GAT CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC
              |           |             |            |             |
  1. p25Dc1730          1740          1750         1760          1770
[ 16902 ]   TCT GTA GAT CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TCT GTA GAT CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC

           1780  1785   1790   1795  1800   1805   1810  1815   1820
             *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  ATC CTG TTT TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG
              |           |             |            |             |
  1. p25Dcod 1780        1790          1800         1810          1820
[ 16902 ]   ATC CTG TTT TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  ATC CTG TTT TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG

         1825  1830   1835   1840  1845   1850   1855  1860   1865   1870
           *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
pDJCcoding  AAT ATA CAA CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCC GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT
              |           |             |            |             |
  1. p25Dcod  1830        1840          1850         1860          1870
[ 16902 ]   AAT ATA CAA CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCa GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^y ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  AAT ATA CAA CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCC GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT

          1875   1880   1885  1890   1895   1900  1905   1910   1915  1920
            *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  CCA GAG TTC CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT
              |           |             |            |             |
  1. p25Dcod  1880        1890          1900         1910          1920
[ 16902 ]   CCA GAG TTC CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CCA GAG TTC CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT

           1925   1930  1935   1940   1945  1950   1955   1960  1965
             *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  TTC GAT AGT TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAA GTA GCA TAC TGG
              |           |             |            |             |
  1. p25Dcod  1930        1940          1950         1960
[ 16902 ]   TTt GAT AGT TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAg GTg GCA TAC TGG>
            ^^y ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^y ^^y ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TTC GAT AGT TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAA GTA GCA TAC TGG

          1970   1975  1980   1985   1990  1995   2000   2005  2010   2015
            *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  TAC ATT CTA AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC
              |           |             |            |             |
  1. p25Dc1970          1980          1990         2000          2010
[ 16902 ]   TAC ATT CTA AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TAC ATT CTA AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC

           2020   2025  2030   2035   2040  2045   2050   2055  2060
             *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
```

FIG. 5H

```
pDJCcoding  TCT GGA TAT ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC
                |       |       |       |       |       |       |
  1. p25Dcod 2020    2030    2040    2050    2060
[ 16902 ]   TCT GGA TAT ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TCT GGA TAT ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC

          2065  2070   2075   2080  2085   2090   2095  2100  2105   2110
            *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *     *      *
pDJCcoding  CTA TTC CCA TTC TCC GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA
              |       |       |       |       |       |       |
  1. p25Dcod  2070    2080    2090    2100    2110
[ 16902 ]   CTA TTC CCA TTC TCa GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CTA TTC CCA TTC TCC GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA

           2115   2120   2125  2130   2135   2140  2145   2150   2155  2160
             *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  GGA CTA TGG ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC
              |       |       |       |       |       |       |
  1. p25Dcod  2120    2130    2140    2150    2160
[ 16902 ]   GGt CTA TGG ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC>
            ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GGA CTA TGG ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC

             2165   2170  2175   2180   2185  2190   2195   2200  2205
               *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding  ATG ACC GCC TTA CTG AAA GTT TCC AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGA GAT
                |       |       |       |       |       |
  1. p25Dcod    2170    2180    2190    2200
[ 16902 ]   ATG ACC GCC TTA CTG AAg GTT TCt AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGt GAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^
pDJCcoding  ATG ACC GCC TTA CTG AAA GTT TCC AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGA GAT

           2210   2215  2220   2225   2230  2235   2240   2245  2250   2255
             *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  TAT TAC GAG GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA
              |       |       |       |       |       |
  1. p25Dc2210    2220    2230    2240    2250
[ 16902 ]   TAT TAC GAG GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TAT TAC GAG GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA

             2260  2265   2270   2275  2280   2285   2290  2295   2300
               *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding  AAC AAT GCC ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG
              |       |       |       |       |       |       |
  1. p25Dcod 2260    2270    2280    2290    2300
[ 16902 ]   AAC AAT GCC ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  AAC AAT GCC ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG

           2305  2310   2315   2320  2325   2330   2335  2340   2345   2350
             *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
pDJCcoding  AAA CGC CAT CAA CGG GAA ATA ACT CGT ACT ACT CTT CAA TCA GAT CAA
                |       |       |       |       |       |
```

FIG. 5I

```
  1. p25Dcod   2310          2320          2330          2340          2350
[ 16902 ]   AAA CGC CAT CAA CGG GAA ATA ACT CGT ACT ACT CTT CAg TCA GAT CAA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  AAA CGC CAT CAA CGG GAA ATA ACT CGT ACT ACT CTT CAA TCA GAT CAA

            2355  2360  2365  2370  2375  2380  2385  2390  2395  2400
              *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *
pDJCcoding  GAG GAA ATT GAC TAT GAT GAT ACC ATA TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA
              |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
  1. p25Dcod      2360          2370          2380          2390          2400
[ 16902 ]   GAG GAA ATT GAC TAT GAT GAT ACC ATA TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAG GAA ATT GAC TAT GAT GAT ACC ATA TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA

              2405  2410  2415  2420  2425  2430  2435  2440  2445
                *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *
pDJCcoding  GAT TTC GAC ATT TAT GAT GAG GAT GAA AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT
                |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
  1. p25Dcod          2410          2420          2430          2440
[ 16902 ]   GAT TTt GAC ATT TAT GAT GAG GAT GAA AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT>
            ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAT TTC GAC ATT TAT GAT GAG GAT GAA AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT

            2450  2455  2460  2465  2470  2475  2480  2485  2490  2495
              *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *
pDJCcoding  CAA AAG AAA ACA CGA CAC TAT TTT ATT GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG
              |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
  1. p25Dc2450        2460          2470          2480          2490
[ 16902 ]   CAA AAG AAA ACA CGA CAC TAT TTT ATT GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CAA AAG AAA ACA CGA CAC TAT TTT ATT GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG

             2500  2505  2510  2515  2520  2525  2530  2535  2540
               *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *
pDJCcoding  GAT TAT GGG ATG AGT AGC TCC CCA CAT GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG
              |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
  1. p25Dcod 2500          2510          2520          2530          2540
[ 16902 ]   GAT TAT GGG ATG AGT AGC TCC CCA CAT GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAT TAT GGG ATG AGT AGC TCC CCA CAT GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG

            2545  2550  2555  2560  2565  2570  2575  2580  2585  2590
              *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *
pDJCcoding  AGT GGC AGT GTC CCT CAG TTC AAG AAA GTA GTA TTC CAG GAA TTT ACC
              |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
  1. p25Dcod  2550          2560          2570          2580          2590
[ 16902 ]   AGT GGC AGT GTC CCT CAG TTC AAG AAA GTt GTt TTC CAG GAA TTT ACt>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v
pDJCcoding  AGT GGC AGT GTC CCT CAG TTC AAG AAA GTA GTA TTC CAG GAA TTT ACC

            2595  2600  2605  2610  2615  2620  2625  2630  2635  2640
              *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *     *
pDJCcoding  GAT GGC TCC TTT ACT CAA CCC TTA TAC CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT
              |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
  1. p25Dcod  2600          2610          2620          2630          2640
[ 16902 ]   GAT GGC TCC TTT ACT CAg CCC TTA TAC CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT>
```

FIG. 5J

```
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      GAT GGC TCC TTT ACT CAA CCC TTA TAC CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT

                  2645    2650  2655    2660    2665  2670    2675    2680  2685
                    *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *
pDJCcoding      TTG GGA CTC CTG GGG CCA TAT ATA AGA GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC
                        |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          2650            2660            2670            2680
[ 16902 ]       TTG GGA CTC CTG GGG CCA TAT ATA AGA GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      TTG GGA CTC CTG GGG CCA TAT ATA AGA GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC

              2690    2695  2700    2705    2710  2715    2720    2725  2730    2735
                *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding      ATG GTT ACC TTC AGA AAT CAG GCC TCT CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT
                |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dc2690  .             2700            2710            2720            2730
[ 16902 ]       ATG GTa ACt TTC AGA AAT CAG GCC TCT CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT>
                ^^^ ^^v ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      ATG GTT ACC TTC AGA AAT CAG GCC TCT CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT

                 2740  2745    2750    2755  2760    2765    2770  2775    2780
                   *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding      TCC CTC ATA TCA TAT GAG GAA GAT CAG AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA
                        |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod 2740               2750            2760            2770            2780
[ 16902 ]       agC CTt ATt TCt TAT GAG GAA GAT CAG AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA>
                vv^ ^^v ^^v ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      TCC CTC ATA TCA TAT GAG GAA GAT CAG AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA

              2785  2790    2795    2800  2805    2810    2815  2820    2825    2830
                *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *
pDJCcoding      AAA AAC TTT GTC AAG CCT AAT GAA ACC AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG
                        |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod    2790            2800            2810            2820            2830
[ 16902 ]       AAA AAC TTT GTC AAG CCT AAT GAA ACC AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      AAA AAC TTT GTC AAG CCT AAT GAA ACC AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG

                2835  2840    2845  2850    2855    2860  2865    2870    2875  2880
                  *     *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *
pDJCcoding      CAA CAT CAT ATG GCA CCC ACT AAA GAT GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG
                        |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          2840            2850            2860            2870            2880
[ 16902 ]       CAA CAT CAT ATG GCA CCC ACT AAA GAT GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      CAA CAT CAT ATG GCA CCC ACT AAA GAT GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG

                  2885    2890  2895    2900    2905  2910    2915    2920  2925
                    *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *
pDJCcoding      GCT TAT TTC TCC GAT GTC GAC CTG GAA AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG
                        |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          2890            2900            2910            2920
[ 16902 ]       GCT TAT TTC TCt GAT GTt GAC CTG GAA AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG>
                ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding      GCT TAT TTC TCC GAT GTC GAC CTG GAA AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG
```

FIG. 5K

```
          2930    2935  2940    2945    2950  2955    2960    2965  2970    2975
            *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding  ATT GGA CCC CTT CTG GTC TGC CAC ACC AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT
            |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dc2930          2940            2950            2960            2970
[ 16902 ]   ATT GGA CCC CTT CTG GTC TGC CAC ACt AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  ATT GGA CCC CTT CTG GTC TGC CAC ACC AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT

             2980  2985    2990    2995  3000    3005    3010  3015    3020
               *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding  GGG AGA CAA GTG ACA GTA CAG GAA TTT GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTC
            |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod 2980         2990            3000            3010            3020
[ 16902 ]   GGG AGA CAA GTG ACA GTA CAG GAA TTT GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTt>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v
pDJCcoding  GGG AGA CAA GTG ACA GTA CAG GAA TTT GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTC

          3025  3030    3035    3040  3045    3050    3055  3060    3065    3070
            *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *
pDJCcoding  GAT GAG ACC AAA AGC TGG TAC TTC ACT GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC
            |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod   3030          3040            3050            3060            3070
[ 16902 ]   GAT GAG ACC AAA AGC TGG TAC TTC ACT GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  GAT GAG ACC AAA AGC TGG TAC TTC ACT GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC

          3075  3080    3085  3090    3095    3100  3105    3110    3115  3120
            *     *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *
pDJCcoding  AGG GCT CCC TGC AAT ATC CAG ATG GAA GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT
            |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod      3080          3090            3100            3110            3120
[ 16902 ]   AGG GCT CCC TGC AAT ATC CAG ATG GAA GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  AGG GCT CCC TGC AAT ATC CAG ATG GAA GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT

            3125    3130  3135    3140    3145  3150    3155    3160  3165
              *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *
pDJCcoding  TAT CGC TTC CAT GCA ATC AAT GGC TAC ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC
                |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dcod          3130            3140            3150            3160
[ 16902 ]   TAT CGC TTC CAT GCA ATC AAT GGC TAC ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TAT CGC TTC CAT GCA ATC AAT GGC TAC ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC

          3170    3175  3180    3185    3190  3195    3200    3205  3210    3215
            *       *     *       *       *     *       *       *     *       *
pDJCcoding  TTA GTA ATG GCT CAG GAT CAA AGG ATT CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG
            |               |               |               |               |
  1. p25Dc3170          3180            3190            3200            3210
[ 16902 ]   TTA GTA ATG GCT CAG GAT CAA AGG ATT CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TTA GTA ATG GCT CAG GAT CAA AGG ATT CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG
```

FIG. 5L

```
                3220  3225   3230   3235  3240   3245   3250  3255   3260
                  *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding    GGC AGC AAT GAA AAC ATC CAT TCT ATT CAT TTC TCC GGA CAT GTG TTC
                |       |      |      |     |      |      |     |      |
  1. p25Dcod 3220         3230         3240         3250         3260
[ 16902 ]     GGC AGC AAT GAA AAC ATC CAT TCT ATT CAT TTC agt GGA CAT GTG TTC>
              ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ vvv ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding    GGC AGC AAT GAA AAC ATC CAT TCT ATT CAT TTC TCC GGA CAT GTG TTC

           3265  3270   3275   3280  3285   3290   3295  3300   3305   3310
             *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
pDJCcoding    ACT GTA CGA AAA AAA GAG GAG TAT AAA ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT
                |       |      |      |     |      |      |     |      |
  1. p25Dcod   3270         3280         3290         3300         3310
[ 16902 ]     ACT GTA CGA AAA AAA GAG GAG TAT AAA ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT>
              ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding    ACT GTA CGA AAA AAA GAG GAG TAT AAA ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT

              3315   3320   3325  3330   3335   3340  3345   3350   3355  3360
                *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding    CCC GGA GTT TTC GAG ACA GTG GAA ATG TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT
                |      |      |     |      |      |     |      |      |
  1. p25Dcod       3320         3330         3340         3350         3360
[ 16902 ]     CCa GGt GTT TTt GAG ACA GTG GAA ATG TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT>
              ^^v ^^v ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding    CCC GGA GTT TTC GAG ACA GTG GAA ATG TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT

                3365   3370  3375   3380   3385  3390   3395   3400  3405
                  *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *
pDJCcoding    TGG CGG GTG GAA TGC CTT ATT GGC GAG CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC
                |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |
  1. p25Dcod       3370         3380         3390         3400
[ 16902 ]     TGG CGG GTG GAA TGC CTT ATT GGC GAG CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC>
              ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding    TGG CGG GTG GAA TGC CTT ATT GGC GAG CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC

              3410   3415  3420   3425   3430  3435   3440   3445  3450   3455
                *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding    ACA CTT TTT CTG GTG TAC TCC AAT AAG TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG
                |      |      |      |      |     |      |      |
  1. p25Dc3410     3420         3430         3440         3450
[ 16902 ]     ACA CTT TTT CTG GTG TAC agC AAT AAG TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG>
              ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ vv^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding    ACA CTT TTT CTG GTG TAC TCC AAT AAG TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG

              3460   3465   3470   3475  3480   3485   3490  3495   3500
                *      *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *
pDJCcoding    GCT TCT GGA CAC ATT AGA GAT TTT CAG ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT
                |      |      |      |     |      |      |     |
  1. p25Dcod 3460         3470         3480         3490         3500
[ 16902 ]     GCT TCT GGA CAC ATT AGA GAT TTT CAG ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT>
              ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding    GCT TCT GGA CAC ATT AGA GAT TTT CAG ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT

              3505  3510   3515   3520  3525   3530   3535  3540   3545   3550
                *     *      *      *     *      *      *     *      *      *
```

FIG. 5M

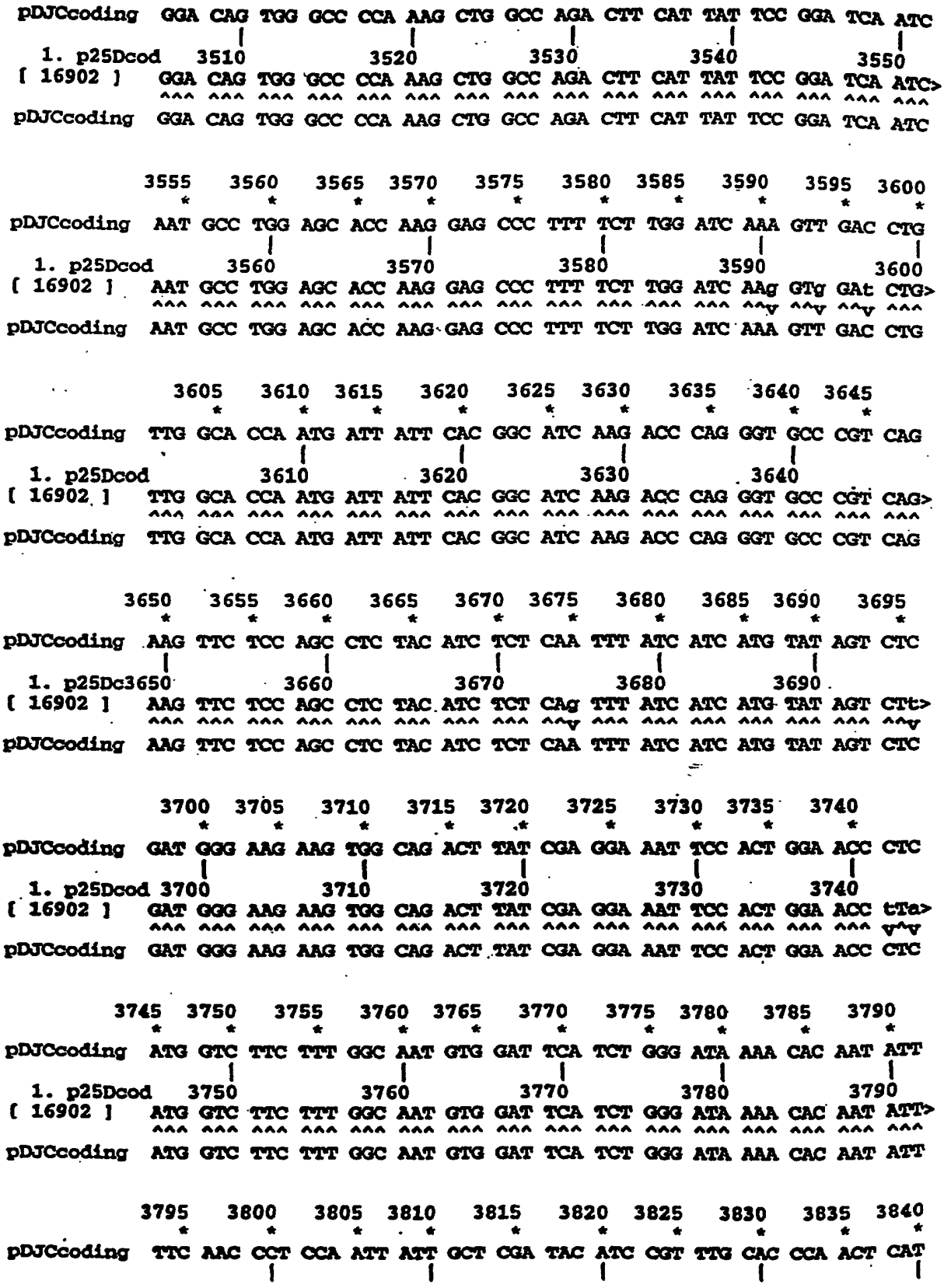

pDJCcoding GGA CAG TGG GCC CCA AAG CTG GCC AGA CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC
1. p25Dcod 3510 3520 3530 3540 3550
[16902] GGA CAG TGG GCC CCA AAG CTG GCC AGA CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC>
pDJCcoding GGA CAG TGG GCC CCA AAG CTG GCC AGA CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC
3555 3560 3565 3570 3575 3580 3585 3590 3595 3600
pDJCcoding AAT GCC TGG AGC ACC AAG GAG CCC TTT TCT TGG ATC AAA GTT GAC CTG
1. p25Dcod 3560 3570 3580 3590 3600
[16902] AAT GCC TGG AGC ACC AAG GAG CCC TTT TCT TGG ATC AAg GTg GAt CTG>
pDJCcoding AAT GCC TGG AGC ACC AAG GAG CCC TTT TCT TGG ATC AAA GTT GAC CTG
3605 3610 3615 3620 3625 3630 3635 3640 3645
pDJCcoding TTG GCA CCA ATG ATT ATT CAC GGC ATC AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG
1. p25Dcod 3610 3620 3630 3640
[16902] TTG GCA CCA ATG ATT ATT CAC GGC ATC AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG>
pDJCcoding TTG GCA CCA ATG ATT ATT CAC GGC ATC AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG
3650 3655 3660 3665 3670 3675 3680 3685 3690 3695
pDJCcoding AAG TTC TCC AGC CTC TAC ATC TCT CAA TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTC
1. p25Dc3650 3660 3670 3680 3690
[16902] AAG TTC TCC AGC CTC TAC ATC TCT CAg TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTt>
pDJCcoding AAG TTC TCC AGC CTC TAC ATC TCT CAA TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTC
3700 3705 3710 3715 3720 3725 3730 3735 3740
pDJCcoding GAT GGG AAG AAG TGG CAG ACT TAT CGA GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC CTC
1. p25Dcod 3700 3710 3720 3730 3740
[16902] GAT GGG AAG AAG TGG CAG ACT TAT CGA GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC tTa>
pDJCcoding GAT GGG AAG AAG TGG CAG ACT TAT CGA GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC CTC
3745 3750 3755 3760 3765 3770 3775 3780 3785 3790
pDJCcoding ATG GTC TTC TTT GGC AAT GTG GAT TCA TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT
1. p25Dcod 3750 3760 3770 3780 3790
[16902] ATG GTC TTC TTT GGC AAT GTG GAT TCA TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT>
pDJCcoding ATG GTC TTC TTT GGC AAT GTG GAT TCA TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT
3795 3800 3805 3810 3815 3820 3825 3830 3835 3840
pDJCcoding TTC AAC CCT CCA ATT ATT GCT CGA TAC ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT

FIG. 5N

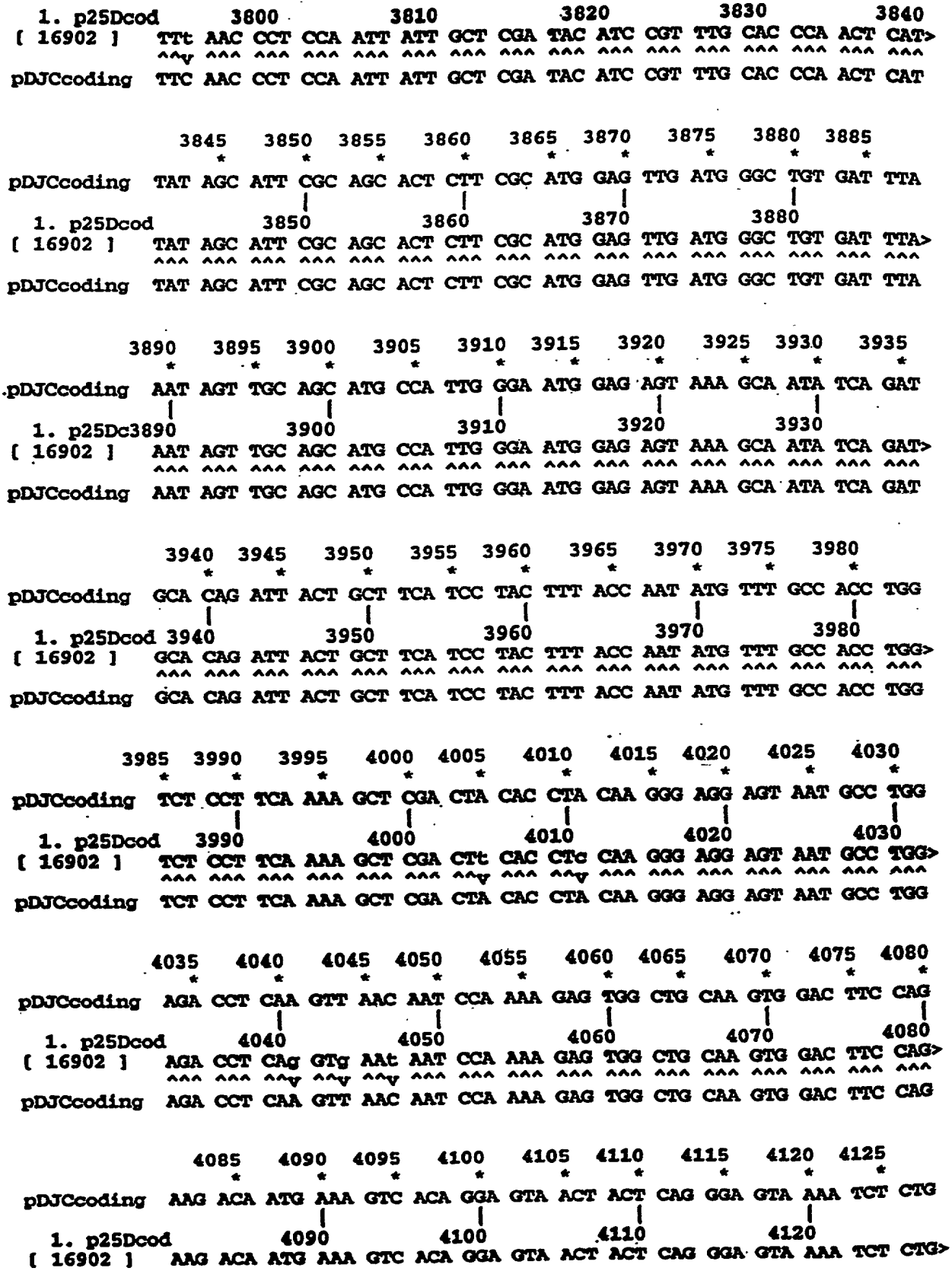

1. p25Dcod 3800 3810 3820 3830 3840
[16902] TTt AAC CCT CCA ATT ATT GCT CGA TAC ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT>
pDJCcoding TTC AAC CCT CCA ATT ATT GCT CGA TAC ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT
3845 3850 3855 3860 3865 3870 3875 3880 3885
pDJCcoding TAT AGC ATT CGC AGC ACT CTT CGC ATG GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA
1. p25Dcod 3850 3860 3870 3880
[16902] TAT AGC ATT CGC AGC ACT CTT CGC ATG GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA>
pDJCcoding TAT AGC ATT CGC AGC ACT CTT CGC ATG GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA
3890 3895 3900 3905 3910 3915 3920 3925 3930 3935
pDJCcoding AAT AGT TGC AGC ATG CCA TTG GGA ATG GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT
1. p25Dc3890 3900 3910 3920 3930
[16902] AAT AGT TGC AGC ATG CCA TTG GGA ATG GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT>
pDJCcoding AAT AGT TGC AGC ATG CCA TTG GGA ATG GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT
3940 3945 3950 3955 3960 3965 3970 3975 3980
pDJCcoding GCA CAG ATT ACT GCT TCA TCC TAC TTT ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG
1. p25Dcod 3940 3950 3960 3970 3980
[16902] GCA CAG ATT ACT GCT TCA TCC TAC TTT ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG>
pDJCcoding GCA CAG ATT ACT GCT TCA TCC TAC TTT ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG
3985 3990 3995 4000 4005 4010 4015 4020 4025 4030
pDJCcoding TCT CCT TCA AAA GCT CGA CTA CAC CTA CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG
1. p25Dcod 3990 4000 4010 4020 4030
[16902] TCT CCT TCA AAA GCT CGA CTt CAC CTc CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG>
pDJCcoding TCT CCT TCA AAA GCT CGA CTA CAC CTA CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG
4035 4040 4045 4050 4055 4060 4065 4070 4075 4080
pDJCcoding AGA CCT CAA GTT AAC AAT CCA AAA GAG TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG
1. p25Dcod 4040 4050 4060 4070 4080
[16902] AGA CCT CAg GTg AAt AAT CCA AAA GAG TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG>
pDJCcoding AGA CCT CAA GTT AAC AAT CCA AAA GAG TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG
4085 4090 4095 4100 4105 4110 4115 4120 4125
pDJCcoding AAG ACA ATG AAA GTC ACA GGA GTA ACT ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG
1. p25Dcod 4090 4100 4110 4120
[16902] AAG ACA ATG AAA GTC ACA GGA GTA ACT ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG>

FIG. 50

```
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  AAG ACA ATG AAA GTC ACA GGA GTA ACT ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG

            4130    4135    4140    4145    4150    4155    4160    4165    4170    4175
             *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  CTT ACC TCT ATG TAC GTG AAG GAG TTC CTC ATA TCG TCG TCG CAA GAT
             |           |           |           |           |
  1. p25Dc4130          4140        4150        4160        4170
[ 16902 ]   CTT ACC agc ATG TAt GTG AAG GAG TTC CTC ATc TCc agc agt CAA GAT>
            ^^^ ^^^ vvv ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^v vvv vvv ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CTT ACC TCT ATG TAC GTG AAG GAG TTC CTC ATA TCG TCG TCG CAA GAT

            4180    4185    4190    4195    4200    4205    4210    4215    4220
             *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  GGC CAT CAG TGG ACT CTC TTT TTT CAA AAT GGC AAA GTA AAA GTT TTC
                 |           |           |           |           |
  1. p25Dcod 4180           4190        4200        4210        4220
[ 16902 ]   GGC CAT CAG TGG ACT CTC TTT TTT CAg AAT GGC AAA GTA AAg GTT TTt>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^v
pDJCcoding  GGC CAT CAG TGG ACT CTC TTT TTT CAA AAT GGC AAA GTA AAA GTT TTC

            4225    4230    4235    4240    4245    4250    4255    4260    4265    4270
             *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  CAG GGA AAT CAA GAC TCC TTC ACA CCT GTC GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA
                 |           |           |           |           |
  1. p25Dcod    4230        4240        4250        4260        4270
[ 16902 ]   CAG GGA AAT CAA GAC TCC TTC ACA CCT GTg GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CAG GGA AAT CAA GAC TCC TTC ACA CCT GTC GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA

            4275    4280    4285    4290    4295    4300    4305    4310    4315    4320
             *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  CCG TTA CTC ACT CGC TAC CTT CGA ATT CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC
                     |           |           |           |           |
  1. p25Dcod        4280        4290        4300        4310        4320
[ 16902 ]   CCG TTA CTg ACT CGC TAC CTT CGA ATT CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^v ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CCG TTA CTC ACT CGC TAC CTT CGA ATT CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC

            4325    4330    4335    4340    4345    4350    4355    4360    4365
             *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *       *
pDJCcoding  CAG ATT GCC CTG AGG ATG GAG GTT CTG GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC
                     |           |           |           |
  1. p25Dcod        4330        4340        4350        4360
[ 16902 ]   CAG ATT GCC CTG AGG ATG GAG GTT CTG GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC>
            ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  CAG ATT GCC CTG AGG ATG GAG GTT CTG GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC

            4370
             *
pDJCcoding  TAC TGA
             |
  1. p25Dc4370
[ 16902 ]   TAC TGA>
            ^^^ ^^^
pDJCcoding  TAC TGA
```

FIG. 6

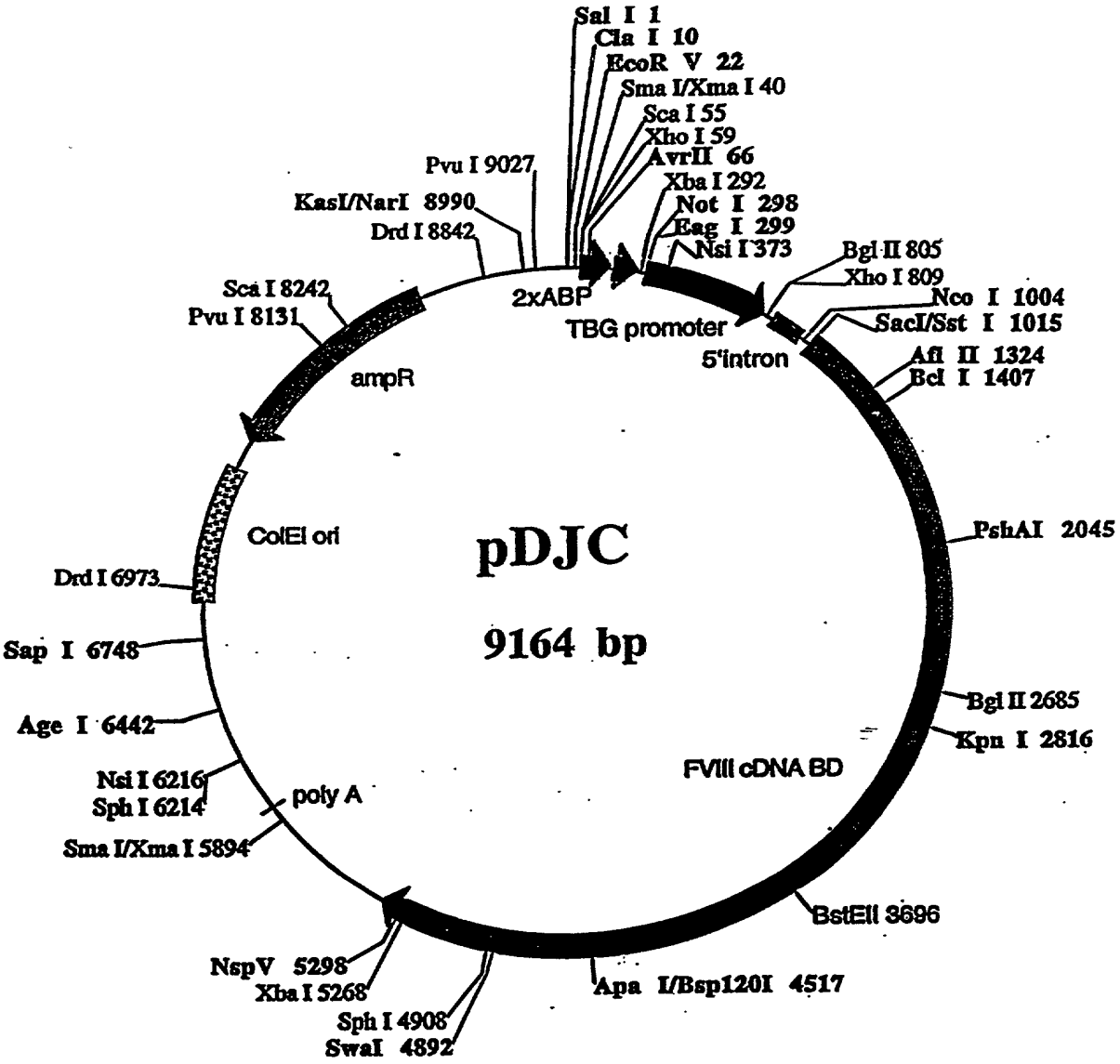

pDJC
9164 bp
Sal I 1
Cla I 10
EcoR V 22
Sma I/Xma I 40
Sca I 55
Xho I 59
AvrII 66
Xba I 292
Not I 298
Eag I 299
Nsi I 373
Bgl II 805
Xho I 809
Nco I 1004
SacI/Sst I 1015
Afl II 1324
Bcl I 1407
PshAI 2045
Bgl II 2685
Kpn I 2816
BstEII 3696
Apa I/Bsp120I 4517
SwaI 4892
Sph I 4908
Xba I 5268
NspV 5298
Sma I/Xma I 5894
Sph I 6214
Nsi I 6216
Age I 6442
Sap I 6748
Drd I 6973
Pvu I 8131
Sca I 8242
KasI/NarI 8990
Drd I 8842
Pvu I 9027
2xABP
TBG promoter
5'intron
FVIII cDNA BD
poly A
ampR
ColEI ori

FIG. 7

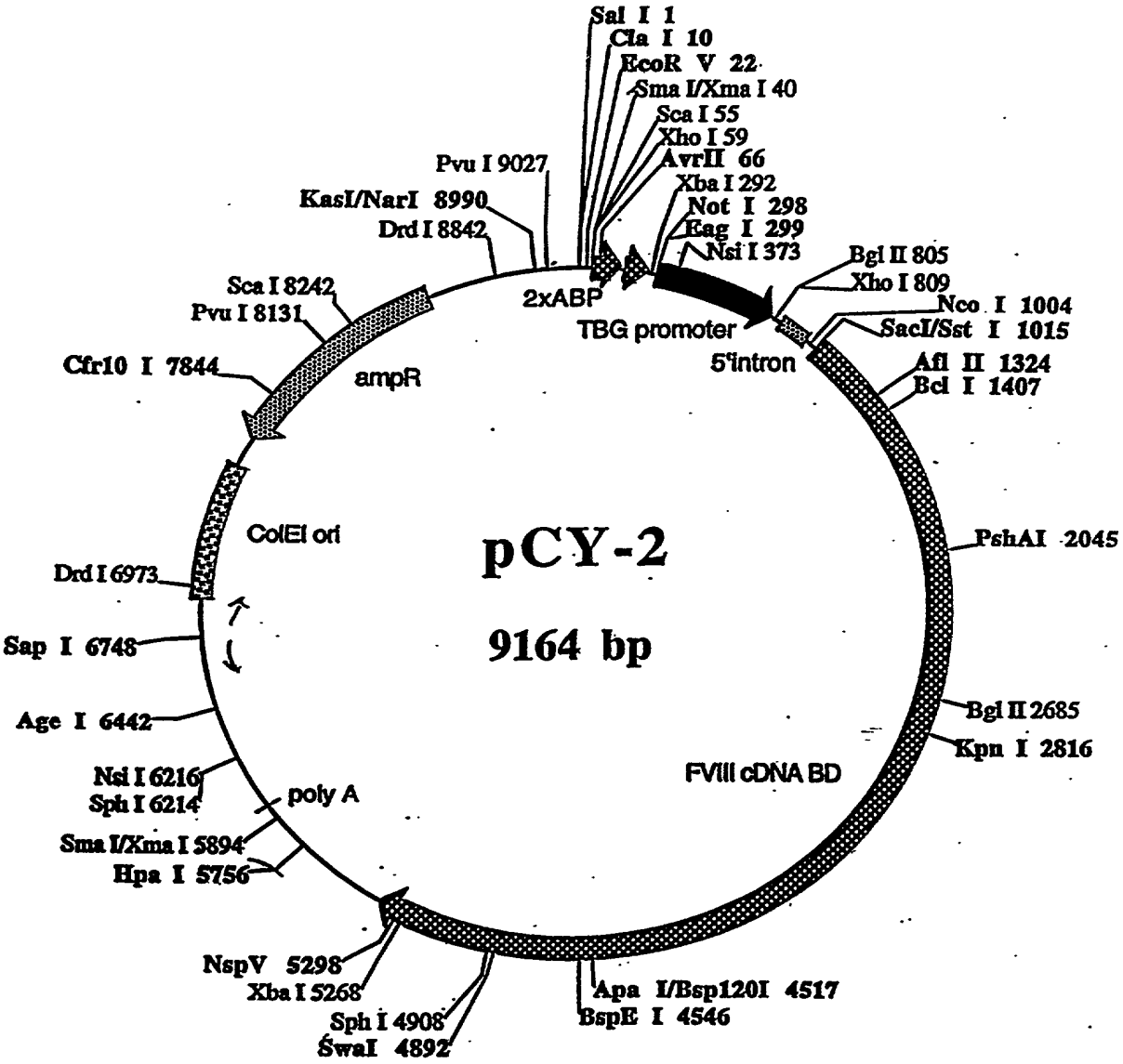

Sal I 1
Cla I 10
EcoR V 22
Sma I/Xma I 40
Sca I 55
Xho I 59
AvrII 66
Xba I 292
Not I 298
Eag I 299
Nsi I 373
Bgl II 805
Xho I 809
Nco I 1004
SacI/Sst I 1015
Afl II 1324
Bcl I 1407
PshAI 2045
Bgl II 2685
Kpn I 2816
Apa I/Bsp120I 4517
BspE I 4546
NspV 5298
Xba I 5268
Sph I 4908
SwaI 4892
Sma I/Xma I 5894
Hpa I 5756
Nsi I 6216
Sph I 6214
Age I 6442
Sap I 6748
Drd I 6973
Cfr10 I 7844
Sca I 8242
Pvu I 8131
KasI/NarI 8990
Drd I 8842
Pvu I 9027
2xABP
TBG promoter
5'intron
FVIII cDNA BD
poly A
ampR
ColEI ori
pCY-2
9164 bp

FIG. 8

Human Factor VIII cDNA Synthetic Approach

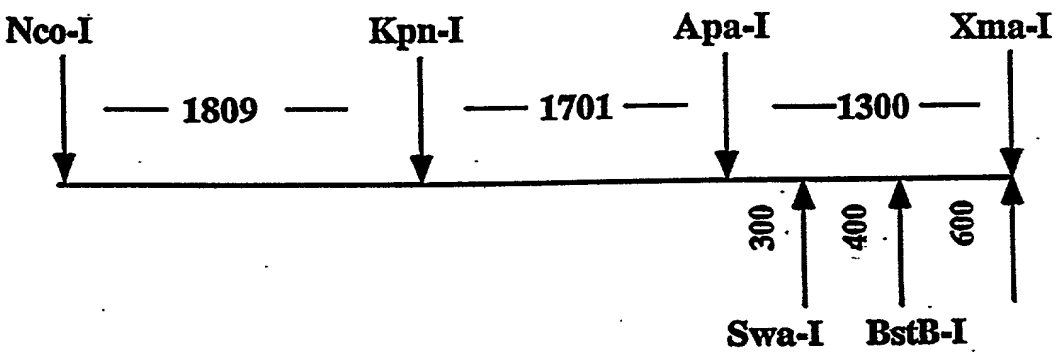


FIG. 9

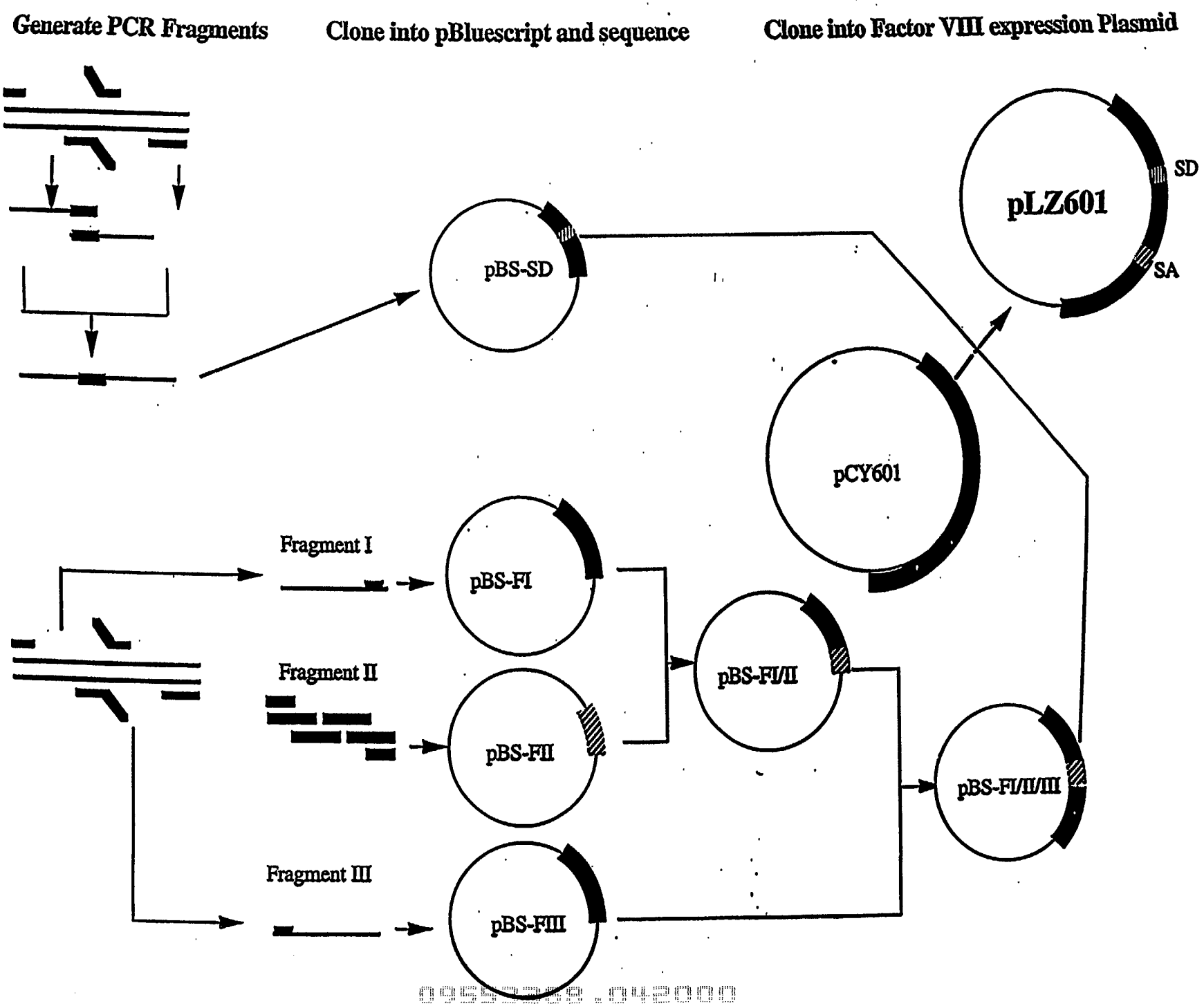

Generate PCR Fragments
Clone into pBluescript and sequence
Clone into Factor VIII expression Plasmid
pBS-SD
pLZ601
SD
SA
pCY601
Fragment I
pBS-FI
Fragment II
pBS-FII
pBS-FI/II
pBS-FI/II/III
Fragment III
pBS-FIII

FIG. 10

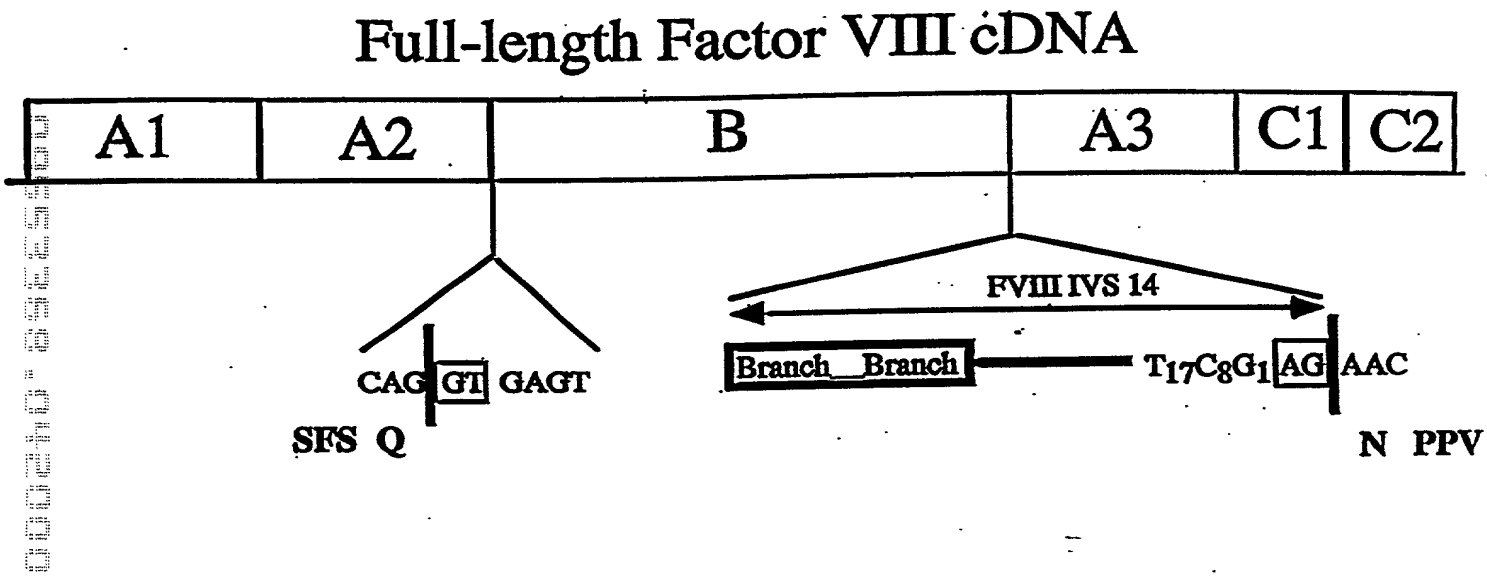

Full-length Factor VIII cDNA
A1
A2
B
A3
C1
C2
FVIII IVS 14
CAG GT GAGT
SFS Q
Branch Branch
$T_{17}C_8G_1$ AG AAC
N PPV

FIG. 11

Factor VIII Full Length cDNA (Exon-Intron Boundary)

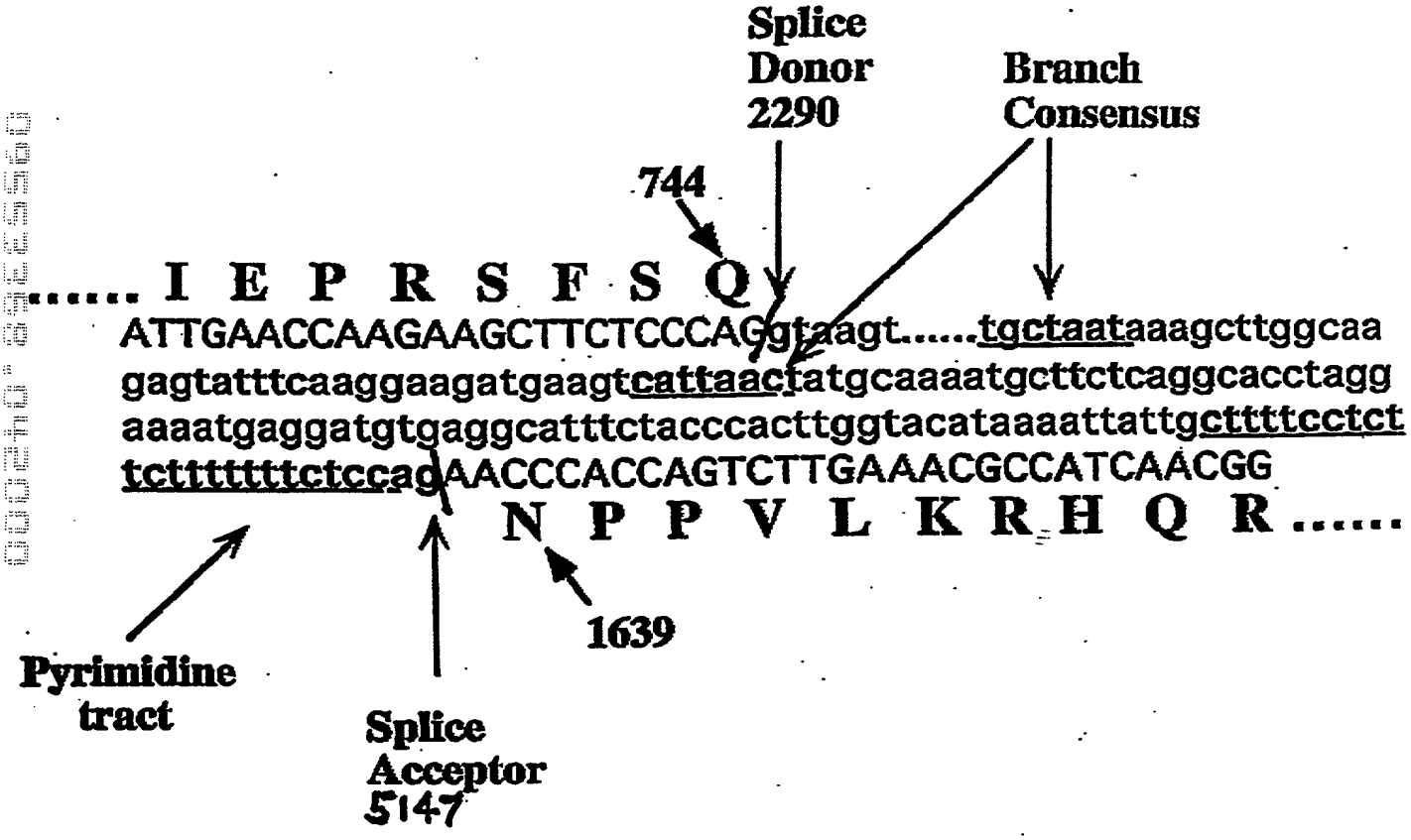


FIG. 12

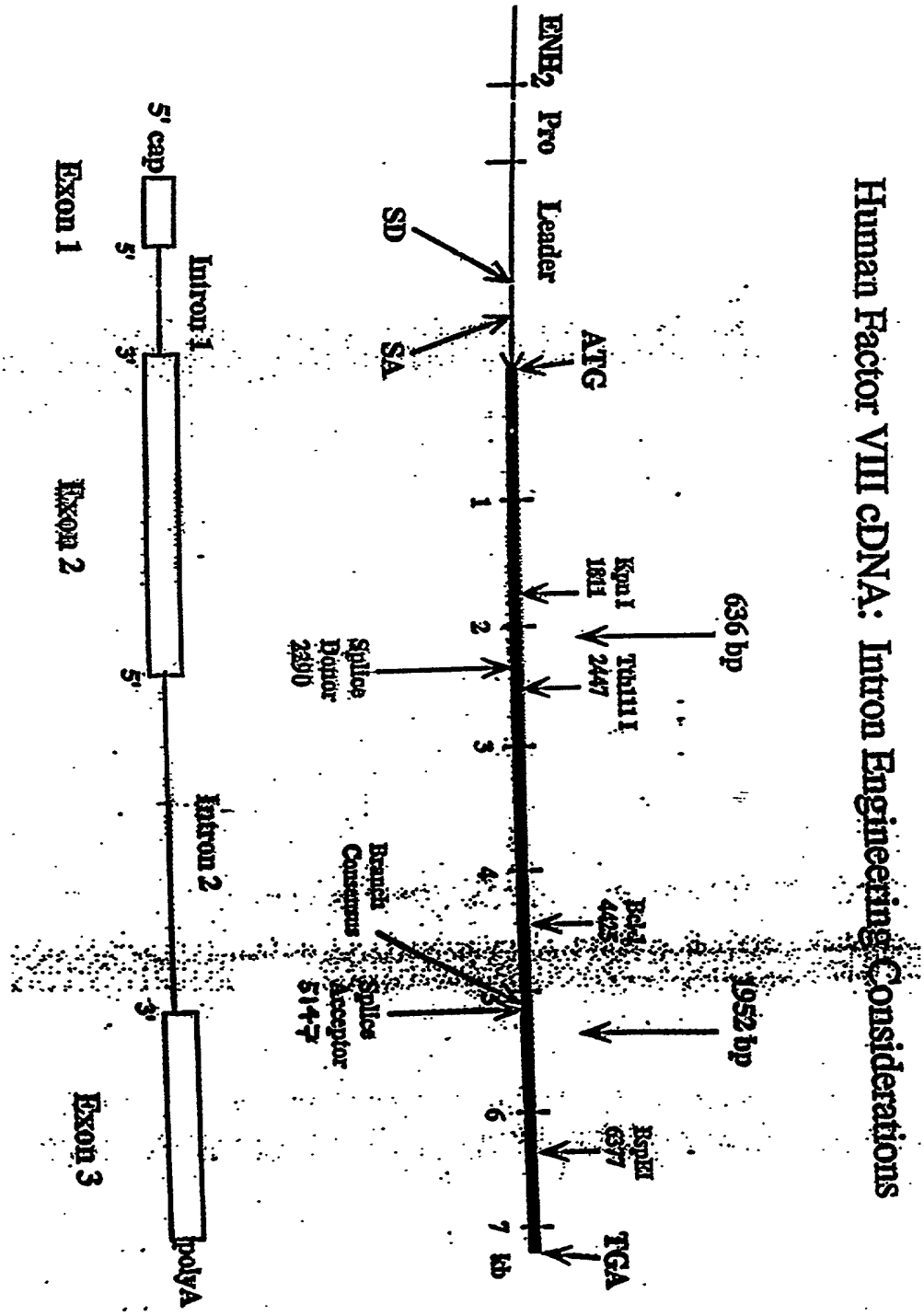

Human Factor VIII cDNA: Intron Engineering Considerations
ENH2
Pro
Leader
SD
SA
ATG
TGA
5' cap
Exon 1
Intron 1
Exon 2
Intron 2
Exon 3
polyA
Kpn I 1811
Tth111 I 2447
Splice Donor 2490
Branch Consensus
Splice Acceptor 5147
Pst I 4425
636 bp
1952 bp
RspH I 6377
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
kb

FIG. 13

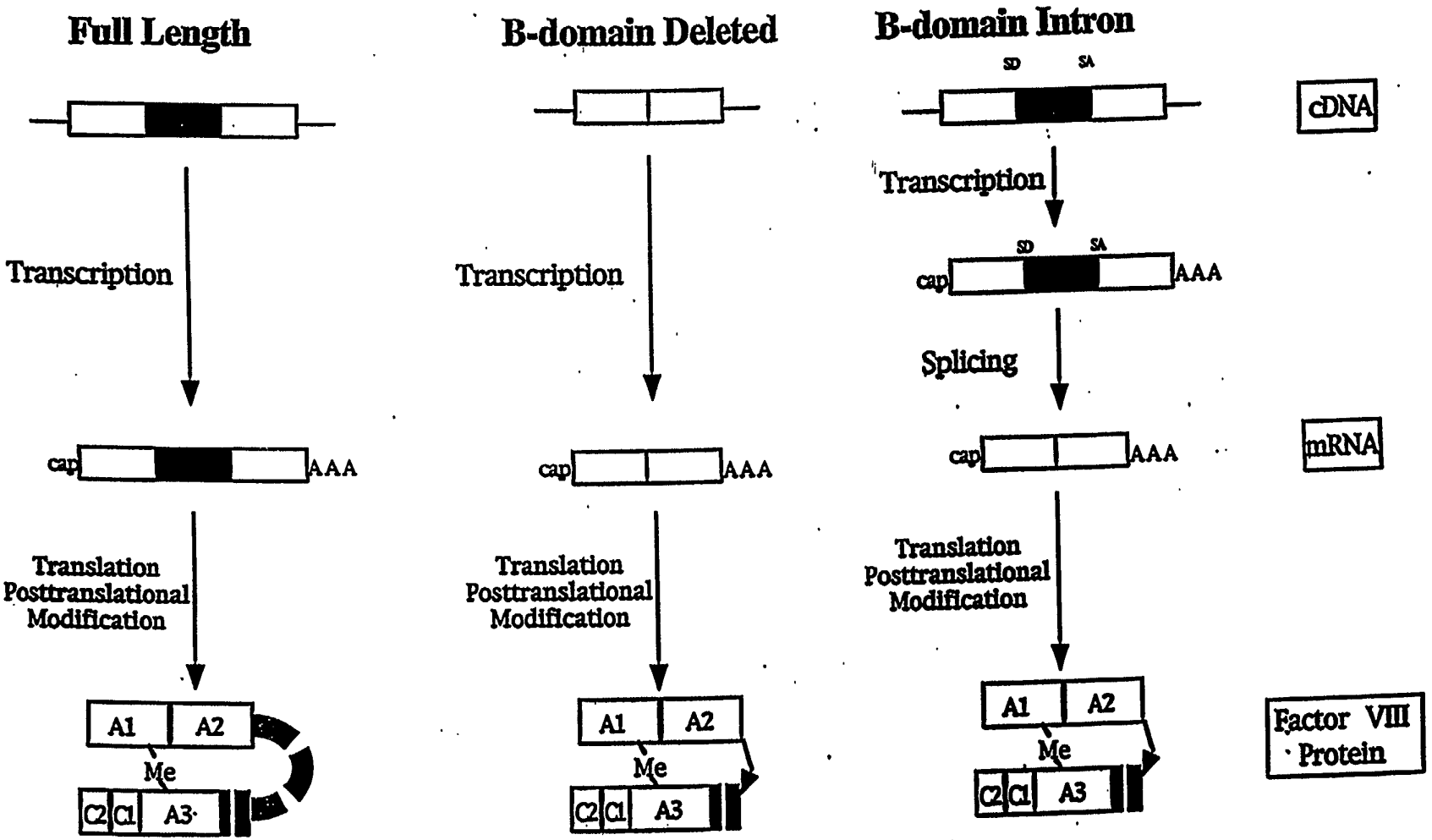


FIG. 14

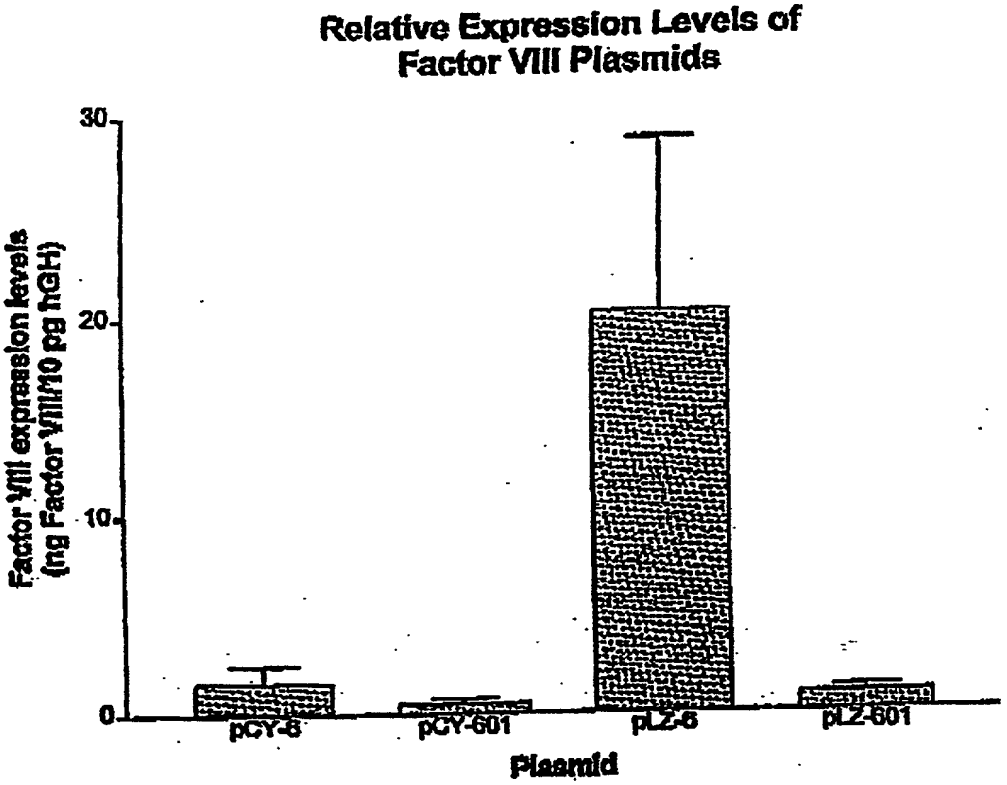

Relative Expression Levels of
Factor VIII Plasmids
Factor VIII expression levels
(ng Factor VIII/10 pg hGH)
30
20
10
0
pCY-6
pCY-601
pLZ-6
pLZ-601
Plasmid

FIG. 15

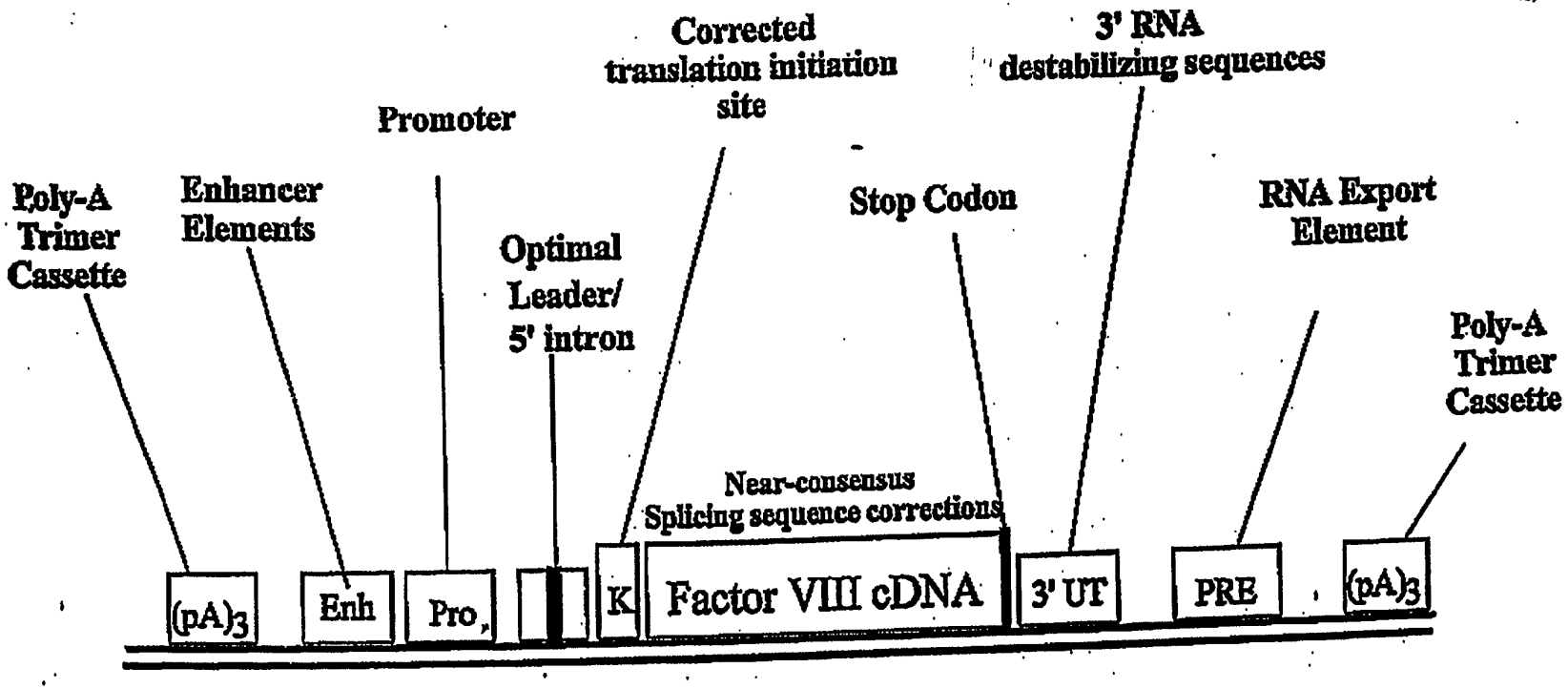
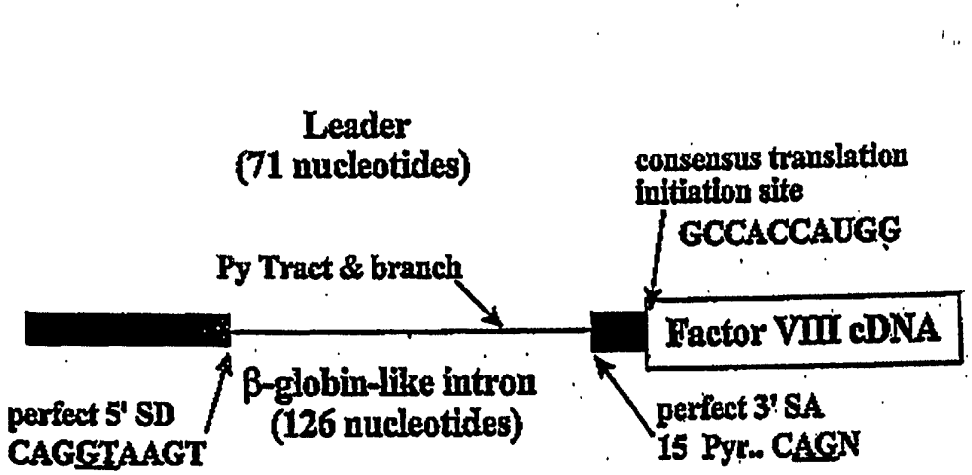


FIG. 16



Leader Secondary Structure

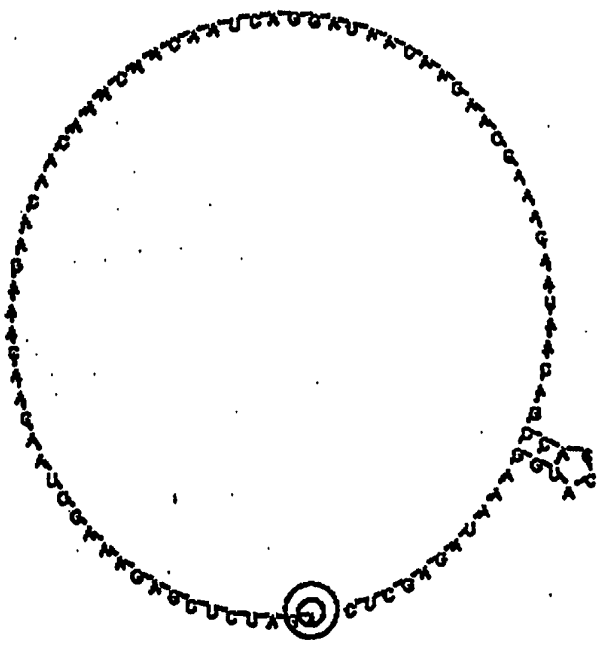


FIG. 17

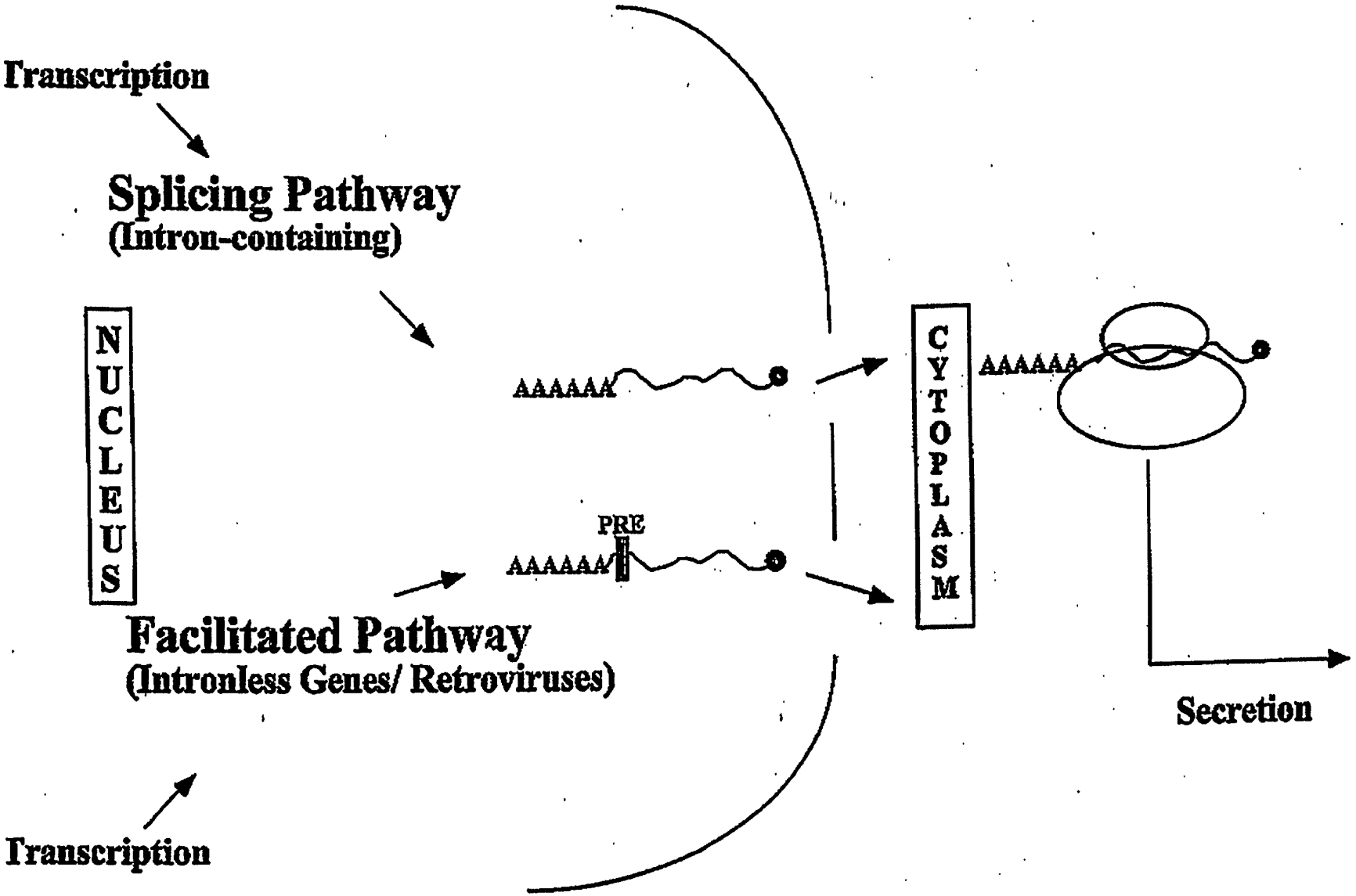


FIG. 18

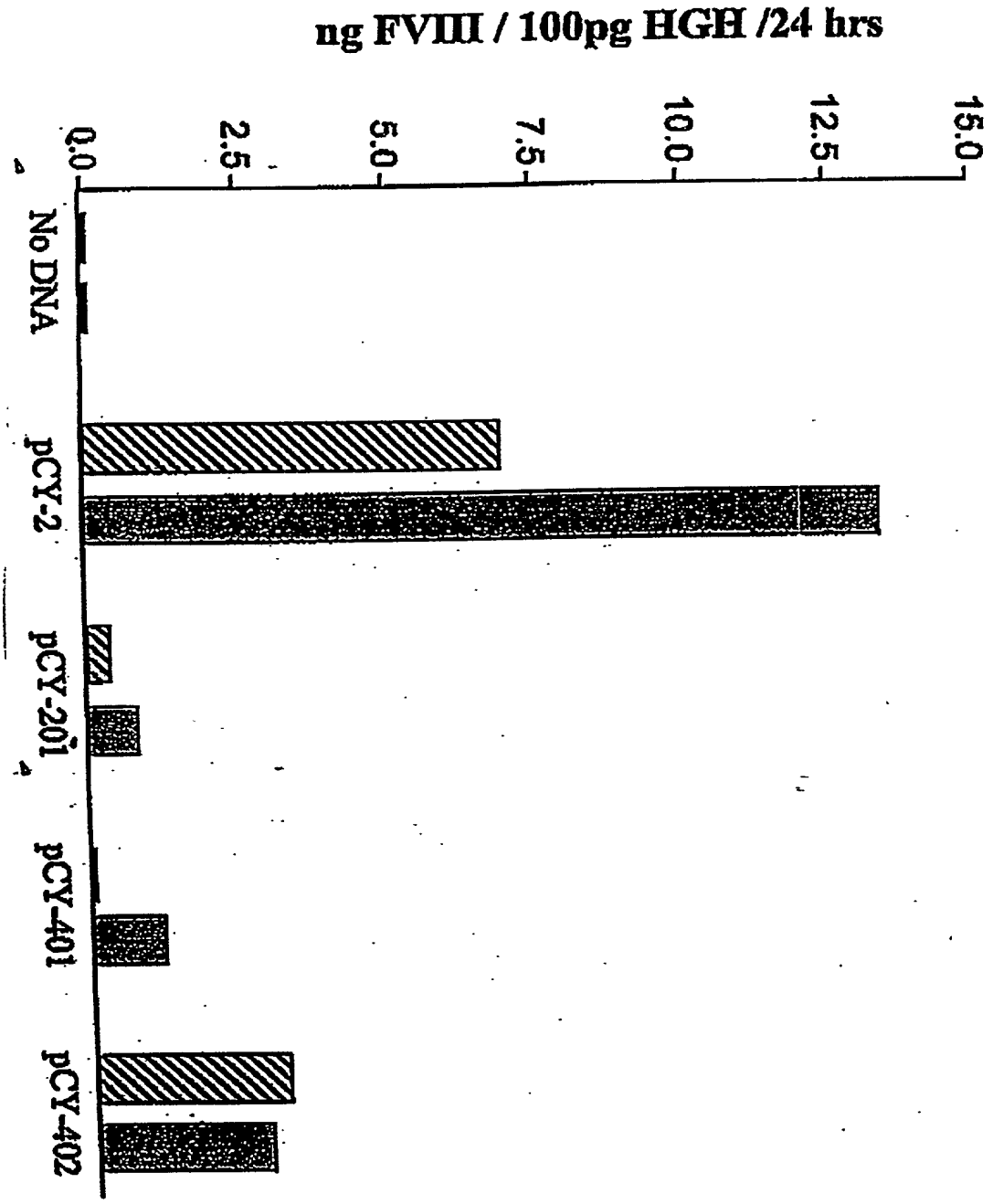
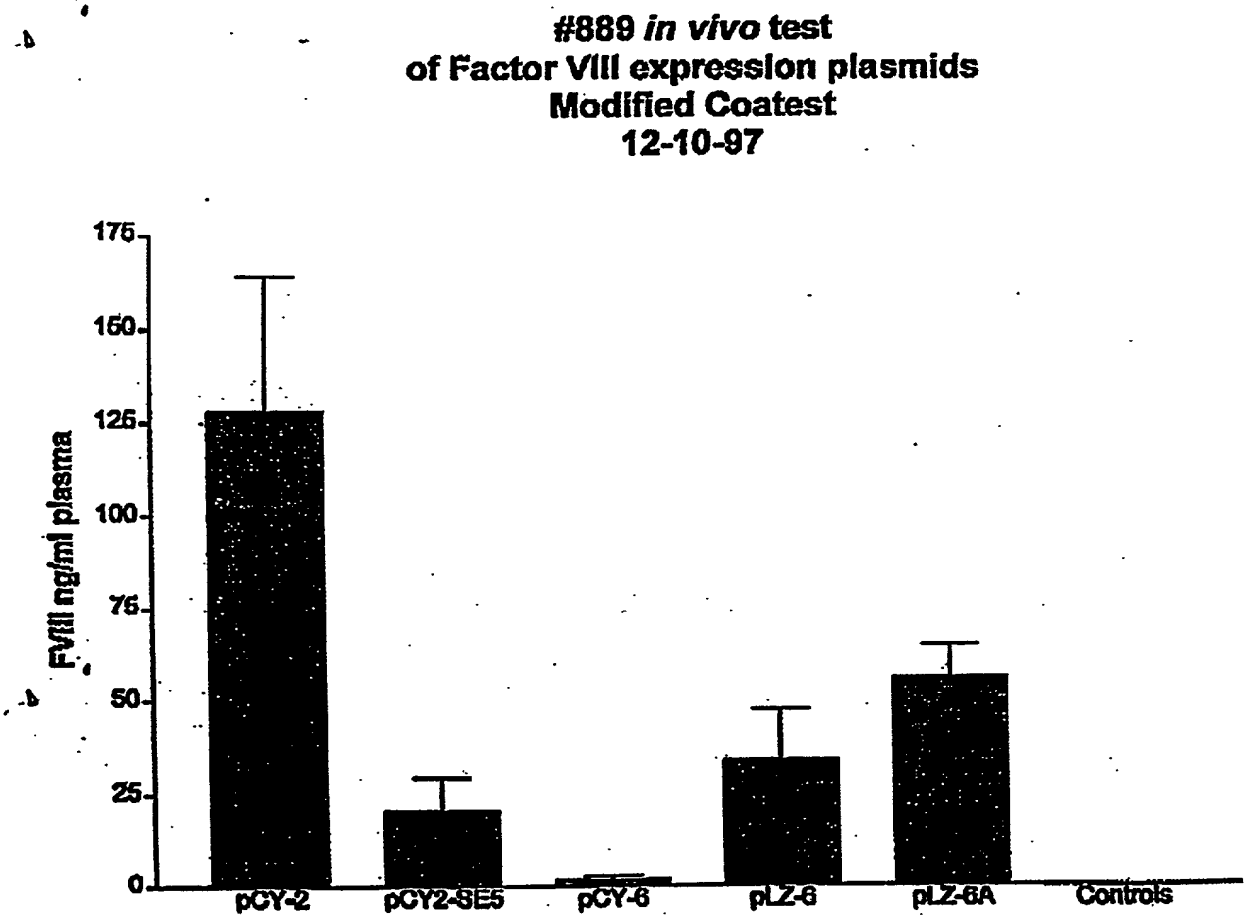

ng FVIII / 100pg HGH /24 hrs
0.0
2.5
5.0
7.5
10.0
12.5
15.0
No DNA
pCY-2
pCY-201
pCY-401
pCY-402

FIG. 19


#889 in vivo test
of Factor VIII expression plasmids
Modified Coatest
12-10-97
FVIII ng/ml plasma
175
150
125
100
75
50
25
0
pCY-2
pCY2-SE5
pCY-6
pLZ-6
pLZ-6A
Controls

A Potent Tissue-specific Enhancer Made of Clustered Liver-specific Elements from the Human Alpha-1 Microglobulin/Bikunin Gene*

FIG. 20

5'

AGGTTAATTT TTAAAAAGCA GTCAAAAGTC CAAGTGGCCC TTGCGAGCAT

HNF-1 HNF-4

TTACTCTCTC TGTTTGCTCT GGTTAATAAT CTCAGGAGC A CAAACATTCC

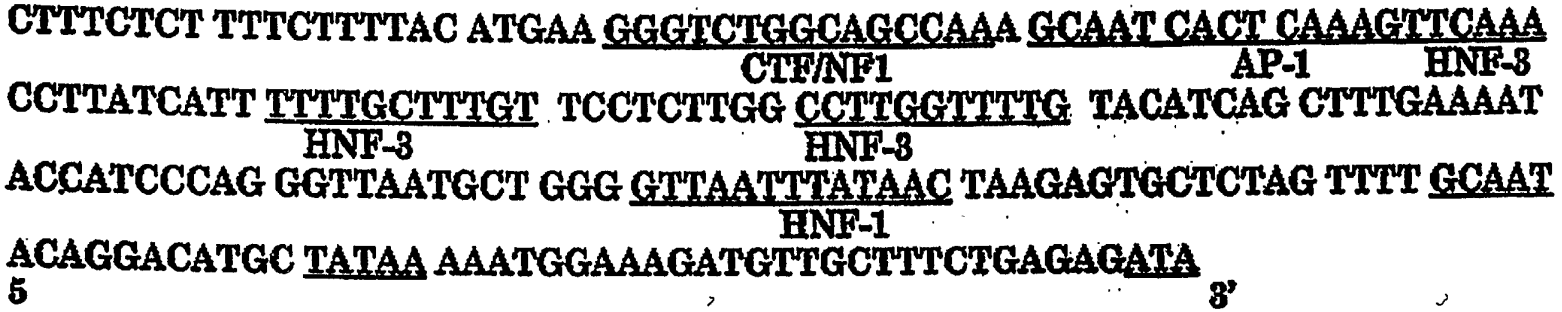
HNF-3 HNF-1 HNF-3 3'

From : P. Rouet...J.P. Salier, (1992) J. Biol. Chem 267 No.29, pp. 20765-20773

The Immune Response Corporation

A 218-bp Fragment of the Human Thyroxin-Binding Globulin (TBG) Gene Contains Full Promoter Activity

FIG. 21



From : Y. Hayashi.....S. Refetoff. (1993), Molec. Endo. 7 No. 8, pp. 1049-1060

The Immune Response Corporation

FIG. 22

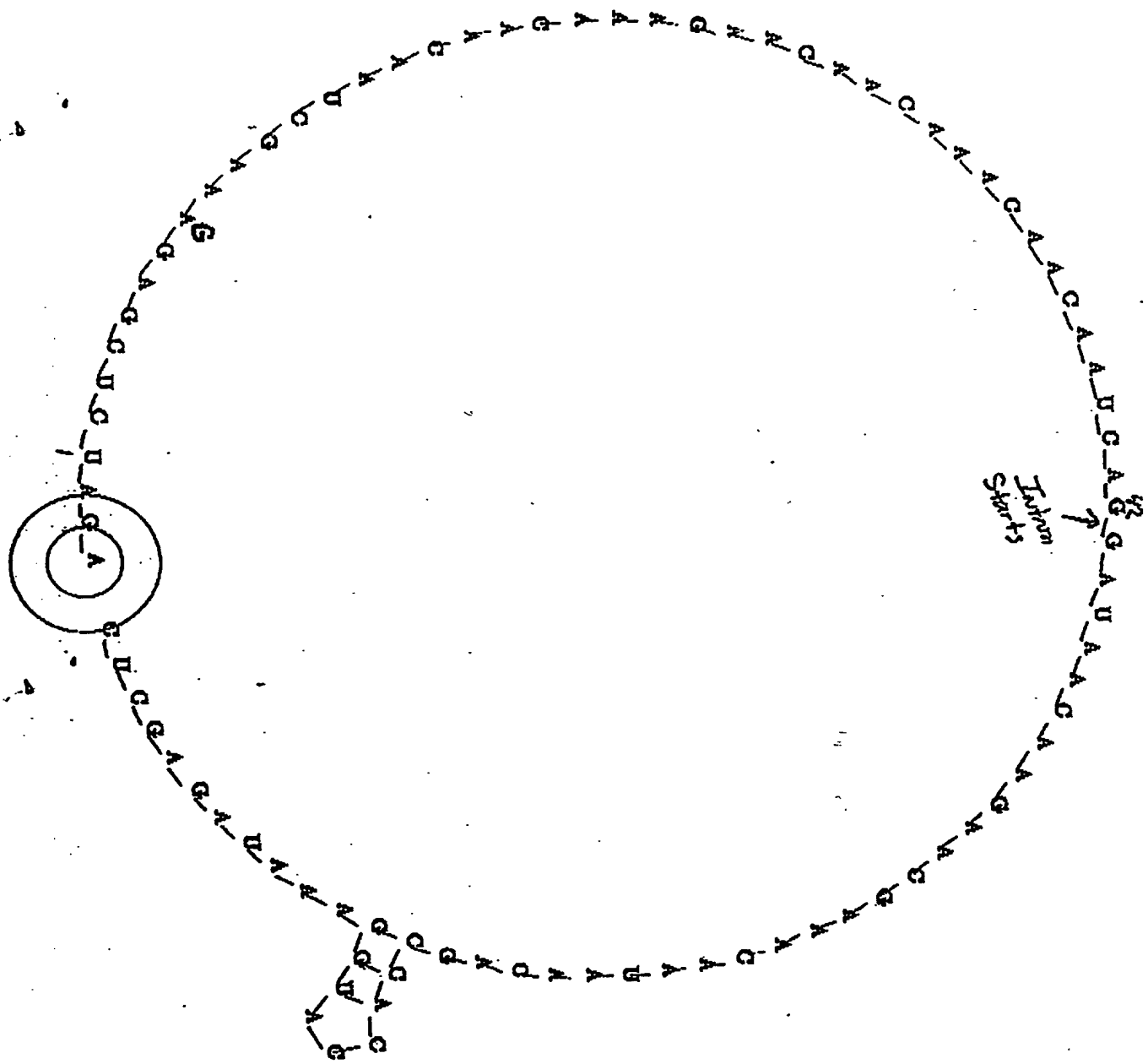
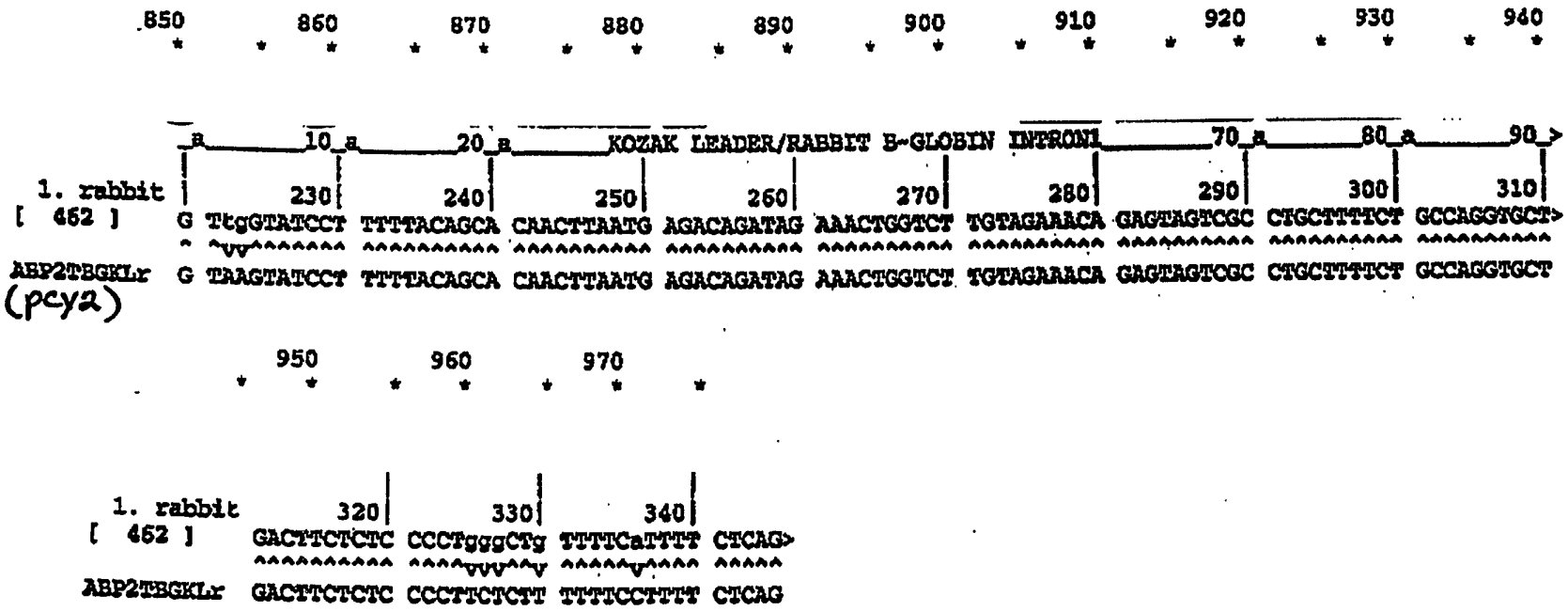


FIG. 23



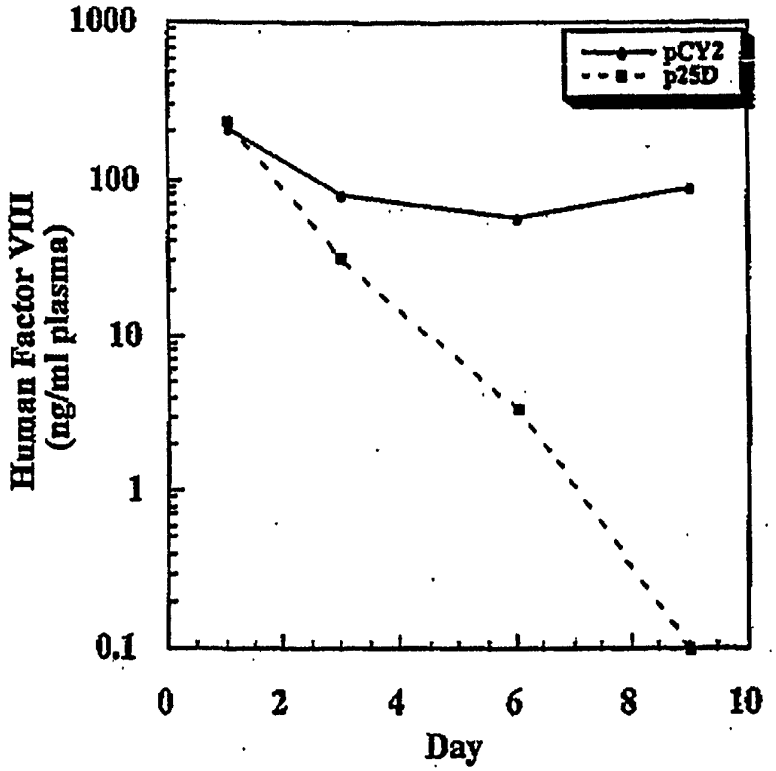
Endothelium-Specific Promoters and Enhancers

FIG. 24

Promoter Name	Characteristics	Reference
1) Endothelin-1	204 bp; has enhancer seq, TATAA box, TS mapped	Lee et. al. *JBC* 265 No. 18, 1990. ←
2) Flt-1 (fms-like tyrosine kinase)	~1 kb, no enhancer, TATAA box, TS mapped	Morishita et. al. *JBC* 270 No. 46, 1995
3) Nitric Oxide Synthase	~1 kb, GATAA box, TS mapped	Zhang et. al. *JBC* 270 No 25, 1995
Enhancers		
1) c-Fos SRE	60 nt's, non-tissue specific, active in resting or didviding cells	Treisman, *Cell* 46, 1986 ←
2) hTF/mTie-2	Hybrid design, 72 nt's, all endo's	1998

Human Factor VIII In Vivo Expression
Viral vs Tissue-Specific Promoter

FIG. 25



COPY

Customer Number: 000959

Attorney's
Docket
Number TTI-180

Declaration, Petition and Power of Attorney for Patent Application

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

NOVEL VECTORS AND GENES EXHIBITING INCREASED EXPRESSION
the specification of which

(check one)

_ is attached hereto.

X was filed on December 4, 1998 as

Application Serial No. 09/205,817

and was amended on _____.
(if applicable)

I do not know and do not believe that the subject matter of this application was known or used by others in the United States or patented or described in a printed publication in any country before my invention thereof, or patented or described in a printed publication in any country or in public use or on sale in the United States more than one year prior to the date of this application, or first patented or caused to be patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate by me or my legal representatives or assigns in a country foreign to the United States prior to the date of this application on an application filed more than twelve months (six months if this application is for a design) before the filing of this application; and I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to the examination of this application, that no application for patent or inventor's certificate on the subject matter of this application has been filed by me or my representatives or assigns in any country foreign to the United States, except those identified below, and that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification, including the claims as amended by any amendment referred to herein.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

CLAIM OF BENEFIT OF EARLIER FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

I hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) from which priority is claimed.

Check one:

X no such applications have been filed.

_ such applications have been filed as follows

EARLIEST FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, FILED WITHIN 12 MONTHS (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO THIS U.S. APPLICATION

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (month,day,year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119
			_ Yes No _
			_ Yes No _
			_ Yes No _
			_ Yes No _
			_ Yes No _

ALL FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED MORE THAN 12 MONTHS (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO THIS U.S. APPLICATION

CLAIM FOR BENEFIT OF U.S. PROVISIONAL APPLICATION(S)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

60/071,596	January 16, 1998
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
60/067,614	December 5, 1997
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)

CLAIM FOR BENEFIT OF EARLIER U.S./PCT APPLICATION(S)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any earlier United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the earlier application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date(s) of the earlier application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application. As to subject matter of this application which is common to my earlier application(s), if any, described below, I do not know and do not believe that the same was known or used by others in the United States or patented or described in a printed publication in any country before my invention thereof, or patented or described in a printed publication in any country or in public use or on sale in the United States more than one year prior to the date(s) of said earlier application(s), or first patented or caused to be patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate by me or my legal representatives or assigns in a country foreign to the United States prior to the date(s) of said earlier application(s) on an application filed more than twelve months (six months if this application is for a design) before the filing of said earlier application(s); and I acknowledge that no application for patent or inventor's certificate on said subject matter has been filed by me or my representatives or assigns in any country foreign to the United States except those identified herein.

PCT/US98/25354	November 25, 1998	Pending
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented,pending,aband.)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented,pending,aband.)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

W. Hugo Liepmann	Reg. No. 20,407	Lawrence E. Monks	Reg. No. 34,224
James E. Cockfield	Reg. No. 19,162	David A. Lane, Jr.	Reg. No. 39,261
Thomas V. Smurzynski	Reg. No. 24,798	Catherine J. Kara	Reg. No. 41,106
Ralph A. Loren	Reg. No. 29,325	Scott D. Rothenberger	Reg. No. 41,277
Giulio A. DeConti, Jr.	Reg. No. 31,503	Linda M. Chinn	Reg. No. 31,240
Ann Lamport Hammitte	Reg. No. 34,858	Kevin J. Canning	Reg. No. 35,470
Elizabeth A. Hanley	Reg. No. 33,505	Faustino A. Lichauco	Reg. No. 41,942
Amy E. Mandragouras	Reg. No. 36,207	C. Eric Schulman	Reg. No. 43,350
John V. Bianco	Reg. No. 36,748	Jeanne M. DiGiorgio	Reg. No. 41,710
Anthony A. Laurentano	Reg. No. 38,220	Megan E. Williams	Reg. No. 43,270
Jane E. Remillard	Reg. No. 38,872	Nicholas P. Triano III	Reg. No. 36,397
Jeremiah Lynch	Reg. No. 17,425	Peter C. Lauro	Reg. No. 32,360
		Reza Mollaaghababa	Reg. No. P43,810
		Timothy J. Douros	Reg. No. 41,716

Send Correspondence to Giulio A. DeConti, Jr. at **Customer Number: 000959** whose address is:

Lahive & Cockfield, LLP, 28 State Street, Boston, MA 02109

Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number)

Jane E. Remillard, (617) 227-7400

Wherefore I petition that letters patent be granted to me for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the attached specification and claims, and hereby subscribe my name to said specification and claims and to the foregoing declaration, power of attorney, and this petition.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor Charles R. Ill
Inventor's signature Charles R. Ill Date 2/5/99
Residence 1098 Oceanic Drive, Encinitas, CA 92024
Citizenship United States of America
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above

Full name of second inventor, if any Jose E. N. Gonzales	
Inventor's signature Jose E. N. Gonzales	Date 2/5/99
Residence 7546 Dancy Road, San Diego, Ca 92126	
Citizenship United States of America	
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above	

Full name of third inventor, if any Claire Q. Yang	
Inventor's signature Claire Q. Yang	Date 2-5-99
Residence 7707 Sitro Musica, Carlsbad, CA 92009	
Citizenship United States of America	
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above	

Full name of fourth inventor, if any Scott Bidlingmaier	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence 433 Edgewood Ave, New Haven, CT 06511	
Citizenship United States of America	
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above	

COPY

Customer Number: 000959

Attorney's
Docket
Number TTI-180

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NOVEL VECTORS AND GENES EXHIBITING INCREASED EXPRESSION
the specification of which

(check one)

_ is attached hereto.

X was filed on December 4, 1998 as

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60/067,614	December 5, 1997

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(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented,pending,aband.)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented,pending,aband.)

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Ann Lamport Hammitte	Reg. No. 34,858	Kevin J. Canning	Reg. No. 35,470
Elizabeth A. Hanley	Reg. No. 33,505	Faustino A. Lichauco	Reg. No. 41,942
Amy E. Mandragouras	Reg. No. 36,207	C. Eric Schulman	Reg. No. 43,350
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Anthony A. Laurentano	Reg. No. 38,220	Megan E. Williams	Reg. No. 43,270
Jane E. Remillard	Reg. No. 38,872	Nicholas P. Triano III	Reg. No. 36,397
Jeremiah Lynch	Reg. No. 17,425	Peter C. Lauro	Reg. No. 32,360
		Reza Mollaaghababa	Reg. No. P43,810
		Timothy J. Douros	Reg. No. 41,716

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Jane E. Remillard, (617) 227-7400

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor Charles R. Ill
Inventor's signature Date
Residence 1098 Oceanic Drive, Encinitas, CA 92024
Citizenship United States of America
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above

Full name of second inventor, if any Jose E. N. Gonzales
Inventor's signature Date
Residence 7546 Dancy Road, San Diego, Ca 92126
Citizenship United States of America
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above

Full name of third inventor, if any Claire Q. Yang
Inventor's signature Date
Residence 7707 Sitro Musica, Carlsbad, CA 92009
Citizenship United States of America
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above

Full name of fourth inventor, if any Scott Bidlingmaier
Inventor's signature Scott Bidlingmaier Date 2-5-99
Residence 433 Edgewood Ave, New Haven, CT 06511
Citizenship United States of America
Post Office Address (if different) Same as Above

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT: Ill, Charles R. et al.

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL VECTORS AND GENES EXHIBITING INCREASED EXPRESSION

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
(A) ADDRESSEE: LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, LLP
(B) STREET: 28 STATE STREET
(C) CITY: BOSTON
(D) STATE: MASSACHUSETTS
(E) COUNTRY: US
(F) ZIP: 02109

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
(B) FILING DATE: 04 DECEMBER 1998
(C) CLASSIFICATION:

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/067,614
(B) FILING DATE: 05 DECEMBER 1997
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/071,596
(B) FILING DATE: 16 JANUARY 1998

(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
(A) NAME: REMILLARD, JANE E.
(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,872
(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: TTI-180

(ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
(A) TELEPHONE: (617)227-7400
(B) TELEFAX: (617)742-4214

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 4374 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1..4374

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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             20                  25                  30

TGG GAC TAT ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGA GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA      144
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GCT GAG GTT TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC      336
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        195                 200                 205

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AAA AGT TGG CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC CTC ATG CAA GAT AGG GAT      720
Lys Ser Trp His Ser Glu Thr Lys Asn Ser Leu Met Gln Asp Arg Asp
225                 230                 235                 240

GCT GCA TCT GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT      768
Ala Ala Ser Ala Arg Ala Trp Pro Lys Met His Thr Val Asn Gly Tyr
                245                 250                 255

GTA AAC AGG AGC CTG CCA GGA CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC      816
Val Asn Arg Ser Leu Pro Gly Leu Ile Gly Cys His Arg Lys Ser Val
            260                 265                 270

TAT TGG CAT GTT ATA GGA ATG GGC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA      864
Tyr Trp His Val Ile Gly Met Gly Thr Thr Pro Glu Val His Ser Ile
        275                 280                 285

TTC CTC GAA GGA CAC ACA TTT CTT GTT AGA AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC      912
Phe Leu Glu Gly His Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asn His Arg Gln Ala Ser
    290                 295                 300

TTG GAA ATC TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC CTC ATG      960
Leu Glu Ile Ser Pro Ile Thr Phe Leu Thr Ala Gln Thr Leu Leu Met
305                 310                 315                 320

GAC CTT GGA CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT     1008
Asp Leu Gly Gln Phe Leu Leu Phe Cys His Ile Ser Ser His Gln His
                325                 330                 335

GAT GGC ATG GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC     1056
Asp Gly Met Glu Ala Tyr Val Lys Val Asp Ser Cys Pro Glu Glu Pro
            340                 345                 350

CAA CTA CGA ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT     1104
Gln Leu Arg Met Lys Asn Asn Glu Glu Ala Glu Asp Tyr Asp Asp Asp
        355                 360                 365

CTT ACC GAT TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGA TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT     1152
Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Met Asp Val Val Arg Phe Asp Asp Asp Asn Ser
    370                 375                 380

CCT TCC TTT ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT     1200
Pro Ser Phe Ile Gln Ile Arg Ser Val Ala Lys Lys His Pro Lys Thr
385                 390                 395                 400

TGG GTA CAT TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC     1248
Trp Val His Tyr Ile Ala Ala Glu Glu Glu Asp Trp Asp Tyr Ala Pro
                405                 410                 415

TTA GTC CTC GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC     1296
Leu Val Leu Ala Pro Asp Asp Arg Ser Tyr Lys Ser Gln Tyr Leu Asn
            420                 425                 430

AAT GGC CCT CAG CGG ATT GGA AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG     1344
Asn Gly Pro Gln Arg Ile Gly Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Val Arg Phe Met
        435                 440                 445
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GCA TAC ACA GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA    1392
Ala Tyr Thr Asp Glu Thr Phe Lys Thr Arg Glu Ala Ile Gln His Glu
    450                 455                 460

TCA GGA ATC TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG    1440
Ser Gly Ile Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Tyr Gly Glu Val Gly Asp Thr Leu
465                 470                 475                 480

CTC ATT ATA TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT    1488
Leu Ile Ile Phe Lys Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Pro
                485                 490                 495

CAC GGA ATC ACC GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA CGC AGA TTA CCA AAA    1536
His Gly Ile Thr Asp Val Arg Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Arg Leu Pro Lys
            500                 505                 510

GGA GTA AAA CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCC GGA GAA ATA TTC    1584
Gly Val Lys His Leu Lys Asp Phe Pro Ile Leu Pro Gly Glu Ile Phe
        515                 520                 525

AAA TAT AAA TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT    1632
Lys Tyr Lys Trp Thr Val Thr Val Glu Asp Gly Pro Thr Lys Ser Asp
    530                 535                 540

CCT CGG TGC CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTC AAT ATG GAG AGA    1680
Pro Arg Cys Leu Thr Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Phe Val Asn Met Glu Arg
545                 550                 555                 560

GAT CTA GCT TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA    1728
Asp Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu Ile Cys Tyr Lys Glu
                565                 570                 575

TCT GTA GAT CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC    1776
Ser Val Asp Gln Arg Gly Asn Gln Ile Met Ser Asp Lys Arg Asn Val
            580                 585                 590

ATC CTG TTT TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG    1824
Ile Leu Phe Ser Val Phe Asp Glu Asn Arg Ser Trp Tyr Leu Thr Glu
        595                 600                 605

AAT ATA CAA CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCC GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT    1872
Asn Ile Gln Arg Phe Leu Pro Asn Pro Ala Gly Val Gln Leu Glu Asp
    610                 615                 620

CCA GAG TTC CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT    1920
Pro Glu Phe Gln Ala Ser Asn Ile Met His Ser Ile Asn Gly Tyr Val
625                 630                 635                 640

TTC GAT AGT TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAA GTA GCA TAC TGG    1968
Phe Asp Ser Leu Gln Leu Ser Val Cys Leu His Glu Val Ala Tyr Trp
                645                 650                 655

TAC ATT CTA AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC    2016
Tyr Ile Leu Ser Ile Gly Ala Gln Thr Asp Phe Leu Ser Val Phe Phe
            660                 665                 670
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TCT GGA TAT ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC    2064
Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Lys His Lys Met Val Tyr Glu Asp Thr Leu Thr
        675                 680                 685

CTA TTC CCA TTC TCC GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA    2112
Leu Phe Pro Phe Ser Gly Glu Thr Val Phe Met Ser Met Glu Asn Pro
    690                 695                 700

GGA CTA TGG ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC    2160
Gly Leu Trp Ile Leu Gly Cys His Asn Ser Asp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly
705                 710                 715                 720

ATG ACC GCC TTA CTG AAA GTT TCC AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGA GAT    2208
Met Thr Ala Leu Leu Lys Val Ser Ser Cys Asp Lys Asn Thr Gly Asp
                725                 730                 735

TAT TAC GAG GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA    2256
Tyr Tyr Glu Asp Ser Tyr Glu Asp Ile Ser Ala Tyr Leu Leu Ser Lys
            740                 745                 750

AAC AAT GCC ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG    2304
Asn Asn Ala Ile Glu Pro Arg Ser Phe Ser Gln Asn Pro Pro Val Leu
        755                 760                 765

AAA CGC CAT CAA CGG GAA ATA ACT CGT ACT ACT CTT CAA TCA GAT CAA    2352
Lys Arg His Gln Arg Glu Ile Thr Arg Thr Thr Leu Gln Ser Asp Gln
    770                 775                 780

GAG GAA ATT GAC TAT GAT GAT ACC ATA TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA    2400
Glu Glu Ile Asp Tyr Asp Asp Thr Ile Ser Val Glu Met Lys Lys Glu
785                 790                 795                 800

GAT TTC GAC ATT TAT GAT GAG GAT GAA AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT    2448
Asp Phe Asp Ile Tyr Asp Glu Asp Glu Asn Gln Ser Pro Arg Ser Phe
                805                 810                 815

CAA AAG AAA ACA CGA CAC TAT TTT ATT GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG    2496
Gln Lys Lys Thr Arg His Tyr Phe Ile Ala Ala Val Glu Arg Leu Trp
            820                 825                 830

GAT TAT GGG ATG AGT AGC TCC CCA CAT GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG    2544
Asp Tyr Gly Met Ser Ser Ser Pro His Val Leu Arg Asn Arg Ala Gln
        835                 840                 845

AGT GGC AGT GTC CCT CAG TTC AAG AAA GTA GTA TTC CAG GAA TTT ACC    2592
Ser Gly Ser Val Pro Gln Phe Lys Lys Val Val Phe Gln Glu Phe Thr
    850                 855                 860

GAT GGC TCC TTT ACT CAA CCC TTA TAC CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT    2640
Asp Gly Ser Phe Thr Gln Pro Leu Tyr Arg Gly Glu Leu Asn Glu His
865                 870                 875                 880

TTG GGA CTC CTG GGG CCA TAT ATA AGA GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC    2688
Leu Gly Leu Leu Gly Pro Tyr Ile Arg Ala Glu Val Glu Asp Asn Ile
                885                 890                 895
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ATG GTT ACC TTC AGA AAT CAG GCC TCT CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT    2736
Met Val Thr Phe Arg Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Ser
            900                 905                 910

TCC CTC ATA TCA TAT GAG GAA GAT CAG AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA    2784
Ser Leu Ile Ser Tyr Glu Glu Asp Gln Arg Gln Gly Ala Glu Pro Arg
        915                 920                 925

AAA AAC TTT GTC AAG CCT AAT GAA ACC AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG    2832
Lys Asn Phe Val Lys Pro Asn Glu Thr Lys Thr Tyr Phe Trp Lys Val
    930                 935                 940

CAA CAT CAT ATG GCA CCC ACT AAA GAT GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG    2880
Gln His His Met Ala Pro Thr Lys Asp Glu Phe Asp Cys Lys Ala Trp
945                 950                 955                 960

GCT TAT TTC TCC GAT GTC GAC CTG GAA AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG    2928
Ala Tyr Phe Ser Asp Val Asp Leu Glu Lys Asp Val His Ser Gly Leu
                965                 970                 975

ATT GGA CCC CTT CTG GTC TGC CAC ACC AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT    2976
Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu Val Cys His Thr Asn Thr Leu Asn Pro Ala His
            980                 985                 990

GGG AGA CAA GTG ACA GTA CAG GAA TTT GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTC    3024
Gly Arg Gln Val Thr Val Gln Glu Phe Ala Leu Phe Phe Thr Ile Phe
        995                 1000                1005

GAT GAG ACC AAA AGC TGG TAC TTC ACT GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC    3072
Asp Glu Thr Lys Ser Trp Tyr Phe Thr Glu Asn Met Glu Arg Asn Cys
    1010                1015                1020

AGG GCT CCC TGC AAT ATC CAG ATG GAA GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT    3120
Arg Ala Pro Cys Asn Ile Gln Met Glu Asp Pro Thr Phe Lys Glu Asn
1025                1030                1035                1040

TAT CGC TTC CAT GCA ATC AAT GGC TAC ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC    3168
Tyr Arg Phe His Ala Ile Asn Gly Tyr Ile Met Asp Thr Leu Pro Gly
                1045                1050                1055

TTA GTA ATG GCT CAG GAT CAA AGG ATT CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG    3216
Leu Val Met Ala Gln Asp Gln Arg Ile Arg Trp Tyr Leu Leu Ser Met
            1060                1065                1070

GGC AGC AAT GAA AAC ATC CAT TCT ATT CAT TTC TCC GGA CAT GTG TTC    3264
Gly Ser Asn Glu Asn Ile His Ser Ile His Phe Ser Gly His Val Phe
        1075                1080                1085

ACT GTA CGA AAA AAA GAG GAG TAT AAA ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT    3312
Thr Val Arg Lys Lys Glu Glu Tyr Lys Met Ala Leu Tyr Asn Leu Tyr
    1090                1095                1100

CCC GGA GTT TTC GAG ACA GTG GAA ATG TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT    3360
Pro Gly Val Phe Glu Thr Val Glu Met Leu Pro Ser Lys Ala Gly Ile
1105                1110                1115                1120
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TGG CGG GTG GAA TGC CTT ATT GGC GAG CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC    3408
Trp Arg Val Glu Cys Leu Ile Gly Glu His Leu His Ala Gly Met Ser
                1125                1130                1135

ACA CTT TTT CTG GTG TAC TCC AAT AAG TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG    3456
Thr Leu Phe Leu Val Tyr Ser Asn Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Leu Gly Met
            1140                1145                1150

GCT TCT GGA CAC ATT AGA GAT TTT CAG ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT    3504
Ala Ser Gly His Ile Arg Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Gln Tyr
        1155                1160                1165

GGA CAG TGG GCC CCA AAG CTG GCC AGA CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC    3552
Gly Gln Trp Ala Pro Lys Leu Ala Arg Leu His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Ile
    1170                1175                1180

AAT GCC TGG AGC ACC AAG GAG CCC TTT TCT TGG ATC AAA GTT GAC CTG    3600
Asn Ala Trp Ser Thr Lys Glu Pro Phe Ser Trp Ile Lys Val Asp Leu
1185                1190                1195                1200

TTG GCA CCA ATG ATT ATT CAC GGC ATC AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG    3648
Leu Ala Pro Met Ile Ile His Gly Ile Lys Thr Gln Gly Ala Arg Gln
                1205                1210                1215

AAG TTC TCC AGC CTC TAC ATC TCT CAA TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTC    3696
Lys Phe Ser Ser Leu Tyr Ile Ser Gln Phe Ile Ile Met Tyr Ser Leu
            1220                1225                1230

GAT GGG AAG AAG TGG CAG ACT TAT CGA GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC CTC    3744
Asp Gly Lys Lys Trp Gln Thr Tyr Arg Gly Asn Ser Thr Gly Thr Leu
        1235                1240                1245

ATG GTC TTC TTT GGC AAT GTG GAT TCA TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT    3792
Met Val Phe Phe Gly Asn Val Asp Ser Ser Gly Ile Lys His Asn Ile
    1250                1255                1260

TTC AAC CCT CCA ATT ATT GCT CGA TAC ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT    3840
Phe Asn Pro Pro Ile Ile Ala Arg Tyr Ile Arg Leu His Pro Thr His
1265                1270                1275                1280

TAT AGC ATT CGC AGC ACT CTT CGC ATG GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA    3888
Tyr Ser Ile Arg Ser Thr Leu Arg Met Glu Leu Met Gly Cys Asp Leu
                1285                1290                1295

AAT AGT TGC AGC ATG CCA TTG GGA ATG GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT    3936
Asn Ser Cys Ser Met Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Lys Ala Ile Ser Asp
            1300                1305                1310

GCA CAG ATT ACT GCT TCA TCC TAC TTT ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG    3984
Ala Gln Ile Thr Ala Ser Ser Tyr Phe Thr Asn Met Phe Ala Thr Trp
        1315                1320                1325

TCT CCT TCA AAA GCT CGA CTA CAC CTA CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG    4032
Ser Pro Ser Lys Ala Arg Leu His Leu Gln Gly Arg Ser Asn Ala Trp
    1330                1335                1340
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AGA CCT CAA GTT AAC AAT CCA AAA GAG TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG    4080
Arg Pro Gln Val Asn Asn Pro Lys Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Phe Gln
1345                1350                1355                1360

AAG ACA ATG AAA GTC ACA GGA GTA ACT ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG    4128
Lys Thr Met Lys Val Thr Gly Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Val Lys Ser Leu
                1365                1370                1375

CTT ACC TCT ATG TAC GTG AAG GAG TTC CTC ATA TCG TCG TCG CAA GAT    4176
Leu Thr Ser Met Tyr Val Lys Glu Phe Leu Ile Ser Ser Ser Gln Asp
            1380                1385                1390

GGC CAT CAG TGG ACT CTC TTT TTT CAA AAT GGC AAA GTA AAA GTT TTC    4224
Gly His Gln Trp Thr Leu Phe Phe Gln Asn Gly Lys Val Lys Val Phe
        1395                1400                1405

CAG GGA AAT CAA GAC TCC TTC ACA CCT GTC GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA    4272
Gln Gly Asn Gln Asp Ser Phe Thr Pro Val Val Asn Ser Leu Asp Pro
    1410                1415                1420

CCG TTA CTC ACT CGC TAC CTT CGA ATT CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC    4320
Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Tyr Leu Arg Ile His Pro Gln Ser Trp Val His
1425                1430                1435                1440

CAG ATT GCC CTG AGG ATG GAG GTT CTG GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC    4368
Gln Ile Ala Leu Arg Met Glu Val Leu Gly Cys Glu Ala Gln Asp Leu
                1445                1450                1455

TAC TGA                                                            4374
Tyr
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 9164 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1006..5376

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

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GTCGACGGTA TCGATAAGCT TGATATCGAA TTCCTGCAGC CCGGGGGATC CACTAGTACT    60

CGAGACCTAG GAGTTAATTT TTAAAAAGCA GTCAAAAGTC CAAGTGGCCC TTGCGAGCAT   120

TTACTCTCTC TGTTTGCTCT GGTTAATAAT CTCAGGAGCA CAAACATTCC TTACTAGTCC   180

TAGAAGTTAA TTTTTAAAAA GCAGTCAAAA GTCCAAGTGG CCCTTGCGAG CATTTACTCT   240

CTCTGTTTGC TCTGGTTAAT AATCTCAGGA GCACAAACAT TCCTTACTAG TTCTAGAGCG   300

GCCGCCAGTG TGCTGGAATT CGGCTTTTTT AGGGCTGGAA GCTACCTTTG ACATCATTTC   360
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CTCTGCGAAT GCATGTATAA TTTCTACAGA ACCTATTAGA AAGGATCACC CAGCCTCTGC   420

TTTTGTACAA CTTTCCCTTA AAAAACTGCC AATTCCACTG CTGTTTGGCC CAATAGTGAG   480

AACTTTTTCC TGCTGCCTCT TGGTGCTTTT GCCTATGGCC CCTATTCTGC CTGCTGAAGA   540

CACTCTTGCC AGCATGGACT TAAACCCCTC CAGCTCTGAC AATCCTCTTT CTCTTTTGTT   600

TTACATGAAG GGTCTGGCAG CCAAAGCAAT CACTCAAAGT TCAAACCTTA TCATTTTTTG   660

CTTTGTTCCT CTTGGCCTTG GTTTTGTACA TCAGCTTTGA AAATACCATC CCAGGGTTAA   720

TGCTGGGGTT AATTTATAAC TAAGAGTGCT CTAGTTTTGC AATACAGGAC ATGCTATAAA   780

AATGGAAAGA TGTTGCTTTC TGAGAGATCT CGAGGAAGCT AACAACAAAG AACAACAAAC   840

AACAATCAGG TAAGTATCCT TTTTACAGCA CAACTTAATG AGACAGATAG AAACTGGTCT   900

TGTAGAAACA GAGTAGTCGC CTGCTTTTCT GCCAGGTGCT GACTTCTCTC CCCTTCTCTT   960

TTTTCCTTTT CTCAGGATAA CAAGAACGAA ACAATAACAG CCACC ATG GAA ATA       1014
                                                  Met Glu Ile
                                                    1

GAG CTC TCC ACC TGC TTC TTT CTG TGC CTT TTG CGA TTC TGC TTT AGT     1062
Glu Leu Ser Thr Cys Phe Phe Leu Cys Leu Leu Arg Phe Cys Phe Ser
  5                  10                  15

GCC ACC AGA AGA TAC TAC CTG GGT GCA GTG GAA CTG TCA TGG GAC TAT     1110
Ala Thr Arg Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Ala Val Glu Leu Ser Trp Asp Tyr
 20                  25                  30                  35

ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGT GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA TTT CCT CCT     1158
Met Gln Ser Asp Leu Gly Glu Leu Pro Val Asp Ala Arg Phe Pro Pro
                 40                  45                  50

AGA GTG CCA AAA TCT TTT CCA TTC AAC ACC TCA GTC GTG TAC AAA AAG     1206
Arg Val Pro Lys Ser Phe Pro Phe Asn Thr Ser Val Val Tyr Lys Lys
             55                  60                  65

ACT CTG TTT GTA GAA TTC ACG GTT CAC CTT TTC AAC ATC GCT AAG CCA     1254
Thr Leu Phe Val Glu Phe Thr Val His Leu Phe Asn Ile Ala Lys Pro
         70                  75                  80

AGG CCA CCC TGG ATG GGT CTG CTA GGT CCT ACC ATC CAG GCT GAG GTT     1302
Arg Pro Pro Trp Met Gly Leu Leu Gly Pro Thr Ile Gln Ala Glu Val
     85                  90                  95

TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC CAT CCT GTC     1350
Tyr Asp Thr Val Val Ile Thr Leu Lys Asn Met Ala Ser His Pro Val
100                 105                 110                 115

AGT CTT CAT GCT GTT GGT GTA TCC TAC TGG AAA GCT TCT GAG GGA GCT     1398
Ser Leu His Ala Val Gly Val Ser Tyr Trp Lys Ala Ser Glu Gly Ala
                120                 125                 130
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GAA TAT GAT GAT CAG ACC AGT CAA AGG GAG AAA GAA GAT GAT AAA GTC    1446
Glu Tyr Asp Asp Gln Thr Ser Gln Arg Glu Lys Glu Asp Asp Lys Val
            135                 140                 145

TTC CCT GGT GGA AGC CAT ACA TAT GTC TGG CAG GTC CTG AAA GAG AAT    1494
Phe Pro Gly Gly Ser His Thr Tyr Val Trp Gln Val Leu Lys Glu Asn
        150                 155                 160

GGT CCA ATG GCC TCT GAC CCA CTG TGC CTT ACC TAC TCA TAT CTT TCT    1542
Gly Pro Met Ala Ser Asp Pro Leu Cys Leu Thr Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Ser
    165                 170                 175

CAT GTG GAC CTG GTA AAA GAC TTG AAT TCA GGC CTC ATT GGA GCC CTA    1590
His Val Asp Leu Val Lys Asp Leu Asn Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Ala Leu
180                 185                 190                 195

CTA GTA TGT AGA GAA GGG AGT CTG GCC AAG GAA AAG ACA CAG ACC TTG    1638
Leu Val Cys Arg Glu Gly Ser Leu Ala Lys Glu Lys Thr Gln Thr Leu
                200                 205                 210

CAC AAA TTT ATA CTA CTT TTT GCT GTA TTT GAT GAA GGG AAA AGT TGG    1686
His Lys Phe Ile Leu Leu Phe Ala Val Phe Asp Glu Gly Lys Ser Trp
            215                 220                 225

CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC TTG ATG CAG GAT AGG GAT GCT GCA TCT    1734
His Ser Glu Thr Lys Asn Ser Leu Met Gln Asp Arg Asp Ala Ala Ser
        230                 235                 240

GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT GTA AAC AGG    1782
Ala Arg Ala Trp Pro Lys Met His Thr Val Asn Gly Tyr Val Asn Arg
    245                 250                 255

TCT CTG CCA GGT CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC TAT TGG CAT    1830
Ser Leu Pro Gly Leu Ile Gly Cys His Arg Lys Ser Val Tyr Trp His
260                 265                 270                 275

GTG ATT GGA ATG GGC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA TTC CTC GAA    1878
Val Ile Gly Met Gly Thr Thr Pro Glu Val His Ser Ile Phe Leu Glu
                280                 285                 290

GGT CAC ACA TTT CTT GTG AGG AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC TTG GAA ATC    1926
Gly His Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asn His Arg Gln Ala Ser Leu Glu Ile
            295                 300                 305

TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC TTG ATG GAC CTT GGA    1974
Ser Pro Ile Thr Phe Leu Thr Ala Gln Thr Leu Leu Met Asp Leu Gly
        310                 315                 320

CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT GAT GGC ATG    2022
Gln Phe Leu Leu Phe Cys His Ile Ser Ser His Gln His Asp Gly Met
    325                 330                 335

GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC CAA CTA CGA    2070
Glu Ala Tyr Val Lys Val Asp Ser Cys Pro Glu Glu Pro Gln Leu Arg
340                 345                 350                 355
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ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT CTT ACT GAT    2118
Met Lys Asn Asn Glu Glu Ala Glu Asp Tyr Asp Asp Asp Leu Thr Asp
                360                 365                 370

TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGG TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT CCT TCC TTT    2166
Ser Glu Met Asp Val Val Arg Phe Asp Asp Asp Asn Ser Pro Ser Phe
            375                 380                 385

ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT TGG GTA CAT    2214
Ile Gln Ile Arg Ser Val Ala Lys Lys His Pro Lys Thr Trp Val His
        390                 395                 400

TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC TTA GTC CTC    2262
Tyr Ile Ala Ala Glu Glu Glu Asp Trp Asp Tyr Ala Pro Leu Val Leu
    405                 410                 415

GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC AAT GGC CCT    2310
Ala Pro Asp Asp Arg Ser Tyr Lys Ser Gln Tyr Leu Asn Asn Gly Pro
420                 425                 430                 435

CAG CGG ATT GGT AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG GCA TAC ACA    2358
Gln Arg Ile Gly Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Val Arg Phe Met Ala Tyr Thr
                440                 445                 450

GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA TCA GGA ATC    2406
Asp Glu Thr Phe Lys Thr Arg Glu Ala Ile Gln His Glu Ser Gly Ile
            455                 460                 465

TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG TTG ATT ATA    2454
Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Tyr Gly Glu Val Gly Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Ile
        470                 475                 480

TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT CAC GGA ATC    2502
Phe Lys Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Pro His Gly Ile
    485                 490                 495

ACT GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA AGG AGA TTA CCA AAA GGT GTA AAA    2550
Thr Asp Val Arg Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Arg Leu Pro Lys Gly Val Lys
500                 505                 510                 515

CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCA GGA GAA ATA TTC AAA TAT AAA    2598
His Leu Lys Asp Phe Pro Ile Leu Pro Gly Glu Ile Phe Lys Tyr Lys
                520                 525                 530

TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT CCT CGG TGC    2646
Trp Thr Val Thr Val Glu Asp Gly Pro Thr Lys Ser Asp Pro Arg Cys
            535                 540                 545

CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTT AAT ATG GAG AGA GAT CTA GCT    2694
Leu Thr Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Phe Val Asn Met Glu Arg Asp Leu Ala
        550                 555                 560

TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA TCT GTA GAT    2742
Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu Ile Cys Tyr Lys Glu Ser Val Asp
    565                 570                 575
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CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC ATC CTG TTT    2790
Gln Arg Gly Asn Gln Ile Met Ser Asp Lys Arg Asn Val Ile Leu Phe
580                 585                 590                 595

TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG AAT ATA CAA    2838
Ser Val Phe Asp Glu Asn Arg Ser Trp Tyr Leu Thr Glu Asn Ile Gln
                600                 605                 610

CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCA GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT CCA GAG TTC    2886
Arg Phe Leu Pro Asn Pro Ala Gly Val Gln Leu Glu Asp Pro Glu Phe
            615                 620                 625

CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT TTT GAT AGT    2934
Gln Ala Ser Asn Ile Met His Ser Ile Asn Gly Tyr Val Phe Asp Ser
        630                 635                 640

TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAG GTG GCA TAC TGG TAC ATT CTA    2982
Leu Gln Leu Ser Val Cys Leu His Glu Val Ala Tyr Trp Tyr Ile Leu
    645                 650                 655

AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC TCT GGA TAT    3030
Ser Ile Gly Ala Gln Thr Asp Phe Leu Ser Val Phe Phe Ser Gly Tyr
660                 665                 670                 675

ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC CTA TTC CCA    3078
Thr Phe Lys His Lys Met Val Tyr Glu Asp Thr Leu Thr Leu Phe Pro
                680                 685                 690

TTC TCA GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA GGT CTA TGG    3126
Phe Ser Gly Glu Thr Val Phe Met Ser Met Glu Asn Pro Gly Leu Trp
            695                 700                 705

ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC ATG ACC GCC    3174
Ile Leu Gly Cys His Asn Ser Asp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Met Thr Ala
        710                 715                 720

TTA CTG AAG GTT TCT AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGT GAT TAT TAC GAG    3222
Leu Leu Lys Val Ser Ser Cys Asp Lys Asn Thr Gly Asp Tyr Tyr Glu
    725                 730                 735

GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA AAC AAT GCC    3270
Asp Ser Tyr Glu Asp Ile Ser Ala Tyr Leu Leu Ser Lys Asn Asn Ala
740                 745                 750                 755

ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG AAA CGC CAT    3318
Ile Glu Pro Arg Ser Phe Ser Gln Asn Pro Pro Val Leu Lys Arg His
                760                 765                 770

CAA CGG GAA ATA ACT CGT ACT ACT CTT CAG TCA GAT CAA GAG GAA ATT    3366
Gln Arg Glu Ile Thr Arg Thr Thr Leu Gln Ser Asp Gln Glu Glu Ile
            775                 780                 785

GAC TAT GAT GAT ACC ATA TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA GAT TTT GAC    3414
Asp Tyr Asp Asp Thr Ile Ser Val Glu Met Lys Lys Glu Asp Phe Asp
        790                 795                 800
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ATT TAT GAT GAG GAT GAA AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT CAA AAG AAA     3462
Ile Tyr Asp Glu Asp Glu Asn Gln Ser Pro Arg Ser Phe Gln Lys Lys
    805                 810                 815

ACA CGA CAC TAT TTT ATT GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG GAT TAT GGG     3510
Thr Arg His Tyr Phe Ile Ala Ala Val Glu Arg Leu Trp Asp Tyr Gly
820                 825                 830                 835

ATG AGT AGC TCC CCA CAT GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG AGT GGC AGT     3558
Met Ser Ser Ser Pro His Val Leu Arg Asn Arg Ala Gln Ser Gly Ser
            840                 845                 850

GTC CCT CAG TTC AAG AAA GTT GTT TTC CAG GAA TTT ACT GAT GGC TCC     3606
Val Pro Gln Phe Lys Lys Val Val Phe Gln Glu Phe Thr Asp Gly Ser
        855                 860                 865

TTT ACT CAG CCC TTA TAC CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT TTG GGA CTC     3654
Phe Thr Gln Pro Leu Tyr Arg Gly Glu Leu Asn Glu His Leu Gly Leu
    870                 875                 880

CTG GGG CCA TAT ATA AGA GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC ATG GTA ACT     3702
Leu Gly Pro Tyr Ile Arg Ala Glu Val Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Val Thr
    885                 890                 895

TTC AGA AAT CAG GCC TCT CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT AGC CTT ATT     3750
Phe Arg Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Ser Ser Leu Ile
900                 905                 910                 915

TCT TAT GAG GAA GAT CAG AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA AAA AAC TTT     3798
Ser Tyr Glu Glu Asp Gln Arg Gln Gly Ala Glu Pro Arg Lys Asn Phe
            920                 925                 930

GTC AAG CCT AAT GAA ACC AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG CAA CAT CAT     3846
Val Lys Pro Asn Glu Thr Lys Thr Tyr Phe Trp Lys Val Gln His His
        935                 940                 945

ATG GCA CCC ACT AAA GAT GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG GCT TAT TTC     3894
Met Ala Pro Thr Lys Asp Glu Phe Asp Cys Lys Ala Trp Ala Tyr Phe
    950                 955                 960

TCT GAT GTT GAC CTG GAA AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG ATT GGA CCC     3942
Ser Asp Val Asp Leu Glu Lys Asp Val His Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro
    965                 970                 975

CTT CTG GTC TGC CAC ACT AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT GGG AGA CAA     3990
Leu Leu Val Cys His Thr Asn Thr Leu Asn Pro Ala His Gly Arg Gln
980                 985                 990                 995

GTG ACA GTA CAG GAA TTT GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTT GAT GAG ACC     4038
Val Thr Val Gln Glu Phe Ala Leu Phe Phe Thr Ile Phe Asp Glu Thr
            1000                1005                1010

AAA AGC TGG TAC TTC ACT GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC AGG GCT CCC     4086
Lys Ser Trp Tyr Phe Thr Glu Asn Met Glu Arg Asn Cys Arg Ala Pro
        1015                1020                1025
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TGC AAT ATC CAG ATG GAA GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT TAT CGC TTC    4134
Cys Asn Ile Gln Met Glu Asp Pro Thr Phe Lys Glu Asn Tyr Arg Phe
        1030                1035                1040

CAT GCA ATC AAT GGC TAC ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC TTA GTA ATG    4182
His Ala Ile Asn Gly Tyr Ile Met Asp Thr Leu Pro Gly Leu Val Met
    1045                1050                1055

GCT CAG GAT CAA AGG ATT CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG GGC AGC AAT    4230
Ala Gln Asp Gln Arg Ile Arg Trp Tyr Leu Leu Ser Met Gly Ser Asn
1060                1065                1070                1075

GAA AAC ATC CAT TCT ATT CAT TTC AGT GGA CAT GTG TTC ACT GTA CGA    4278
Glu Asn Ile His Ser Ile His Phe Ser Gly His Val Phe Thr Val Arg
                1080                1085                1090

AAA AAA GAG GAG TAT AAA ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT CCA GGT GTT    4326
Lys Lys Glu Glu Tyr Lys Met Ala Leu Tyr Asn Leu Tyr Pro Gly Val
            1095                1100                1105

TTT GAG ACA GTG GAA ATG TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT TGG CGG GTG    4374
Phe Glu Thr Val Glu Met Leu Pro Ser Lys Ala Gly Ile Trp Arg Val
        1110                1115                1120

GAA TGC CTT ATT GGC GAG CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC ACA CTT TTT    4422
Glu Cys Leu Ile Gly Glu His Leu His Ala Gly Met Ser Thr Leu Phe
    1125                1130                1135

CTG GTG TAC AGC AAT AAG TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG GCT TCT GGA    4470
Leu Val Tyr Ser Asn Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Leu Gly Met Ala Ser Gly
1140                1145                1150                1155

CAC ATT AGA GAT TTT CAG ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT GGA CAG TGG    4518
His Ile Arg Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Gln Tyr Gly Gln Trp
                1160                1165                1170

GCC CCA AAG CTG GCC AGA CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC AAT GCC TGG    4566
Ala Pro Lys Leu Ala Arg Leu His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Ile Asn Ala Trp
            1175                1180                1185

AGC ACC AAG GAG CCC TTT TCT TGG ATC AAG GTG GAT CTG TTG GCA CCA    4614
Ser Thr Lys Glu Pro Phe Ser Trp Ile Lys Val Asp Leu Leu Ala Pro
        1190                1195                1200

ATG ATT ATT CAC GGC ATC AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG AAG TTC TCC    4662
Met Ile Ile His Gly Ile Lys Thr Gln Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Phe Ser
    1205                1210                1215

AGC CTC TAC ATC TCT CAG TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTT GAT GGG AAG    4710
Ser Leu Tyr Ile Ser Gln Phe Ile Ile Met Tyr Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys
1220                1225                1230                1235

AAG TGG CAG ACT TAT CGA GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC TTA ATG GTC TTC    4758
Lys Trp Gln Thr Tyr Arg Gly Asn Ser Thr Gly Thr Leu Met Val Phe
                1240                1245                1250
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TTT GGC AAT GTG GAT TCA TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT TTT AAC CCT    4806
Phe Gly Asn Val Asp Ser Ser Gly Ile Lys His Asn Ile Phe Asn Pro
            1255                1260                1265

CCA ATT ATT GCT CGA TAC ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT TAT AGC ATT    4854
Pro Ile Ile Ala Arg Tyr Ile Arg Leu His Pro Thr His Tyr Ser Ile
        1270                1275                1280

CGC AGC ACT CTT CGC ATG GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA AAT AGT TGC    4902
Arg Ser Thr Leu Arg Met Glu Leu Met Gly Cys Asp Leu Asn Ser Cys
    1285                1290                1295

AGC ATG CCA TTG GGA ATG GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT GCA CAG ATT    4950
Ser Met Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Lys Ala Ile Ser Asp Ala Gln Ile
1300                1305                1310                1315

ACT GCT TCA TCC TAC TTT ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG TCT CCT TCA    4998
Thr Ala Ser Ser Tyr Phe Thr Asn Met Phe Ala Thr Trp Ser Pro Ser
                1320                1325                1330

AAA GCT CGA CTT CAC CTC CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG AGA CCT CAG    5046
Lys Ala Arg Leu His Leu Gln Gly Arg Ser Asn Ala Trp Arg Pro Gln
            1335                1340                1345

GTG AAT AAT CCA AAA GAG TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG AAG ACA ATG    5094
Val Asn Asn Pro Lys Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Phe Gln Lys Thr Met
        1350                1355                1360

AAA GTC ACA GGA GTA ACT ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG CTT ACC AGC    5142
Lys Val Thr Gly Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Val Lys Ser Leu Leu Thr Ser
    1365                1370                1375

ATG TAT GTG AAG GAG TTC CTC ATC TCC AGC AGT CAA GAT GGC CAT CAG    5190
Met Tyr Val Lys Glu Phe Leu Ile Ser Ser Ser Gln Asp Gly His Gln
1380                1385                1390                1395

TGG ACT CTC TTT TTT CAG AAT GGC AAA GTA AAG GTT TTT CAG GGA AAT    5238
Trp Thr Leu Phe Phe Gln Asn Gly Lys Val Lys Val Phe Gln Gly Asn
                1400                1405                1410

CAA GAC TCC TTC ACA CCT GTG GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA CCG TTA CTG    5286
Gln Asp Ser Phe Thr Pro Val Val Asn Ser Leu Asp Pro Pro Leu Leu
            1415                1420                1425

ACT CGC TAC CTT CGA ATT CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC CAG ATT GCC    5334
Thr Arg Tyr Leu Arg Ile His Pro Gln Ser Trp Val His Gln Ile Ala
        1430                1435                1440

CTG AGG ATG GAG GTT CTG GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC TAC            5376
Leu Arg Met Glu Val Leu Gly Cys Glu Ala Gln Asp Leu Tyr
    1445                1450                1455

TGAGGGTGGC CACTGCAGCA CCTGCCACTG CCGTCACCTC TCCCTCCTCA GCTCCAGGGC  5436

AGTGTCCCTC CCTGGCTTGC CTTCTACCTT TGTGCTAAAT CCTAGCAGAC ACTGCCTTGA  5496

AGCCTCCTGA ATTAACTATC ATCAGTCCTG CATTTCTTTG GTGGGGGGCC AGGAGGGTGC  5556
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ATCCAATTTA ACTTAACTCT TACCTATTTT CTGCAGCTGC TCCCAGATTA CTCCTTCCTT 5616

CCAATATAAC TAGGCAAAAA GAAGTGAGGA GAAACCTGCA TGAAAGCATT CTTCCCTGAA 5676

AAGTTAGGCC TCTCAGAGTC ACCACTTCCT CTGTTGTAGA AAAACTATGT GATGAAACTT 5736

TGAAAAAGAT ATTTATGATG TTAACTTGTT TATTGCAGCT TATAATGGTT ACAAATAAAG 5796

CAATAGCATC ACAAATTTCA CAAATAAAGC ATTTTTTTCA CTGCATTCTA GTTGTGGTTT 5856

GTCCAAACTC ATCAATGTAT CTTATCATGT CTGGATCCCC GGGTGGCATC CCTGTGACCC 5916

CTCCCCAGTG CCTCTCCTGG CCCTGGAAGT TGCCACTCCA GTGCCCACCA GCCTTGTCCT 5976

AATAAAATTA AGTTGCATCA TTTTGTCTGA CTAGGTGTCC TTCTATAATA TTATGGGGTG 6036

GAGGGGGGTG GTATGGAGCA AGGGGCAAGT TGGGAAGACA ACCTGTAGGG CCTGCGGGGT 6096

CTATTCGGGA ACCAAGCTGG AGTGCAGTGG CACAATCTTG GCTCACTGCA ATCTCCGCCT 6156

CCTGGGTTCA AGCGATTCTC CTGCCTCAGC CTCCCGAGTT GTTGGGATTC CAGGCATGCA 6216

TGACCAGGCT CAGCTAATTT TTGTTTTTTT GGTAGAGACG GGGTTTCACC ATATTGGCCA 6276

GGCTGGTCTC CAACTCCTAA TCTCAGGTGA TCTACCCACC TTGGCCTCCC AAATTGCTGG 6336

GATTACAGGC GTGAACCACT GCTCCCTTCC CTGTCCTTCT GATTTTAAAA TAACTATACC 6396

AGCAGGAGGA CGTCCAGACA CAGCATAGGC TACCTGCCAT GCCCAACCGG TGGGACATTT 6456

GAGTTGCTTG CTTGGCACTG TCCTCTCATG CGTTGGGTCC ACTCAGTAGA TGCCTGTTGA 6516

ATTCGTAATC ATGGTCATAG CTGTTTCCTG TGTGAAATTG TTATCCGCTC ACAATTCCAC 6576

ACAACATACG AGCCGGAAGC ATAAAGTGTA AAGCCTGGGG TGCCTAATGA GTGAGCTAAC 6636

TCACATTAAT TGCGTTGCGC TCACTGCCCG CTTTCCAGTC GGGAAACCTG TCGTGCCAGC 6696

TGCATTAATG AATCGGCCAA CGCGCGGGGA GAGGCGGTTT GCGTATTGGG CGCTCTTCCG 6756

CTTCCTCGCT CACTGACTCG CTGCGCTCGG TCGTTCGGCT GCGGCGAGCG GTATCAGCTC 6816

ACTCAAAGGC GGTAATACGG TTATCCACAG AATCAGGGGA TAACGCAGGA AAGAACATGT 6876

GAGCAAAAGG CCAGCAAAAG GCCAGGAACC GTAAAAAGGC CGCGTTGCTG GCGTTTTTCC 6936

ATAGGCTCCG CCCCCCTGAC GAGCATCACA AAAATCGACG CTCAAGTCAG AGGTGGCGAA 6996

ACCCGACAGG ACTATAAAGA TACCAGGCGT TTCCCCCTGG AAGCTCCCTC GTGCGCTCTC 7056

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CGCTTTCTCA TAGCTCACGC TGTAGGTATC TCAGTTCGGT GTAGGTCGTT CGCTCCAAGC 7176

TGGGCTGTGT GCACGAACCC CCCGTTCAGC CCGACCGCTG CGCCTTATCC GGTAACTATC 7236

GTCTTGAGTC CAACCCGGTA AGACACGACT TATCGCCACT GGCAGCAGCC ACTGGTAACA 7296

GGATTAGCAG AGCGAGGTAT GTAGGCGGTG CTACAGAGTT CTTGAAGTGG TGGCCTAACT 7356

ACGGCTACAC TAGAAGGACA GTATTTGGTA TCTGCGCTCT GCTGAAGCCA GTTACCTTCG 7416

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TTGTTTGCAA GCAGCAGATT ACGCGCAGAA AAAAAGGATC TCAAGAAGAT CCTTTGATCT 7536

TTTCTACGGG GTCTGACGCT CAGTGGAACG AAAACTCACG TTAAGGGATT TTGGTCATGA 7596

GATTATCAAA AAGGATCTTC ACCTAGATCC TTTTAAATTA AAAATGAAGT TTTAAATCAA 7656

TCTAAAGTAT ATATGAGTAA ACTTGGTCTG ACAGTTACCA ATGCTTAATC AGTGAGGCAC 7716

CTATCTCAGC GATCTGTCTA TTTCGTTCAT CCATAGTTGC CTGACTCCCC GTCGTGTAGA 7776

TAACTACGAT ACGGGAGGGC TTACCATCTG GCCCCAGTGC TGCAATGATA CCGCGAGACC 7836

CACGCTCACC GGCTCCAGAT TTATCAGCAA TAAACCAGCC AGCCGGAAGG GCCGAGCGCA 7896

GAAGTGGTCC TGCAACTTTA TCCGCCTCCA TCCAGTCTAT TAATTGTTGC CGGGAAGCTA 7956

GAGTAAGTAG TTCGCCAGTT AATAGTTTGC GCAACGTTGT TGCCATTGCT ACAGGCATCG 8016

TGGTGTCACG CTCGTCGTTT GGTATGGCTT CATTCAGCTC CGGTTCCCAA CGATCAAGGC 8076

GAGTTACATG ATCCCCCATG TTGTGCAAAA AAGCGGTTAG CTCCTTCGGT CCTCCGATCG 8136

TTGTCAGAAG TAAGTTGGCC GCAGTGTTAT CACTCATGGT TATGGCAGCA CTGCATAATT 8196

CTCTTACTGT CATGCCATCC GTAAGATGCT TTTCTGTGAC TGGTGAGTAC TCAACCAAGT 8256

CATTCTGAGA ATAGTGTATG CGGCGACCGA GTTGCTCTTG CCCGGCGTCA ATACGGGATA 8316

ATACCGCGCC ACATAGCAGA ACTTTAAAAG TGCTCATCAT TGGAAAACGT TCTTCGGGGC 8376

GAAAACTCTC AAGGATCTTA CCGCTGTTGA GATCCAGTTC GATGTAACCC ACTCGTGCAC 8436

CCAACTGATC TTCAGCATCT TTTACTTTCA CCAGCGTTTC TGGGTGAGCA AAAACAGGAA 8496

GGCAAAATGC CGCAAAAAAG GGAATAAGGG CGACACGGAA ATGTTGAATA CTCATACTCT 8556

TCCTTTTTCA ATATTATTGA AGCATTTATC AGGGTTATTG TCTCATGAGC GGATACATAT 8616

TTGAATGTAT TTAGAAAAAT AAACAAATAG GGGTTCCGCG CACATTTCCC CGAAAAGTGC 8676

CACCTGACGT CTAAGAAACC ATTATTATCA TGACATTAAC CTATAAAAAT AGGCGTATCA 8736

CGAGGCCCTT TCGTCTCGCG CGTTTCGGTG ATGACGGTGA AAACCTCTGA CACATGCAGC 8796

TCCCGGAGAC GGTCACAGCT TGTCTGTAAG CGGATGCCGG GAGCAGACAA GCCCGTCAGG 8856

GCGCGTCAGC GGGTGTTGGC GGGTGTCGGG GCTGGCTTAA CTATGCGGCA TCAGAGCAGA 8916

TTGTACTGAG AGTGCACCAT ATGCGGTGTG AAATACCGCA CAGATGCGTA AGGAGAAAAT 8976

ACCGCATCAG GCGCCATTCG CCATTCAGGC TGCGCAACTG TTGGGAAGGG CGATCGGTGC 9036

GGGCCTCTTC GCTATTACGC CAGCTGGCGA AAGGGGGATG TGCTGCAAGG CGATTAAGTT 9096

GGGTAACGCC AGGGTTTTCC CAGTCACGAC GTTGTAAAAC GACGGCCAGT GCCAAGCTTG 9156

GGCTGCAG 9164

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 12022 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1006..3294

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 6153..8234

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

GTCGACGGTA TCGATAAGCT TGATATCGAA TTCCTGCAGC CCGGGGGATC CACTAGTACT 60

CGAGACCTAG GAGTTAATTT TTAAAAAGCA GTCAAAAGTC CAAGTGGCCC TTGCGAGCAT 120

TTACTCTCTC TGTTTGCTCT GGTTAATAAT CTCAGGAGCA CAAACATTCC TTACTAGTCC 180

TAGAAGTTAA TTTTTAAAAA GCAGTCAAAA GTCCAAGTGG CCCTTGCGAG CATTTACTCT 240

CTCTGTTTGC TCTGGTTAAT AATCTCAGGA GCACAAACAT TCCTTACTAG TTCTAGAGCG 300

GCCGCCAGTG TGCTGGAATT CGGCTTTTTT AGGGCTGGAA GCTACCTTTG ACATCATTTC 360

CTCTGCGAAT GCATGTATAA TTTCTACAGA ACCTATTAGA AAGGATCACC CAGCCTCTGC 420

TTTTGTACAA CTTTCCCTTA AAAAACTGCC AATTCCACTG CTGTTTGGCC CAATAGTGAG 480

AACTTTTTCC TGCTGCCTCT TGGTGCTTTT GCCTATGGCC CCTATTCTGC CTGCTGAAGA 540

CACTCTTGCC AGCATGGACT TAAACCCCTC CAGCTCTGAC AATCCTCTTT CTCTTTTGTT 600

TTACATGAAG GGTCTGGCAG CCAAAGCAAT CACTCAAAGT TCAAACCTTA TCATTTTTTG 660

CTTTGTTCCT CTTGGCCTTG GTTTTGTACA TCAGCTTTGA AAATACCATC CCAGGGTTAA 720

TGCTGGGGTT AATTTATAAC TAAGAGTGCT CTAGTTTTGC AATACAGGAC ATGCTATAAA 780

AATGGAAAGA TGTTGCTTTC TGAGAGATCT CGAGGAAGCT AACAACAAAG AACAACAAAC 840

AACAATCAGG TAAGTATCCT TTTTACAGCA CAACTTAATG AGACAGATAG AAACTGGTCT 900

TGTAGAAACA GAGTAGTCGC CTGCTTTTCT GCCAGGTGCT GACTTCTCTC CCCTTCTCTT 960

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TTTTCCTTTT CTCAGGATAA CAAGAACGAA ACAATAACAG CCACC ATG GAA ATA      1014
                                                  Met Glu Ile
                                                    1

GAG CTC TCC ACC TGC TTC TTT CTG TGC CTT TTG CGA TTC TGC TTT AGT    1062
Glu Leu Ser Thr Cys Phe Phe Leu Cys Leu Leu Arg Phe Cys Phe Ser
      5                  10                  15

GCC ACC AGA AGA TAC TAC CTG GGT GCA GTG GAA CTG TCA TGG GAC TAT    1110
Ala Thr Arg Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Ala Val Glu Leu Ser Trp Asp Tyr
 20                  25                  30                  35

ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGT GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA TTT CCT CCT    1158
Met Gln Ser Asp Leu Gly Glu Leu Pro Val Asp Ala Arg Phe Pro Pro
                 40                  45                  50

AGA GTG CCA AAA TCT TTT CCA TTC AAC ACC TCA GTC GTG TAC AAA AAG    1206
Arg Val Pro Lys Ser Phe Pro Phe Asn Thr Ser Val Val Tyr Lys Lys
             55                  60                  65

ACT CTG TTT GTA GAA TTC ACG GTT CAC CTT TTC AAC ATC GCT AAG CCA    1254
Thr Leu Phe Val Glu Phe Thr Val His Leu Phe Asn Ile Ala Lys Pro
         70                  75                  80

AGG CCA CCC TGG ATG GGT CTG CTA GGT CCT ACC ATC CAG GCT GAG GTT    1302
Arg Pro Pro Trp Met Gly Leu Leu Gly Pro Thr Ile Gln Ala Glu Val
     85                  90                  95

TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC CAT CCT GTC    1350
Tyr Asp Thr Val Val Ile Thr Leu Lys Asn Met Ala Ser His Pro Val
100                 105                 110                 115

AGT CTT CAT GCT GTT GGT GTA TCC TAC TGG AAA GCT TCT GAG GGA GCT    1398
Ser Leu His Ala Val Gly Val Ser Tyr Trp Lys Ala Ser Glu Gly Ala
                120                 125                 130

GAA TAT GAT GAT CAG ACC AGT CAA AGG GAG AAA GAA GAT GAT AAA GTC    1446
Glu Tyr Asp Asp Gln Thr Ser Gln Arg Glu Lys Glu Asp Asp Lys Val
            135                 140                 145

TTC CCT GGT GGA AGC CAT ACA TAT GTC TGG CAG GTC CTG AAA GAG AAT    1494
Phe Pro Gly Gly Ser His Thr Tyr Val Trp Gln Val Leu Lys Glu Asn
        150                 155                 160

GGT CCA ATG GCC TCT GAC CCA CTG TGC CTT ACC TAC TCA TAT CTT TCT    1542
Gly Pro Met Ala Ser Asp Pro Leu Cys Leu Thr Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Ser
    165                 170                 175

CAT GTG GAC CTG GTA AAA GAC TTG AAT TCA GGC CTC ATT GGA GCC CTA    1590
His Val Asp Leu Val Lys Asp Leu Asn Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Ala Leu
180                 185                 190                 195

CTA GTA TGT AGA GAA GGG AGT CTG GCC AAG GAA AAG ACA CAG ACC TTG    1638
Leu Val Cys Arg Glu Gly Ser Leu Ala Lys Glu Lys Thr Gln Thr Leu
                200                 205                 210
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CAC AAA TTT ATA CTA CTT TTT GCT GTA TTT GAT GAA GGG AAA AGT TGG     1686
His Lys Phe Ile Leu Leu Phe Ala Val Phe Asp Glu Gly Lys Ser Trp
                215                 220                 225

CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC TTG ATG CAG GAT AGG GAT GCT GCA TCT     1734
His Ser Glu Thr Lys Asn Ser Leu Met Gln Asp Arg Asp Ala Ala Ser
        230                 235                 240

GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT GTA AAC AGG     1782
Ala Arg Ala Trp Pro Lys Met His Thr Val Asn Gly Tyr Val Asn Arg
    245                 250                 255

TCT CTG CCA GGT CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC TAT TGG CAT     1830
Ser Leu Pro Gly Leu Ile Gly Cys His Arg Lys Ser Val Tyr Trp His
260                 265                 270                 275

GTG ATT GGA ATG GGC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA TTC CTC GAA     1878
Val Ile Gly Met Gly Thr Thr Pro Glu Val His Ser Ile Phe Leu Glu
                280                 285                 290

GGT CAC ACA TTT CTT GTG AGG AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC TTG GAA ATC     1926
Gly His Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asn His Arg Gln Ala Ser Leu Glu Ile
                295                 300                 305

TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC TTG ATG GAC CTT GGA     1974
Ser Pro Ile Thr Phe Leu Thr Ala Gln Thr Leu Leu Met Asp Leu Gly
        310                 315                 320

CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT GAT GGC ATG     2022
Gln Phe Leu Leu Phe Cys His Ile Ser Ser His Gln His Asp Gly Met
    325                 330                 335

GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC CAA CTA CGA     2070
Glu Ala Tyr Val Lys Val Asp Ser Cys Pro Glu Glu Pro Gln Leu Arg
340                 345                 350                 355

ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT CTT ACT GAT     2118
Met Lys Asn Asn Glu Glu Ala Glu Asp Tyr Asp Asp Asp Leu Thr Asp
                360                 365                 370

TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGG TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT CCT TCC TTT     2166
Ser Glu Met Asp Val Val Arg Phe Asp Asp Asp Asn Ser Pro Ser Phe
                375                 380                 385

ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT TGG GTA CAT     2214
Ile Gln Ile Arg Ser Val Ala Lys Lys His Pro Lys Thr Trp Val His
        390                 395                 400

TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC TTA GTC CTC     2262
Tyr Ile Ala Ala Glu Glu Glu Asp Trp Asp Tyr Ala Pro Leu Val Leu
    405                 410                 415

GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC AAT GGC CCT     2310
Ala Pro Asp Asp Arg Ser Tyr Lys Ser Gln Tyr Leu Asn Asn Gly Pro
420                 425                 430                 435
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CAG CGG ATT GGT AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG GCA TAC ACA     2358
Gln Arg Ile Gly Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Val Arg Phe Met Ala Tyr Thr
                440                 445                 450

GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA TCA GGA ATC     2406
Asp Glu Thr Phe Lys Thr Arg Glu Ala Ile Gln His Glu Ser Gly Ile
            455                 460                 465

TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG TTG ATT ATA     2454
Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Tyr Gly Glu Val Gly Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Ile
        470                 475                 480

TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT CAC GGA ATC     2502
Phe Lys Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Pro His Gly Ile
    485                 490                 495

ACT GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA AGG AGA TTA CCA AAA GGT GTA AAA     2550
Thr Asp Val Arg Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Arg Leu Pro Lys Gly Val Lys
500                 505                 510                 515

CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCA GGA GAA ATA TTC AAA TAT AAA     2598
His Leu Lys Asp Phe Pro Ile Leu Pro Gly Glu Ile Phe Lys Tyr Lys
                520                 525                 530

TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT CCT CGG TGC     2646
Trp Thr Val Thr Val Glu Asp Gly Pro Thr Lys Ser Asp Pro Arg Cys
            535                 540                 545

CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTT AAT ATG GAG AGA GAT CTA GCT     2694
Leu Thr Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Phe Val Asn Met Glu Arg Asp Leu Ala
        550                 555                 560

TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA TCT GTA GAT     2742
Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu Ile Cys Tyr Lys Glu Ser Val Asp
    565                 570                 575

CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC ATC CTG TTT     2790
Gln Arg Gly Asn Gln Ile Met Ser Asp Lys Arg Asn Val Ile Leu Phe
580                 585                 590                 595

TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG AAT ATA CAA     2838
Ser Val Phe Asp Glu Asn Arg Ser Trp Tyr Leu Thr Glu Asn Ile Gln
                600                 605                 610

CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCA GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT CCA GAG TTC     2886
Arg Phe Leu Pro Asn Pro Ala Gly Val Gln Leu Glu Asp Pro Glu Phe
            615                 620                 625

CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT TTT GAT AGT     2934
Gln Ala Ser Asn Ile Met His Ser Ile Asn Gly Tyr Val Phe Asp Ser
        630                 635                 640

TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAG GTG GCA TAC TGG TAC ATT CTA     2982
Leu Gln Leu Ser Val Cys Leu His Glu Val Ala Tyr Trp Tyr Ile Leu
    645                 650                 655
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AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC TCT GGA TAT    3030
Ser Ile Gly Ala Gln Thr Asp Phe Leu Ser Val Phe Phe Ser Gly Tyr
660                 665                 670                 675

ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC CTA TTC CCA    3078
Thr Phe Lys His Lys Met Val Tyr Glu Asp Thr Leu Thr Leu Phe Pro
                680                 685                 690

TTC TCA GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA GGT CTA TGG    3126
Phe Ser Gly Glu Thr Val Phe Met Ser Met Glu Asn Pro Gly Leu Trp
            695                 700                 705

ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC ATG ACC GCC    3174
Ile Leu Gly Cys His Asn Ser Asp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Met Thr Ala
        710                 715                 720

TTA CTG AAG GTT TCT AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGT GAT TAT TAC GAG    3222
Leu Leu Lys Val Ser Ser Cys Asp Lys Asn Thr Gly Asp Tyr Tyr Glu
    725                 730                 735

GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA AAC AAT GCC    3270
Asp Ser Tyr Glu Asp Ile Ser Ala Tyr Leu Leu Ser Lys Asn Asn Ala
740                 745                 750                 755

ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG GTAAGTTATT ATATAAATTC AAGACACCCT   3324
Ile Glu Pro Arg Ser Phe Ser Gln
                760

AGCACTAGGC AAAAGCAATT TAATGCCACC ACAATTCCAG AAAATGACAT AGAGAAGACT  3384

GACCCTTGGT TTGCACACAG AACACCTATG CCTAAAATAC AAAATGTCTC CTCTAGTGAT  3444

TTGTTGATGC TCTTGCGACA GAGTCCTACT CCACATGGGC TATCCTTATC TGATCTCCAA  3504

GAAGCCAAAT ATGAGACTTT TTCTGATGAT CCATCACCTG GAGCAATAGA CAGTAATAAC  3564

AGCCTGTCTG AAATGACACA CTTCAGGCCA CAGCTCCATC ACAGTGGGGA CATGGTATTT  3624

ACCCCTGAGT CAGGCCTCCA ATTAAGATTA AATGAGAAAC TGGGGACAAC TGCAGCAACA  3684

GAGTTGAAGA AACTTGATTT CAAAGTTTCT AGTACATCAA ATAATCTGAT TTCAACAATT  3744

CCATCAGACA ATTTGGCAGC AGGTACTGAT AATACAAGTT CCTTAGGACC CCCAAGTATG  3804

CCAGTTCATT ATGATAGTCA ATTAGATACC ACTCTATTTG GCAAAAAGTC ATCTCCCCTT  3864

ACTGAGTCTG GTGGACCTCT GAGCTTGAGT GAAGAAAATA ATGATTCAAA GTTGTTAGAA  3924

TCAGGTTTAA TGAATAGCCA AGAAAGTTCA TGGGGAAAAA ATGTATCGTC AACAGAGAGT  3984

GGTAGGTTAT TTAAAGGGAA AAGAGCTCAT GGACCTGCTT TGTTGACTAA AGATAATGCC  4044

TTATTCAAAG TTAGCATCTC TTTGTTAAAG ACAAACAAAA CTTCCAATAA TTCAGCAACT  4104

AATAGAAAGA CTCACATTGA TGGCCCATCA TTATTAATTG AGAATAGTCC ATCAGTCTGG  4164

CAAAATATAT TAGAAAGTGA CACTGAGTTT AAAAAAGTGA CACCTTTGAT TCATGACAGA  4224
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ATGCTTATGG ACAAAAATGC TACAGCTTTG AGGCTAAATC ATATGTCAAA TAAAACTACT 4284

TCATCAAAAA ACATGGAAAT GGTCCAACAG AAAAAAGAGG GCCCCATTCC ACCAGATGCA 4344

CAAAATCCAG ATATGTCGTT CTTTAAGATG CTATTCTTGC CAGAATCAGC AAGGTGGATA 4404

CAAAGGACTC ATGGAAAGAA CTCTCTGAAC TCTGGGCAAG GCCCCAGTCC AAAGCAATTA 4464

GTATCCTTAG GACCAGAAAA ATCTGTGGAA GGTCAGAATT TCTTGTCTGA GAAAAACAAA 4524

GTGGTAGTAG GAAAGGGTGA ATTTACAAAG GACGTAGGAC TCAAAGAGAT GGTTTTTCCA 4584

AGCAGCAGAA ACCTATTTCT TACTAACTTG GATAATTTAC ATGAAAATAA TACACACAAT 4644

CAAGAAAAAA AAATTCAGGA AGAAATAGAA AAGAAGGAAA CATTAATCCA AGAGAATGTA 4704

GTTTTGCCTC AGATACATAC AGTGACTGGC ACTAAGAATT TCATGAAGAA CCTTTTCTTA 4764

CTGAGCACTA GGCAAAATGT AGAAGGTTCA TATGAGGGGG CATATGCTCC AGTACTTCAA 4824

GATTTTAGGT CATTAAATGA TTCAACAAAT AGAACAAAGA AACACACAGC TCATTTCTCA 4884

AAAAAAGGGG AGGAAGAAAA CTTGGAAGGC TTGGGAAATC AAACCAAGCA AATTGTAGAG 4944

AAATATGCAT GCACCACAAG GATATCTCCT AATACAAGCC AGCAGAATTT TGTCACGCAA 5004

CGTAGTAAGA GAGCTTTGAA ACAATTCAGA CTCCCACTAG AAGAAACAGA ACTTGAAAAA 5064

AGGATAATTG TGGATGACAC CTCAACCCAG TGGTCCAAAA ACATGAAACA TTTGACCCCG 5124

AGCACCCTCA CACAGATAGA CTACAATGAG AAGGAGAAAG GGGCCATTAC TCAGTCTCCC 5184

TTATCAGATT GCCTTACGAG GAGTCATAGC ATCCCTCAAG CAAATAGATC TCCATTACCC 5244

ATTGCAAAGG TATCATCATT TCCATCTATT AGACCTATAT ATCTGACCAG GGTCCTATTC 5304

CAAGACAACT CTTCTCATCT TCCAGCAGCA TCTTATAGAA AGAAAGATTC TGGGGTCCAA 5364

GAAAGCAGTC ATTTCTTACA AGGAGCCAAA AAAAATAACC TTTCTTTAGC CATTCTAACC 5424

TTGGAGATGA CTGGTGATCA AAGAGAGGTT GGCTCCCTGG GGACAAGTGC CACAAATTCA 5484

GTCACATACA AGAAAGTTGA GAACACTGTT CTCCCGAAAC CAGACTTGCC CAAAACATCT 5544

GGCAAAGTTG AATTGCTTCC AAAAGTTCAC ATTTATCAGA AGGACCTATT CCCTACGGAA 5604

ACTAGCAATG GGTCTCCTGG CCATCTGGAT CTCGTGGAAG GGAGCCTTCT TCAGGGAACA 5664

GAGGGAGCGA TTAAGTGGAA TGAAGCAAAC AGACCTGGAA AAGTTCCCTT TCTGAGAGTA 5724

GCAACAGAAA GCTCTGCAAA GACTCCCTCC AAGCTATTGG ATCCTCTTGC TTGGGATAAC 5784

CACTATGGTA CTCAGATACC AAAAGAAGAG TGGAAATCCC AAGAGAAGTC ACCAGAAAAA 5844

ACAGCTTTTA AGAAAAAGGA TACCATTTTG TCCCTGAACG CTTGTGAAAG CAATCATGCA 5904

ATAGCAGCAA TAAATGAGGG ACAAAATAAG CCCGAAATAG AAGTCACCTG GGCAAAGCAA 5964

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GGTAGGACTG AAAGGCTGTG CTCTCAATTG TGCTAATAAA GCTTGGCAAG AGTATTTCAA  6024

GGAAGATGAA GTCATTAACT ATGCAAAATG CTTCTCAGGC ACCTAGGAAA ATGAGGATGT  6084

GAGGCATTTC TACCCACTTG GTACATAAAA TTATTGGGTC ACCCTTTTCC TCTTCTTTTT  6144

TTCTCCAG AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG AAA CGC CAT CAA CGG GAA ATA ACT CGT   6194
         Asn Pro Pro Val Leu Lys Arg His Gln Arg Glu Ile Thr Arg
           1               5                  10

ACT ACT CTT CAG TCA GAT CAA GAG GAA ATT GAC TAT GAT GAT ACC ATA    6242
Thr Thr Leu Gln Ser Asp Gln Glu Glu Ile Asp Tyr Asp Asp Thr Ile
 15                  20                  25                  30

TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA GAT TTT GAC ATT TAT GAT GAG GAT GAA    6290
Ser Val Glu Met Lys Lys Glu Asp Phe Asp Ile Tyr Asp Glu Asp Glu
                 35                  40                  45

AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT CAA AAG AAA ACA CGA CAC TAT TTT ATT    6338
Asn Gln Ser Pro Arg Ser Phe Gln Lys Lys Thr Arg His Tyr Phe Ile
             50                  55                  60

GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG GAT TAT GGG ATG AGT AGC TCC CCA CAT    6386
Ala Ala Val Glu Arg Leu Trp Asp Tyr Gly Met Ser Ser Ser Pro His
         65                  70                  75

GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG AGT GGC AGT GTC CCT CAG TTC AAG AAA    6434
Val Leu Arg Asn Arg Ala Gln Ser Gly Ser Val Pro Gln Phe Lys Lys
     80                  85                  90

GTT GTT TTC CAG GAA TTT ACT GAT GGC TCC TTT ACT CAG CCC TTA TAC    6482
Val Val Phe Gln Glu Phe Thr Asp Gly Ser Phe Thr Gln Pro Leu Tyr
 95                  100                 105                 110

CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT TTG GGA CTC CTG GGG CCA TAT ATA AGA    6530
Arg Gly Glu Leu Asn Glu His Leu Gly Leu Leu Gly Pro Tyr Ile Arg
                115                 120                 125

GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC ATG GTA ACT TTC AGA AAT CAG GCC TCT    6578
Ala Glu Val Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Val Thr Phe Arg Asn Gln Ala Ser
            130                 135                 140

CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT AGC CTT ATT TCT TAT GAG GAA GAT CAG    6626
Arg Pro Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Ser Ser Leu Ile Ser Tyr Glu Glu Asp Gln
        145                 150                 155

AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA AAA AAC TTT GTC AAG CCT AAT GAA ACC    6674
Arg Gln Gly Ala Glu Pro Arg Lys Asn Phe Val Lys Pro Asn Glu Thr
    160                 165                 170

AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG CAA CAT CAT ATG GCA CCC ACT AAA GAT    6722
Lys Thr Tyr Phe Trp Lys Val Gln His His Met Ala Pro Thr Lys Asp
175                 180                 185                 190

GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG GCT TAT TTC TCT GAT GTT GAC CTG GAA    6770
Glu Phe Asp Cys Lys Ala Trp Ala Tyr Phe Ser Asp Val Asp Leu Glu
                195                 200                 205
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AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG ATT GGA CCC CTT CTG GTC TGC CAC ACT    6818
Lys Asp Val His Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu Val Cys His Thr
            210                 215                 220

AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT GGG AGA CAA GTG ACA GTA CAG GAA TTT    6866
Asn Thr Leu Asn Pro Ala His Gly Arg Gln Val Thr Val Gln Glu Phe
        225                 230                 235

GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTT GAT GAG ACC AAA AGC TGG TAC TTC ACT    6914
Ala Leu Phe Phe Thr Ile Phe Asp Glu Thr Lys Ser Trp Tyr Phe Thr
    240                 245                 250

GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC AGG GCT CCC TGC AAT ATC CAG ATG GAA    6962
Glu Asn Met Glu Arg Asn Cys Arg Ala Pro Cys Asn Ile Gln Met Glu
255                 260                 265                 270

GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT TAT CGC TTC CAT GCA ATC AAT GGC TAC    7010
Asp Pro Thr Phe Lys Glu Asn Tyr Arg Phe His Ala Ile Asn Gly Tyr
                275                 280                 285

ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC TTA GTA ATG GCT CAG GAT CAA AGG ATT    7058
Ile Met Asp Thr Leu Pro Gly Leu Val Met Ala Gln Asp Gln Arg Ile
            290                 295                 300

CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG GGC AGC AAT GAA AAC ATC CAT TCT ATT    7106
Arg Trp Tyr Leu Leu Ser Met Gly Ser Asn Glu Asn Ile His Ser Ile
        305                 310                 315

CAT TTC AGT GGA CAT GTG TTC ACT GTA CGA AAA AAA GAG GAG TAT AAA    7154
His Phe Ser Gly His Val Phe Thr Val Arg Lys Lys Glu Glu Tyr Lys
    320                 325                 330

ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT CCA GGT GTT TTT GAG ACA GTG GAA ATG    7202
Met Ala Leu Tyr Asn Leu Tyr Pro Gly Val Phe Glu Thr Val Glu Met
335                 340                 345                 350

TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT TGG CGG GTG GAA TGC CTT ATT GGC GAG    7250
Leu Pro Ser Lys Ala Gly Ile Trp Arg Val Glu Cys Leu Ile Gly Glu
                355                 360                 365

CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC ACA CTT TTT CTG GTG TAC AGC AAT AAG    7298
His Leu His Ala Gly Met Ser Thr Leu Phe Leu Val Tyr Ser Asn Lys
            370                 375                 380

TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG GCT TCT GGA CAC ATT AGA GAT TTT CAG    7346
Cys Gln Thr Pro Leu Gly Met Ala Ser Gly His Ile Arg Asp Phe Gln
        385                 390                 395

ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT GGA CAG TGG GCC CCA AAG CTG GCC AGA    7394
Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Gln Tyr Gly Gln Trp Ala Pro Lys Leu Ala Arg
    400                 405                 410

CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC AAT GCC TGG AGC ACC AAG GAG CCC TTT    7442
Leu His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Ile Asn Ala Trp Ser Thr Lys Glu Pro Phe
415                 420                 425                 430
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TCT TGG ATC AAG GTG GAT CTG TTG GCA CCA ATG ATT ATT CAC GGC ATC    7490
Ser Trp Ile Lys Val Asp Leu Leu Ala Pro Met Ile Ile His Gly Ile
                435                 440                 445

AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG AAG TTC TCC AGC CTC TAC ATC TCT CAG    7538
Lys Thr Gln Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Phe Ser Ser Leu Tyr Ile Ser Gln
            450                 455                 460

TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTT GAT GGG AAG AAG TGG CAG ACT TAT CGA    7586
Phe Ile Ile Met Tyr Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Lys Trp Gln Thr Tyr Arg
        465                 470                 475

GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC TTA ATG GTC TTC TTT GGC AAT GTG GAT TCA    7634
Gly Asn Ser Thr Gly Thr Leu Met Val Phe Phe Gly Asn Val Asp Ser
    480                 485                 490

TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT TTT AAC CCT CCA ATT ATT GCT CGA TAC    7682
Ser Gly Ile Lys His Asn Ile Phe Asn Pro Pro Ile Ile Ala Arg Tyr
495                 500                 505                 510

ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT TAT AGC ATT CGC AGC ACT CTT CGC ATG    7730
Ile Arg Leu His Pro Thr His Tyr Ser Ile Arg Ser Thr Leu Arg Met
                515                 520                 525

GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA AAT AGT TGC AGC ATG CCA TTG GGA ATG    7778
Glu Leu Met Gly Cys Asp Leu Asn Ser Cys Ser Met Pro Leu Gly Met
            530                 535                 540

GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT GCA CAG ATT ACT GCT TCA TCC TAC TTT    7826
Glu Ser Lys Ala Ile Ser Asp Ala Gln Ile Thr Ala Ser Ser Tyr Phe
        545                 550                 555

ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG TCT CCT TCA AAA GCT CGA CTT CAC CTC    7874
Thr Asn Met Phe Ala Thr Trp Ser Pro Ser Lys Ala Arg Leu His Leu
    560                 565                 570

CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG AGA CCT CAG GTG AAT AAT CCA AAA GAG    7922
Gln Gly Arg Ser Asn Ala Trp Arg Pro Gln Val Asn Asn Pro Lys Glu
575                 580                 585                 590

TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG AAG ACA ATG AAA GTC ACA GGA GTA ACT    7970
Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Phe Gln Lys Thr Met Lys Val Thr Gly Val Thr
                595                 600                 605

ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG CTT ACC AGC ATG TAT GTG AAG GAG TTC    8018
Thr Gln Gly Val Lys Ser Leu Leu Thr Ser Met Tyr Val Lys Glu Phe
            610                 615                 620

CTC ATC TCC AGC AGT CAA GAT GGC CAT CAG TGG ACT CTC TTT TTT CAG    8066
Leu Ile Ser Ser Ser Gln Asp Gly His Gln Trp Thr Leu Phe Phe Gln
        625                 630                 635

AAT GGC AAA GTA AAG GTT TTT CAG GGA AAT CAA GAC TCC TTC ACA CCT    8114
Asn Gly Lys Val Lys Val Phe Gln Gly Asn Gln Asp Ser Phe Thr Pro
    640                 645                 650
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GTG GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA CCG TTA CTG ACT CGC TAC CTT CGA ATT 8162
Val Val Asn Ser Leu Asp Pro Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg Tyr Leu Arg Ile
655 660 665 670

CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC CAG ATT GCC CTG AGG ATG GAG GTT CTG 8210
His Pro Gln Ser Trp Val His Gln Ile Ala Leu Arg Met Glu Val Leu
675 680 685

GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC TAC TGAGGGTGGC CACTGCAGCA CCTGCCACTG 8264
Gly Cys Glu Ala Gln Asp Leu Tyr
690

CCGTCACCTC TCCCTCCTCA GCTCCAGGGC AGTGTCCCTC CCTGGCTTGC CTTCTACCTT 8324

TGTGCTAAAT CCTAGCAGAC ACTGCCTTGA AGCCTCCTGA ATTAACTATC ATCAGTCCTG 8384

CATTTCTTTG GTGGGGGGCC AGGAGGGTGC ATCCAATTTA ACTTAACTCT TACCTATTTT 8444

CTGCAGCTGC TCCCAGATTA CTCCTTCCTT CCAATATAAC TAGGCAAAAA GAAGTGAGGA 8504

GAAACCTGCA TGAAAGCATT CTTCCCTGAA AAGTTAGGCC TCTCAGAGTC ACCACTTCCT 8564

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TATTGCAGCT TATAATGGTT ACAAATAAAG CAATAGCATC ACAAATTTCA CAAATAAAGC 8684

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CGTTGGGTCC ACTCAGTAGA TGCCTGTTGA ATTCGTAATC ATGGTCATAG CTGTTTCCTG 9404

TGTGAAATTG TTATCCGCTC ACAATTCCAC ACAACATACG AGCCGGAAGC ATAAAGTGTA 9464

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GATCCAGTTC GATGTAACCC ACTCGTGCAC CCAACTGATC TTCAGCATCT TTTACTTTCA 11324

CCAGCGTTTC TGGGTGAGCA AAAACAGGAA GGCAAAATGC CGCAAAAAAG GGAATAAGGG 11384

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GGGTTCCGCG CACATTTCCC CGAAAAGTGC CACCTGACGT CTAAGAAACC ATTATTATCA 11564

TGACATTAAC CTATAAAAAT AGGCGTATCA CGAGGCCCTT TCGTCTCGCG CGTTTCGGTG 11624

ATGACGGTGA AAACCTCTGA CACATGCAGC TCCCGGAGAC GGTCACAGCT TGTCTGTAAG 11684

CGGATGCCGG GAGCAGACAA GCCCGTCAGG GCGCGTCAGC GGGTGTTGGC GGGTGTCGGG 11744

GCTGGCTTAA CTATGCGGCA TCAGAGCAGA TTGTACTGAG AGTGCACCAT ATGCGGTGTG 11804

AAATACCGCA CAGATGCGTA AGGAGAAAAT ACCGCATCAG GCGCCATTCG CCATTCAGGC 11864

TGCGCAACTG TTGGGAAGGG CGATCGGTGC GGGCCTCTTC GCTATTACGC CAGCTGGCGA 11924

AAGGGGGATG TGCTGCAAGG CGATTAAGTT GGGTAACGCC AGGGTTTTCC CAGTCACGAC 11984

GTTGTAAAAC GACGGCCAGT GCCAAGCTTG GGCTGCAG 12022

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 11846 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1006..8058

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

GTCGACGGTA TCGATAAGCT TGATATCGAA TTCCTGCAGC CCGGGGGATC CACTAGTACT 60

CGAGACCTAG GAGTTAATTT TTAAAAAGCA GTCAAAAGTC CAAGTGGCCC TTGCGAGCAT 120

TTACTCTCTC TGTTTGCTCT GGTTAATAAT CTCAGGAGCA CAAACATTCC TTACTAGTCC 180

TAGAAGTTAA TTTTTAAAAA GCAGTCAAAA GTCCAAGTGG CCCTTGCGAG CATTTACTCT 240

CTCTGTTTGC TCTGGTTAAT AATCTCAGGA GCACAAACAT TCCTTACTAG TTCTAGAGCG 300

GCCGCCAGTG TGCTGGAATT CGGCTTTTTT AGGGCTGGAA GCTACCTTTG ACATCATTTC 360

CTCTGCGAAT GCATGTATAA TTTCTACAGA ACCTATTAGA AAGGATCACC CAGCCTCTGC 420

TTTTGTACAA CTTTCCCTTA AAAAACTGCC AATTCCACTG CTGTTTGGCC CAATAGTGAG 480

AACTTTTTCC TGCTGCCTCT TGGTGCTTTT GCCTATGGCC CCTATTCTGC CTGCTGAAGA 540

CACTCTTGCC AGCATGGACT TAAACCCCTC CAGCTCTGAC AATCCTCTTT CTCTTTTGTT 600

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TTACATGAAG GGTCTGGCAG CCAAAGCAAT CACTCAAAGT TCAAACCTTA TCATTTTTTG   660

CTTTGTTCCT CTTGGCCTTG GTTTTGTACA TCAGCTTTGA AAATACCATC CCAGGGTTAA   720

TGCTGGGGTT AATTTATAAC TAAGAGTGCT CTAGTTTTGC AATACAGGAC ATGCTATAAA   780

AATGGAAAGA TGTTGCTTTC TGAGAGATCT CGAGGAAGCT AACAACAAAG AACAACAAAC   840

AACAATCAGG TAAGTATCCT TTTTACAGCA CAACTTAATG AGACAGATAG AAACTGGTCT   900

TGTAGAAACA GAGTAGTCGC CTGCTTTTCT GCCAGGTGCT GACTTCTCTC CCCTTCTCTT   960

TTTTCCTTTT CTCAGGATAA CAAGAACGAA ACAATAACAG CCACC ATG GAA ATA       1014
                                                  Met Glu Ile
                                                    1

GAG CTC TCC ACC TGC TTC TTT CTG TGC CTT TTG CGA TTC TGC TTT AGT     1062
Glu Leu Ser Thr Cys Phe Phe Leu Cys Leu Leu Arg Phe Cys Phe Ser
  5                  10                  15

GCC ACC AGA AGA TAC TAC CTG GGT GCA GTG GAA CTG TCA TGG GAC TAT     1110
Ala Thr Arg Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Ala Val Glu Leu Ser Trp Asp Tyr
 20                  25                  30                  35

ATG CAA AGT GAT CTC GGT GAG CTG CCT GTG GAC GCA AGA TTT CCT CCT     1158
Met Gln Ser Asp Leu Gly Glu Leu Pro Val Asp Ala Arg Phe Pro Pro
                 40                  45                  50

AGA GTG CCA AAA TCT TTT CCA TTC AAC ACC TCA GTC GTG TAC AAA AAG     1206
Arg Val Pro Lys Ser Phe Pro Phe Asn Thr Ser Val Val Tyr Lys Lys
             55                  60                  65

ACT CTG TTT GTA GAA TTC ACG GTT CAC CTT TTC AAC ATC GCT AAG CCA     1254
Thr Leu Phe Val Glu Phe Thr Val His Leu Phe Asn Ile Ala Lys Pro
         70                  75                  80

AGG CCA CCC TGG ATG GGT CTG CTA GGT CCT ACC ATC CAG GCT GAG GTT     1302
Arg Pro Pro Trp Met Gly Leu Leu Gly Pro Thr Ile Gln Ala Glu Val
 85                  90                  95

TAT GAT ACA GTG GTC ATT ACA CTT AAG AAC ATG GCT TCC CAT CCT GTC     1350
Tyr Asp Thr Val Val Ile Thr Leu Lys Asn Met Ala Ser His Pro Val
100                 105                 110                 115

AGT CTT CAT GCT GTT GGT GTA TCC TAC TGG AAA GCT TCT GAG GGA GCT     1398
Ser Leu His Ala Val Gly Val Ser Tyr Trp Lys Ala Ser Glu Gly Ala
                120                 125                 130

GAA TAT GAT GAT CAG ACC AGT CAA AGG GAG AAA GAA GAT GAT AAA GTC     1446
Glu Tyr Asp Asp Gln Thr Ser Gln Arg Glu Lys Glu Asp Asp Lys Val
            135                 140                 145

TTC CCT GGT GGA AGC CAT ACA TAT GTC TGG CAG GTC CTG AAA GAG AAT     1494
Phe Pro Gly Gly Ser His Thr Tyr Val Trp Gln Val Leu Lys Glu Asn
        150                 155                 160
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GGT CCA ATG GCC TCT GAC CCA CTG TGC CTT ACC TAC TCA TAT CTT TCT 1542
Gly Pro Met Ala Ser Asp Pro Leu Cys Leu Thr Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Ser
165 170 175

CAT GTG GAC CTG GTA AAA GAC TTG AAT TCA GGC CTC ATT GGA GCC CTA 1590
His Val Asp Leu Val Lys Asp Leu Asn Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Ala Leu
180 185 190 195

CTA GTA TGT AGA GAA GGG AGT CTG GCC AAG GAA AAG ACA CAG ACC TTG 1638
Leu Val Cys Arg Glu Gly Ser Leu Ala Lys Glu Lys Thr Gln Thr Leu
200 205 210

CAC AAA TTT ATA CTA CTT TTT GCT GTA TTT GAT GAA GGG AAA AGT TGG 1686
His Lys Phe Ile Leu Leu Phe Ala Val Phe Asp Glu Gly Lys Ser Trp
215 220 225

CAC TCA GAA ACA AAG AAC TCC TTG ATG CAG GAT AGG GAT GCT GCA TCT 1734
His Ser Glu Thr Lys Asn Ser Leu Met Gln Asp Arg Asp Ala Ala Ser
230 235 240

GCT CGG GCC TGG CCT AAA ATG CAC ACA GTC AAT GGT TAT GTA AAC AGG 1782
Ala Arg Ala Trp Pro Lys Met His Thr Val Asn Gly Tyr Val Asn Arg
245 250 255

TCT CTG CCA GGT CTG ATT GGA TGC CAC AGG AAA TCA GTC TAT TGG CAT 1830
Ser Leu Pro Gly Leu Ile Gly Cys His Arg Lys Ser Val Tyr Trp His
260 265 270 275

GTG ATT GGA ATG GGC ACC ACT CCT GAA GTG CAC TCA ATA TTC CTC GAA 1878
Val Ile Gly Met Gly Thr Thr Pro Glu Val His Ser Ile Phe Leu Glu
280 285 290

GGT CAC ACA TTT CTT GTG AGG AAC CAT CGC CAG GCG TCC TTG GAA ATC 1926
Gly His Thr Phe Leu Val Arg Asn His Arg Gln Ala Ser Leu Glu Ile
295 300 305

TCG CCA ATA ACT TTC CTT ACT GCT CAA ACA CTC TTG ATG GAC CTT GGA 1974
Ser Pro Ile Thr Phe Leu Thr Ala Gln Thr Leu Leu Met Asp Leu Gly
310 315 320

CAG TTT CTA CTG TTT TGT CAT ATC TCT TCC CAC CAA CAT GAT GGC ATG 2022
Gln Phe Leu Leu Phe Cys His Ile Ser Ser His Gln His Asp Gly Met
325 330 335

GAA GCT TAT GTC AAA GTA GAC AGC TGT CCA GAG GAA CCC CAA CTA CGA 2070
Glu Ala Tyr Val Lys Val Asp Ser Cys Pro Glu Glu Pro Gln Leu Arg
340 345 350 355

ATG AAA AAT AAT GAA GAA GCG GAA GAC TAT GAT GAT GAT CTT ACT GAT 2118
Met Lys Asn Asn Glu Glu Ala Glu Asp Tyr Asp Asp Asp Leu Thr Asp
360 365 370

TCT GAA ATG GAT GTG GTC AGG TTT GAT GAT GAC AAC TCT CCT TCC TTT 2166
Ser Glu Met Asp Val Val Arg Phe Asp Asp Asp Asn Ser Pro Ser Phe
375 380 385

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ATC CAA ATT CGC TCA GTT GCC AAG AAG CAT CCT AAA ACT TGG GTA CAT    2214
Ile Gln Ile Arg Ser Val Ala Lys Lys His Pro Lys Thr Trp Val His
        390                 395                 400

TAC ATT GCT GCT GAA GAG GAG GAC TGG GAC TAT GCT CCC TTA GTC CTC    2262
Tyr Ile Ala Ala Glu Glu Glu Asp Trp Asp Tyr Ala Pro Leu Val Leu
    405                 410                 415

GCC CCC GAT GAC AGA AGT TAT AAA AGT CAA TAT TTG AAC AAT GGC CCT    2310
Ala Pro Asp Asp Arg Ser Tyr Lys Ser Gln Tyr Leu Asn Asn Gly Pro
420                 425                 430                 435

CAG CGG ATT GGT AGG AAG TAC AAA AAA GTC CGA TTT ATG GCA TAC ACA    2358
Gln Arg Ile Gly Arg Lys Tyr Lys Lys Val Arg Phe Met Ala Tyr Thr
                440                 445                 450

GAT GAA ACC TTT AAG ACT CGT GAA GCT ATT CAG CAT GAA TCA GGA ATC    2406
Asp Glu Thr Phe Lys Thr Arg Glu Ala Ile Gln His Glu Ser Gly Ile
            455                 460                 465

TTG GGA CCT TTA CTT TAT GGG GAA GTT GGA GAC ACA CTG TTG ATT ATA    2454
Leu Gly Pro Leu Leu Tyr Gly Glu Val Gly Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Ile
        470                 475                 480

TTT AAG AAT CAA GCA AGC AGA CCA TAT AAC ATC TAC CCT CAC GGA ATC    2502
Phe Lys Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Asn Ile Tyr Pro His Gly Ile
    485                 490                 495

ACT GAT GTC CGT CCT TTG TAT TCA AGG AGA TTA CCA AAA GGT GTA AAA    2550
Thr Asp Val Arg Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Arg Leu Pro Lys Gly Val Lys
500                 505                 510                 515

CAT TTG AAG GAT TTT CCA ATT CTG CCA GGA GAA ATA TTC AAA TAT AAA    2598
His Leu Lys Asp Phe Pro Ile Leu Pro Gly Glu Ile Phe Lys Tyr Lys
                520                 525                 530

TGG ACA GTG ACT GTA GAA GAT GGG CCA ACT AAA TCA GAT CCT CGG TGC    2646
Trp Thr Val Thr Val Glu Asp Gly Pro Thr Lys Ser Asp Pro Arg Cys
            535                 540                 545

CTG ACC CGC TAT TAC TCT AGT TTC GTT AAT ATG GAG AGA GAT CTA GCT    2694
Leu Thr Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Phe Val Asn Met Glu Arg Asp Leu Ala
        550                 555                 560

TCA GGA CTC ATT GGC CCT CTC CTC ATC TGC TAC AAA GAA TCT GTA GAT    2742
Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu Ile Cys Tyr Lys Glu Ser Val Asp
    565                 570                 575

CAA AGA GGA AAC CAG ATA ATG TCA GAC AAG AGG AAT GTC ATC CTG TTT    2790
Gln Arg Gly Asn Gln Ile Met Ser Asp Lys Arg Asn Val Ile Leu Phe
580                 585                 590                 595

TCT GTA TTT GAT GAG AAC CGA AGC TGG TAC CTC ACA GAG AAT ATA CAA    2838
Ser Val Phe Asp Glu Asn Arg Ser Trp Tyr Leu Thr Glu Asn Ile Gln
                600                 605                 610
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CGC TTT CTC CCC AAT CCA GCT GGA GTG CAG CTT GAG GAT CCA GAG TTC    2886
Arg Phe Leu Pro Asn Pro Ala Gly Val Gln Leu Glu Asp Pro Glu Phe
            615                 620                 625

CAA GCC TCC AAC ATC ATG CAC AGC ATC AAT GGC TAT GTT TTT GAT AGT    2934
Gln Ala Ser Asn Ile Met His Ser Ile Asn Gly Tyr Val Phe Asp Ser
        630                 635                 640

TTG CAG TTG TCA GTT TGT TTG CAT GAG GTG GCA TAC TGG TAC ATT CTA    2982
Leu Gln Leu Ser Val Cys Leu His Glu Val Ala Tyr Trp Tyr Ile Leu
    645                 650                 655

AGC ATT GGA GCA CAG ACT GAC TTC CTT TCT GTC TTC TTC TCT GGA TAT    3030
Ser Ile Gly Ala Gln Thr Asp Phe Leu Ser Val Phe Phe Ser Gly Tyr
660                 665                 670                 675

ACC TTC AAA CAC AAA ATG GTC TAT GAA GAC ACA CTC ACC CTA TTC CCA    3078
Thr Phe Lys His Lys Met Val Tyr Glu Asp Thr Leu Thr Leu Phe Pro
                680                 685                 690

TTC TCA GGA GAA ACT GTC TTC ATG TCG ATG GAA AAC CCA GGT CTA TGG    3126
Phe Ser Gly Glu Thr Val Phe Met Ser Met Glu Asn Pro Gly Leu Trp
            695                 700                 705

ATT CTG GGG TGC CAC AAC TCA GAC TTT CGG AAC AGA GGC ATG ACC GCC    3174
Ile Leu Gly Cys His Asn Ser Asp Phe Arg Asn Arg Gly Met Thr Ala
        710                 715                 720

TTA CTG AAG GTT TCT AGT TGT GAC AAG AAC ACT GGT GAT TAT TAC GAG    3222
Leu Leu Lys Val Ser Ser Cys Asp Lys Asn Thr Gly Asp Tyr Tyr Glu
    725                 730                 735

GAC AGT TAT GAA GAT ATT TCA GCA TAC TTG CTG AGT AAA AAC AAT GCC    3270
Asp Ser Tyr Glu Asp Ile Ser Ala Tyr Leu Leu Ser Lys Asn Asn Ala
740                 745                 750                 755

ATT GAA CCA AGA AGC TTC TCC CAG AAT TCA AGA CAC CCT AGC ACT AGG    3318
Ile Glu Pro Arg Ser Phe Ser Gln Asn Ser Arg His Pro Ser Thr Arg
                760                 765                 770

CAA AAG CAA TTT AAT GCC ACC ACA ATT CCA GAA AAT GAC ATA GAG AAG    3366
Gln Lys Gln Phe Asn Ala Thr Thr Ile Pro Glu Asn Asp Ile Glu Lys
            775                 780                 785

ACT GAC CCT TGG TTT GCA CAC AGA ACA CCT ATG CCT AAA ATA CAA AAT    3414
Thr Asp Pro Trp Phe Ala His Arg Thr Pro Met Pro Lys Ile Gln Asn
        790                 795                 800

GTC TCC TCT AGT GAT TTG TTG ATG CTC TTG CGA CAG AGT CCT ACT CCA    3462
Val Ser Ser Ser Asp Leu Leu Met Leu Leu Arg Gln Ser Pro Thr Pro
    805                 810                 815

CAT GGG CTA TCC TTA TCT GAT CTC CAA GAA GCC AAA TAT GAG ACT TTT    3510
His Gly Leu Ser Leu Ser Asp Leu Gln Glu Ala Lys Tyr Glu Thr Phe
820                 825                 830                 835
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TCT GAT GAT CCA TCA CCT GGA GCA ATA GAC AGT AAT AAC AGC CTG TCT     3558
Ser Asp Asp Pro Ser Pro Gly Ala Ile Asp Ser Asn Asn Ser Leu Ser
                840                 845                 850

GAA ATG ACA CAC TTC AGG CCA CAG CTC CAT CAC AGT GGG GAC ATG GTA     3606
Glu Met Thr His Phe Arg Pro Gln Leu His His Ser Gly Asp Met Val
            855                 860                 865

TTT ACC CCT GAG TCA GGC CTC CAA TTA AGA TTA AAT GAG AAA CTG GGG     3654
Phe Thr Pro Glu Ser Gly Leu Gln Leu Arg Leu Asn Glu Lys Leu Gly
        870                 875                 880

ACA ACT GCA GCA ACA GAG TTG AAG AAA CTT GAT TTC AAA GTT TCT AGT     3702
Thr Thr Ala Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys Lys Leu Asp Phe Lys Val Ser Ser
    885                 890                 895

ACA TCA AAT AAT CTG ATT TCA ACA ATT CCA TCA GAC AAT TTG GCA GCA     3750
Thr Ser Asn Asn Leu Ile Ser Thr Ile Pro Ser Asp Asn Leu Ala Ala
900                 905                 910                 915

GGT ACT GAT AAT ACA AGT TCC TTA GGA CCC CCA AGT ATG CCA GTT CAT     3798
Gly Thr Asp Asn Thr Ser Ser Leu Gly Pro Pro Ser Met Pro Val His
                920                 925                 930

TAT GAT AGT CAA TTA GAT ACC ACT CTA TTT GGC AAA AAG TCA TCT CCC     3846
Tyr Asp Ser Gln Leu Asp Thr Thr Leu Phe Gly Lys Lys Ser Ser Pro
            935                 940                 945

CTT ACT GAG TCT GGT GGA CCT CTG AGC TTG AGT GAA GAA AAT AAT GAT     3894
Leu Thr Glu Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Ser Leu Ser Glu Glu Asn Asn Asp
        950                 955                 960

TCA AAG TTG TTA GAA TCA GGT TTA ATG AAT AGC CAA GAA AGT TCA TGG     3942
Ser Lys Leu Leu Glu Ser Gly Leu Met Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Ser Trp
    965                 970                 975

GGA AAA AAT GTA TCG TCA ACA GAG AGT GGT AGG TTA TTT AAA GGG AAA     3990
Gly Lys Asn Val Ser Ser Thr Glu Ser Gly Arg Leu Phe Lys Gly Lys
980                 985                 990                 995

AGA GCT CAT GGA CCT GCT TTG TTG ACT AAA GAT AAT GCC TTA TTC AAA     4038
Arg Ala His Gly Pro Ala Leu Leu Thr Lys Asp Asn Ala Leu Phe Lys
                1000                1005                1010

GTT AGC ATC TCT TTG TTA AAG ACA AAC AAA ACT TCC AAT AAT TCA GCA     4086
Val Ser Ile Ser Leu Leu Lys Thr Asn Lys Thr Ser Asn Asn Ser Ala
            1015                1020                1025

ACT AAT AGA AAG ACT CAC ATT GAT GGC CCA TCA TTA TTA ATT GAG AAT     4134
Thr Asn Arg Lys Thr His Ile Asp Gly Pro Ser Leu Leu Ile Glu Asn
        1030                1035                1040

AGT CCA TCA GTC TGG CAA AAT ATA TTA GAA AGT GAC ACT GAG TTT AAA     4182
Ser Pro Ser Val Trp Gln Asn Ile Leu Glu Ser Asp Thr Glu Phe Lys
    1045                1050                1055
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AAA GTG ACA CCT TTG ATT CAT GAC AGA ATG CTT ATG GAC AAA AAT GCT    4230
Lys Val Thr Pro Leu Ile His Asp Arg Met Leu Met Asp Lys Asn Ala
1060                1065                1070                1075

ACA GCT TTG AGG CTA AAT CAT ATG TCA AAT AAA ACT ACT TCA TCA AAA    4278
Thr Ala Leu Arg Leu Asn His Met Ser Asn Lys Thr Thr Ser Ser Lys
                1080                1085                1090

AAC ATG GAA ATG GTC CAA CAG AAA AAA GAG GGC CCC ATT CCA CCA GAT    4326
Asn Met Glu Met Val Gln Gln Lys Lys Glu Gly Pro Ile Pro Pro Asp
            1095                1100                1105

GCA CAA AAT CCA GAT ATG TCG TTC TTT AAG ATG CTA TTC TTG CCA GAA    4374
Ala Gln Asn Pro Asp Met Ser Phe Phe Lys Met Leu Phe Leu Pro Glu
        1110                1115                1120

TCA GCA AGG TGG ATA CAA AGG ACT CAT GGA AAG AAC TCT CTG AAC TCT    4422
Ser Ala Arg Trp Ile Gln Arg Thr His Gly Lys Asn Ser Leu Asn Ser
    1125                1130                1135

GGG CAA GGC CCC AGT CCA AAG CAA TTA GTA TCC TTA GGA CCA GAA AAA    4470
Gly Gln Gly Pro Ser Pro Lys Gln Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Pro Glu Lys
1140                1145                1150                1155

TCT GTG GAA GGT CAG AAT TTC TTG TCT GAG AAA AAC AAA GTG GTA GTA    4518
Ser Val Glu Gly Gln Asn Phe Leu Ser Glu Lys Asn Lys Val Val Val
                1160                1165                1170

GGA AAG GGT GAA TTT ACA AAG GAC GTA GGA CTC AAA GAG ATG GTT TTT    4566
Gly Lys Gly Glu Phe Thr Lys Asp Val Gly Leu Lys Glu Met Val Phe
            1175                1180                1185

CCA AGC AGC AGA AAC CTA TTT CTT ACT AAC TTG GAT AAT TTA CAT GAA    4614
Pro Ser Ser Arg Asn Leu Phe Leu Thr Asn Leu Asp Asn Leu His Glu
        1190                1195                1200

AAT AAT ACA CAC AAT CAA GAA AAA AAA ATT CAG GAA GAA ATA GAA AAG    4662
Asn Asn Thr His Asn Gln Glu Lys Lys Ile Gln Glu Glu Ile Glu Lys
    1205                1210                1215

AAG GAA ACA TTA ATC CAA GAG AAT GTA GTT TTG CCT CAG ATA CAT ACA    4710
Lys Glu Thr Leu Ile Gln Glu Asn Val Val Leu Pro Gln Ile His Thr
1220                1225                1230                1235

GTG ACT GGC ACT AAG AAT TTC ATG AAG AAC CTT TTC TTA CTG AGC ACT    4758
Val Thr Gly Thr Lys Asn Phe Met Lys Asn Leu Phe Leu Leu Ser Thr
                1240                1245                1250

AGG CAA AAT GTA GAA GGT TCA TAT GAG GGG GCA TAT GCT CCA GTA CTT    4806
Arg Gln Asn Val Glu Gly Ser Tyr Glu Gly Ala Tyr Ala Pro Val Leu
            1255                1260                1265

CAA GAT TTT AGG TCA TTA AAT GAT TCA ACA AAT AGA ACA AAG AAA CAC    4854
Gln Asp Phe Arg Ser Leu Asn Asp Ser Thr Asn Arg Thr Lys Lys His
        1270                1275                1280
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ACA GCT CAT TTC TCA AAA AAA GGG GAG GAA GAA AAC TTG GAA GGC TTG    4902
Thr Ala His Phe Ser Lys Lys Gly Glu Glu Glu Asn Leu Glu Gly Leu
    1285                1290                1295

GGA AAT CAA ACC AAG CAA ATT GTA GAG AAA TAT GCA TGC ACC ACA AGG    4950
Gly Asn Gln Thr Lys Gln Ile Val Glu Lys Tyr Ala Cys Thr Thr Arg
1300                1305                1310                1315

ATA TCT CCT AAT ACA AGC CAG CAG AAT TTT GTC ACG CAA CGT AGT AAG    4998
Ile Ser Pro Asn Thr Ser Gln Gln Asn Phe Val Thr Gln Arg Ser Lys
                1320                1325                1330

AGA GCT TTG AAA CAA TTC AGA CTC CCA CTA GAA GAA ACA GAA CTT GAA    5046
Arg Ala Leu Lys Gln Phe Arg Leu Pro Leu Glu Glu Thr Glu Leu Glu
            1335                1340                1345

AAA AGG ATA ATT GTG GAT GAC ACC TCA ACC CAG TGG TCC AAA AAC ATG    5094
Lys Arg Ile Ile Val Asp Asp Thr Ser Thr Gln Trp Ser Lys Asn Met
        1350                1355                1360

AAA CAT TTG ACC CCG AGC ACC CTC ACA CAG ATA GAC TAC AAT GAG AAG    5142
Lys His Leu Thr Pro Ser Thr Leu Thr Gln Ile Asp Tyr Asn Glu Lys
    1365                1370                1375

GAG AAA GGG GCC ATT ACT CAG TCT CCC TTA TCA GAT TGC CTT ACG AGG    5190
Glu Lys Gly Ala Ile Thr Gln Ser Pro Leu Ser Asp Cys Leu Thr Arg
1380                1385                1390                1395

AGT CAT AGC ATC CCT CAA GCA AAT AGA TCT CCA TTA CCC ATT GCA AAG    5238
Ser His Ser Ile Pro Gln Ala Asn Arg Ser Pro Leu Pro Ile Ala Lys
                1400                1405                1410

GTA TCA TCA TTT CCA TCT ATT AGA CCT ATA TAT CTG ACC AGG GTC CTA    5286
Val Ser Ser Phe Pro Ser Ile Arg Pro Ile Tyr Leu Thr Arg Val Leu
            1415                1420                1425

TTC CAA GAC AAC TCT TCT CAT CTT CCA GCA GCA TCT TAT AGA AAG AAA    5334
Phe Gln Asp Asn Ser Ser His Leu Pro Ala Ala Ser Tyr Arg Lys Lys
        1430                1435                1440

GAT TCT GGG GTC CAA GAA AGC AGT CAT TTC TTA CAA GGA GCC AAA AAA    5382
Asp Ser Gly Val Gln Glu Ser Ser His Phe Leu Gln Gly Ala Lys Lys
    1445                1450                1455

AAT AAC CTT TCT TTA GCC ATT CTA ACC TTG GAG ATG ACT GGT GAT CAA    5430
Asn Asn Leu Ser Leu Ala Ile Leu Thr Leu Glu Met Thr Gly Asp Gln
1460                1465                1470                1475

AGA GAG GTT GGC TCC CTG GGG ACA AGT GCC ACA AAT TCA GTC ACA TAC    5478
Arg Glu Val Gly Ser Leu Gly Thr Ser Ala Thr Asn Ser Val Thr Tyr
                1480                1485                1490

AAG AAA GTT GAG AAC ACT GTT CTC CCG AAA CCA GAC TTG CCC AAA ACA    5526
Lys Lys Val Glu Asn Thr Val Leu Pro Lys Pro Asp Leu Pro Lys Thr
            1495                1500                1505
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TCT GGC AAA GTT GAA TTG CTT CCA AAA GTT CAC ATT TAT CAG AAG GAC    5574
Ser Gly Lys Val Glu Leu Leu Pro Lys Val His Ile Tyr Gln Lys Asp
        1510                1515                1520

CTA TTC CCT ACG GAA ACT AGC AAT GGG TCT CCT GGC CAT CTG GAT CTC    5622
Leu Phe Pro Thr Glu Thr Ser Asn Gly Ser Pro Gly His Leu Asp Leu
    1525                1530                1535

GTG GAA GGG AGC CTT CTT CAG GGA ACA GAG GGA GCG ATT AAG TGG AAT    5670
Val Glu Gly Ser Leu Leu Gln Gly Thr Glu Gly Ala Ile Lys Trp Asn
1540                1545                1550                1555

GAA GCA AAC AGA CCT GGA AAA GTT CCC TTT CTG AGA GTA GCA ACA GAA    5718
Glu Ala Asn Arg Pro Gly Lys Val Pro Phe Leu Arg Val Ala Thr Glu
                1560                1565                1570

AGC TCT GCA AAG ACT CCC TCC AAG CTA TTG GAT CCT CTT GCT TGG GAT    5766
Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Pro Ser Lys Leu Leu Asp Pro Leu Ala Trp Asp
            1575                1580                1585

AAC CAC TAT GGT ACT CAG ATA CCA AAA GAA GAG TGG AAA TCC CAA GAG    5814
Asn His Tyr Gly Thr Gln Ile Pro Lys Glu Glu Trp Lys Ser Gln Glu
        1590                1595                1600

AAG TCA CCA GAA AAA ACA GCT TTT AAG AAA AAG GAT ACC ATT TTG TCC    5862
Lys Ser Pro Glu Lys Thr Ala Phe Lys Lys Lys Asp Thr Ile Leu Ser
    1605                1610                1615

CTG AAC GCT TGT GAA AGC AAT CAT GCA ATA GCA GCA ATA AAT GAG GGA    5910
Leu Asn Ala Cys Glu Ser Asn His Ala Ile Ala Ala Ile Asn Glu Gly
1620                1625                1630                1635

CAA AAT AAG CCC GAA ATA GAA GTC ACC TGG GCA AAG CAA GGT AGG ACT    5958
Gln Asn Lys Pro Glu Ile Glu Val Thr Trp Ala Lys Gln Gly Arg Thr
                1640                1645                1650

GAA AGG CTG TGC TCT CAA AAC CCA CCA GTC TTG AAA CGC CAT CAA CGG    6006
Glu Arg Leu Cys Ser Gln Asn Pro Pro Val Leu Lys Arg His Gln Arg
            1655                1660                1665

GAA ATA ACT CGT ACT ACT CTT CAG TCA GAT CAA GAG GAA ATT GAC TAT    6054
Glu Ile Thr Arg Thr Thr Leu Gln Ser Asp Gln Glu Glu Ile Asp Tyr
        1670                1675                1680

GAT GAT ACC ATA TCA GTT GAA ATG AAG AAG GAA GAT TTT GAC ATT TAT    6102
Asp Asp Thr Ile Ser Val Glu Met Lys Lys Glu Asp Phe Asp Ile Tyr
    1685                1690                1695

GAT GAG GAT GAA AAT CAG AGC CCC CGC AGC TTT CAA AAG AAA ACA CGA    6150
Asp Glu Asp Glu Asn Gln Ser Pro Arg Ser Phe Gln Lys Lys Thr Arg
1700                1705                1710                1715

CAC TAT TTT ATT GCT GCA GTG GAG AGG CTC TGG GAT TAT GGG ATG AGT    6198
His Tyr Phe Ile Ala Ala Val Glu Arg Leu Trp Asp Tyr Gly Met Ser
                1720                1725                1730
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AGC TCC CCA CAT GTT CTA AGA AAC AGG GCT CAG AGT GGC AGT GTC CCT    6246
Ser Ser Pro His Val Leu Arg Asn Arg Ala Gln Ser Gly Ser Val Pro
            1735                1740                1745

CAG TTC AAG AAA GTT GTT TTC CAG GAA TTT ACT GAT GGC TCC TTT ACT    6294
Gln Phe Lys Lys Val Val Phe Gln Glu Phe Thr Asp Gly Ser Phe Thr
        1750                1755                1760

CAG CCC TTA TAC CGT GGA GAA CTA AAT GAA CAT TTG GGA CTC CTG GGG    6342
Gln Pro Leu Tyr Arg Gly Glu Leu Asn Glu His Leu Gly Leu Leu Gly
    1765                1770                1775

CCA TAT ATA AGA GCA GAA GTT GAA GAT AAT ATC ATG GTA ACT TTC AGA    6390
Pro Tyr Ile Arg Ala Glu Val Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Val Thr Phe Arg
1780                1785                1790                1795

AAT CAG GCC TCT CGT CCC TAT TCC TTC TAT TCT AGC CTT ATT TCT TAT    6438
Asn Gln Ala Ser Arg Pro Tyr Ser Phe Tyr Ser Ser Leu Ile Ser Tyr
                1800                1805                1810

GAG GAA GAT CAG AGG CAA GGA GCA GAA CCT AGA AAA AAC TTT GTC AAG    6486
Glu Glu Asp Gln Arg Gln Gly Ala Glu Pro Arg Lys Asn Phe Val Lys
            1815                1820                1825

CCT AAT GAA ACC AAA ACT TAC TTT TGG AAA GTG CAA CAT CAT ATG GCA    6534
Pro Asn Glu Thr Lys Thr Tyr Phe Trp Lys Val Gln His His Met Ala
        1830                1835                1840

CCC ACT AAA GAT GAG TTT GAC TGC AAA GCC TGG GCT TAT TTC TCT GAT    6582
Pro Thr Lys Asp Glu Phe Asp Cys Lys Ala Trp Ala Tyr Phe Ser Asp
    1845                1850                1855

GTT GAC CTG GAA AAA GAT GTG CAC TCA GGC CTG ATT GGA CCC CTT CTG    6630
Val Asp Leu Glu Lys Asp Val His Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Pro Leu Leu
1860                1865                1870                1875

GTC TGC CAC ACT AAC ACA CTG AAC CCT GCT CAT GGG AGA CAA GTG ACA    6678
Val Cys His Thr Asn Thr Leu Asn Pro Ala His Gly Arg Gln Val Thr
                1880                1885                1890

GTA CAG GAA TTT GCT CTG TTT TTC ACC ATC TTT GAT GAG ACC AAA AGC    6726
Val Gln Glu Phe Ala Leu Phe Phe Thr Ile Phe Asp Glu Thr Lys Ser
            1895                1900                1905

TGG TAC TTC ACT GAA AAT ATG GAA AGA AAC TGC AGG GCT CCC TGC AAT    6774
Trp Tyr Phe Thr Glu Asn Met Glu Arg Asn Cys Arg Ala Pro Cys Asn
        1910                1915                1920

ATC CAG ATG GAA GAT CCC ACT TTT AAA GAG AAT TAT CGC TTC CAT GCA    6822
Ile Gln Met Glu Asp Pro Thr Phe Lys Glu Asn Tyr Arg Phe His Ala
    1925                1930                1935

ATC AAT GGC TAC ATA ATG GAT ACA CTA CCT GGC TTA GTA ATG GCT CAG    6870
Ile Asn Gly Tyr Ile Met Asp Thr Leu Pro Gly Leu Val Met Ala Gln
1940                1945                1950                1955
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GAT CAA AGG ATT CGA TGG TAT CTG CTC AGC ATG GGC AGC AAT GAA AAC 6918
Asp Gln Arg Ile Arg Trp Tyr Leu Leu Ser Met Gly Ser Asn Glu Asn
1960 1965 1970

ATC CAT TCT ATT CAT TTC AGT GGA CAT GTG TTC ACT GTA CGA AAA AAA 6966
Ile His Ser Ile His Phe Ser Gly His Val Phe Thr Val Arg Lys Lys
1975 1980 1985

GAG GAG TAT AAA ATG GCA CTG TAC AAT CTC TAT CCA GGT GTT TTT GAG 7014
Glu Glu Tyr Lys Met Ala Leu Tyr Asn Leu Tyr Pro Gly Val Phe Glu
1990 1995 2000

ACA GTG GAA ATG TTA CCA TCC AAA GCT GGA ATT TGG CGG GTG GAA TGC 7062
Thr Val Glu Met Leu Pro Ser Lys Ala Gly Ile Trp Arg Val Glu Cys
2005 2010 2015

CTT ATT GGC GAG CAT CTA CAT GCT GGG ATG AGC ACA CTT TTT CTG GTG 7110
Leu Ile Gly Glu His Leu His Ala Gly Met Ser Thr Leu Phe Leu Val
2020 2025 2030 2035

TAC AGC AAT AAG TGT CAG ACT CCC CTG GGA ATG GCT TCT GGA CAC ATT 7158
Tyr Ser Asn Lys Cys Gln Thr Pro Leu Gly Met Ala Ser Gly His Ile
2040 2045 2050

AGA GAT TTT CAG ATT ACA GCT TCA GGA CAA TAT GGA CAG TGG GCC CCA 7206
Arg Asp Phe Gln Ile Thr Ala Ser Gly Gln Tyr Gly Gln Trp Ala Pro
2055 2060 2065

AAG CTG GCC AGA CTT CAT TAT TCC GGA TCA ATC AAT GCC TGG AGC ACC 7254
Lys Leu Ala Arg Leu His Tyr Ser Gly Ser Ile Asn Ala Trp Ser Thr
2070 2075 2080

AAG GAG CCC TTT TCT TGG ATC AAG GTG GAT CTG TTG GCA CCA ATG ATT 7302
Lys Glu Pro Phe Ser Trp Ile Lys Val Asp Leu Leu Ala Pro Met Ile
2085 2090 2095

ATT CAC GGC ATC AAG ACC CAG GGT GCC CGT CAG AAG TTC TCC AGC CTC 7350
Ile His Gly Ile Lys Thr Gln Gly Ala Arg Gln Lys Phe Ser Ser Leu
2100 2105 2110 2115

TAC ATC TCT CAG TTT ATC ATC ATG TAT AGT CTT GAT GGG AAG AAG TGG 7398
Tyr Ile Ser Gln Phe Ile Ile Met Tyr Ser Leu Asp Gly Lys Lys Trp
2120 2125 2130

CAG ACT TAT CGA GGA AAT TCC ACT GGA ACC TTA ATG GTC TTC TTT GGC 7446
Gln Thr Tyr Arg Gly Asn Ser Thr Gly Thr Leu Met Val Phe Phe Gly
2135 2140 2145

AAT GTG GAT TCA TCT GGG ATA AAA CAC AAT ATT TTT AAC CCT CCA ATT 7494
Asn Val Asp Ser Ser Gly Ile Lys His Asn Ile Phe Asn Pro Pro Ile
2150 2155 2160

ATT GCT CGA TAC ATC CGT TTG CAC CCA ACT CAT TAT AGC ATT CGC AGC 7542
Ile Ala Arg Tyr Ile Arg Leu His Pro Thr His Tyr Ser Ile Arg Ser
2165 2170 2175

ACT CTT CGC ATG GAG TTG ATG GGC TGT GAT TTA AAT AGT TGC AGC ATG 7590
Thr Leu Arg Met Glu Leu Met Gly Cys Asp Leu Asn Ser Cys Ser Met
2180 2185 2190 2195

CCA TTG GGA ATG GAG AGT AAA GCA ATA TCA GAT GCA CAG ATT ACT GCT 7638
Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Ser Lys Ala Ile Ser Asp Ala Gln Ile Thr Ala
2200 2205 2210

TCA TCC TAC TTT ACC AAT ATG TTT GCC ACC TGG TCT CCT TCA AAA GCT 7686
Ser Ser Tyr Phe Thr Asn Met Phe Ala Thr Trp Ser Pro Ser Lys Ala
2215 2220 2225

CGA CTT CAC CTC CAA GGG AGG AGT AAT GCC TGG AGA CCT CAG GTG AAT 7734
Arg Leu His Leu Gln Gly Arg Ser Asn Ala Trp Arg Pro Gln Val Asn
2230 2235 2240

AAT CCA AAA GAG TGG CTG CAA GTG GAC TTC CAG AAG ACA ATG AAA GTC 7782
Asn Pro Lys Glu Trp Leu Gln Val Asp Phe Gln Lys Thr Met Lys Val
2245 2250 2255

ACA GGA GTA ACT ACT CAG GGA GTA AAA TCT CTG CTT ACC AGC ATG TAT 7830
Thr Gly Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Val Lys Ser Leu Leu Thr Ser Met Tyr
2260 2265 2270 2275

GTG AAG GAG TTC CTC ATC TCC AGC AGT CAA GAT GGC CAT CAG TGG ACT 7878
Val Lys Glu Phe Leu Ile Ser Ser Ser Gln Asp Gly His Gln Trp Thr
2280 2285 2290

CTC TTT TTT CAG AAT GGC AAA GTA AAG GTT TTT CAG GGA AAT CAA GAC 7926
Leu Phe Phe Gln Asn Gly Lys Val Lys Val Phe Gln Gly Asn Gln Asp
2295 2300 2305

TCC TTC ACA CCT GTG GTG AAC TCT CTA GAC CCA CCG TTA CTG ACT CGC 7974
Ser Phe Thr Pro Val Val Asn Ser Leu Asp Pro Pro Leu Leu Thr Arg
2310 2315 2320

TAC CTT CGA ATT CAC CCC CAG AGT TGG GTG CAC CAG ATT GCC CTG AGG 8022
Tyr Leu Arg Ile His Pro Gln Ser Trp Val His Gln Ile Ala Leu Arg
2325 2330 2335

ATG GAG GTT CTG GGC TGC GAG GCA CAG GAC CTC TAC TGAGGGTGGC 8068
Met Glu Val Leu Gly Cys Glu Ala Gln Asp Leu Tyr
2340 2345 2350

CACTGCAGCA CCTGCCACTG CCGTCACCTC TCCCTCCTCA GCTCCAGGGC AGTGTCCCTC 8128

CCTGGCTTGC CTTCTACCTT TGTGCTAAAT CCTAGCAGAC ACTGCCTTGA AGCCTCCTGA 8188

ATTAACTATC ATCAGTCCTG CATTTCTTTG GTGGGGGGCC AGGAGGGTGC ATCCAATTTA 8248

ACTTAACTCT TACCTATTTT CTGCAGCTGC TCCCAGATTA CTCCTTCCTT CCAATATAAC 8308

TAGGCAAAAA GAAGTGAGGA GAAACCTGCA TGAAAGCATT CTTCCCTGAA AAGTTAGGCC 8368

TCTCAGAGTC ACCACTTCCT CTGTTGTAGA AAAACTATGT GATGAAACTT TGAAAAAGAT 8428

ATTTATGATG TTAACTTGTT TATTGCAGCT TATAATGGTT ACAAATAAAG CAATAGCATC 8488

ACAAATTTCA CAAATAAAGC ATTTTTTTCA CTGCATTCTA GTTGTGGTTT GTCCAAACTC 8548

ATCAATGTAT CTTATCATGT CTGGATCCCC GGGTGGCATC CCTGTGACCC CTCCCCAGTG 8608

CCTCTCCTGG CCCTGGAAGT TGCCACTCCA GTGCCCACCA GCCTTGTCCT AATAAAATTA 8668

AGTTGCATCA TTTTGTCTGA CTAGGTGTCC TTCTATAATA TTATGGGGTG GAGGGGGGTG 8728

GTATGGAGCA AGGGGCAAGT TGGGAAGACA ACCTGTAGGG CCTGCGGGGT CTATTCGGGA 8788

ACCAAGCTGG AGTGCAGTGG CACAATCTTG GCTCACTGCA ATCTCCGCCT CCTGGGTTCA 8848

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CAGCTAATTT TTGTTTTTTT GGTAGAGACG GGGTTTCACC ATATTGGCCA GGCTGGTCTC 8968

CAACTCCTAA TCTCAGGTGA TCTACCCACC TTGGCCTCCC AAATTGCTGG GATTACAGGC 9028

GTGAACCACT GCTCCCTTCC CTGTCCTTCT GATTTTAAAA TAACTATACC AGCAGGAGGA 9088

CGTCCAGACA CAGCATAGGC TACCTGCCAT GCCCAACCGG TGGGACATTT GAGTTGCTTG 9148

CTTGGCACTG TCCTCTCATG CGTTGGGTCC ACTCAGTAGA TGCCTGTTGA ATTCGTAATC 9208

ATGGTCATAG CTGTTTCCTG TGTGAAATTG TTATCCGCTC ACAATTCCAC ACAACATACG 9268

AGCCGGAAGC ATAAAGTGTA AAGCCTGGGG TGCCTAATGA GTGAGCTAAC TCACATTAAT 9328

TGCGTTGCGC TCACTGCCCG CTTTCCAGTC GGGAAACCTG TCGTGCCAGC TGCATTAATG 9388

AATCGGCCAA CGCGCGGGGA GAGGCGGTTT GCGTATTGGG CGCTCTTCCG CTTCCTCGCT 9448

CACTGACTCG CTGCGCTCGG TCGTTCGGCT GCGGCGAGCG GTATCAGCTC ACTCAAAGGC 9508

GGTAATACGG TTATCCACAG AATCAGGGGA TAACGCAGGA AAGAACATGT GAGCAAAAGG 9568

CCAGCAAAAG GCCAGGAACC GTAAAAAGGC CGCGTTGCTG GCGTTTTTCC ATAGGCTCCG 9628

CCCCCCTGAC GAGCATCACA AAAATCGACG CTCAAGTCAG AGGTGGCGAA ACCCGACAGG 9688

ACTATAAAGA TACCAGGCGT TTCCCCCTGG AAGCTCCCTC GTGCGCTCTC CTGTTCCGAC 9748

CCTGCCGCTT ACCGGATACC TGTCCGCCTT TCTCCCTTCG GGAAGCGTGG CGCTTTCTCA 9808

TAGCTCACGC TGTAGGTATC TCAGTTCGGT GTAGGTCGTT CGCTCCAAGC TGGGCTGTGT 9868

GCACGAACCC CCCGTTCAGC CCGACCGCTG CGCCTTATCC GGTAACTATC GTCTTGAGTC 9928

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TGGTAGCTCT TGATCCGGCA AACAAACCAC CGCTGGTAGC GGTGGTTTTT TTGTTTGCAA 10168

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ATATGAGTAA ACTTGGTCTG ACAGTTACCA ATGCTTAATC AGTGAGGCAC CTATCTCAGC 10408

GATCTGTCTA TTTCGTTCAT CCATAGTTGC CTGACTCCCC GTCGTGTAGA TAACTACGAT 10468

ACGGGAGGGC TTACCATCTG GCCCCAGTGC TGCAATGATA CCGCGAGACC CACGCTCACC 10528

GGCTCCAGAT TTATCAGCAA TAAACCAGCC AGCCGGAAGG GCCGAGCGCA GAAGTGGTCC 10588

TGCAACTTTA TCCGCCTCCA TCCAGTCTAT TAATTGTTGC CGGGAAGCTA GAGTAAGTAG 10648

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ATAGTGTATG CGGCGACCGA GTTGCTCTTG CCCGGCGTCA ATACGGGATA ATACCGCGCC 11008

ACATAGCAGA ACTTTAAAAG TGCTCATCAT TGGAAAACGT TCTTCGGGGC GAAAACTCTC 11068

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TTCAGCATCT TTTACTTTCA CCAGCGTTTC TGGGTGAGCA AAAACAGGAA GGCAAAATGC 11188

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TCGTCTCGCG CGTTTCGGTG ATGACGGTGA AAACCTCTGA CACATGCAGC TCCCGGAGAC 11488

GGTCACAGCT TGTCTGTAAG CGGATGCCGG GAGCAGACAA GCCCGTCAGG GCGCGTCAGC 11548

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AGTGCACCAT ATGCGGTGTG AAATACCGCA CAGATGCGTA AGGAGAAAAT ACCGCATCAG 11668

GCGCCATTCG CCATTCAGGC TGCGCAACTG TTGGGAAGGG CGATCGGTGC GGGCCTCTTC 11728

GCTATTACGC CAGCTGGCGA AAGGGGGATG TGCTGCAAGG CGATTAAGTT GGGTAACGCC 11788

AGGGTTTTCC CAGTCACGAC GTTGTAAAAC GACGGCCAGT GCCAAGCTTG GGCTGCAG 11846

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 211 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

ATTGAACCAA GAAGCTTCTC CCAGGTAAGT TGCTAATAAA GCTTGGCAAG AGTATTTCAA 60

GGAAGATGAA GTCATTAACT ATGCAAAATG CTTCTCAGGC ACCTAGGAAA ATGAGGATGT 120

GAGGCATTTC TACCCACTTG GTACATAAAA TTATTGCTTT TCCTCTTCTT TTTTTCTCCA 180

GAACCCACCA GTCTTGAAAC GCCATCAACG G 211

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 126 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

GTTGGTATCC TTTTTACAGC ACAACTTAAT GAGACAGATA GAAACTGGTC TTGTAGAAAC 60

AGAGTAGTCG CCTGCTTTTC TGCCAGGTGC TGACTTCTCT CCCCTGGGCT GTTTTCATTT 120

TCTCAG 126

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 126 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

GTAAGTATCC TTTTTACAGC ACAACTTAAT GAGACAGATA GAAACTGGTC TTGTAGAAAC 60

AGAGTAGTCG CCTGCTTTTC TGCCAGGTGC TGACTTCTCT CCCCTTCTCT TTTTTCCTTT 120

TCTCAG 126

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 10 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

GCCACCAUGG 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 100 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

AGGTTAATTT TTAAAAAGCA GTCAAAAGTC CAAGTGGCCC TTGCGAGCAT TTACTCTCTC 60

TGTTTGCTCT GGTTAATAAT CTCAGGAGCA CAAACATTCC 100

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 223 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

CTTTCTCTTT TCTTTTACAT GAAGGGTCTG GCAGCCAAAG CAATCACTCA AAGTTCAAAC 60

CTTATCATTT TTTGCTTTGT TCCTCTTGGC CTTGGTTTTG TACATCAGCT TTGAAAATAC 120

CATCCCAGGG TTAATGCTGG GGTTAATTTA TAACTAAGAG TGCTCTAGTT TTGCAATACA 180

GGACATGCTA TAAAAATGGA AAGATGTTGC TTTCTGAGAG ATA 223

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 90 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

AGAUCUCGAG AAAGCUAACA ACAAAGAACA ACAAACAACA AUCAGGAUAA CAAGAACGAA 60

ACAAUAACAG CCACCAUGGA AAUAGAGCUC 90